

CAD to be at sustainable levels: Das

Cautions start-ups on risk build-up

ABHJIT LELE
Mumbai, 9 June

Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Governor Shaktikanta Das on Thursday said the current account deficit (CAD) will be sustainable and may be financed by normal capital inflows.

India's CAD widened to \$23 billion in the third quarter (Q3) of 2021-22 (FY22). This was 2.7 per cent of the country's gross domestic product (GDP) due to higher trade deficit. CAD was \$99 billion (1.3 per cent of GDP) in the second quarter of FY22 and \$2.2 billion (0.3 per cent of GDP) a year ago (Q3 of 2020-21).

Das in his statement on the June monetary policy review had said optimism about



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SHAKTIKANTA DAS, RBI governor

exchange reserves were of the order of \$601.1 billion, supplemented by healthy levels of net forward assets of the RBI. With global crude oil prices surging above \$100 per barrel

—first time since 2014—there are concerns over CAD widening beyond sustainable levels.

According to rating agency ICRA, CAD is expected to reach \$95-100 billion (2.7 per cent of GDP) in 2022-23, from the estimated \$41.5-43.5 billion in FY22 (1.3 per cent of GDP).

Speaking at an event organised by the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, Das reiterated the central bank's views on cryptocurrency, saying there are risks to financial stability.

"As far as the government is concerned, I cannot reply. The government has announced it will come out with a discussion paper. The RBI has conveyed its views to the government. The RBI is very clear about the huge risks to financial stability," he said, while answering a question on the RBI vision of the use of cryptocurrency by the government for paying taxes, along with procurement.

As for new opportunities and challenges in businesses and start-ups, the RBI governor said "they should constantly evaluate the build-up of risks and vulnerabilities in their businesses". Many of them may be coming at an event organised by the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, Das reiterated the central bank's views on cryptocurrency, saying there are risks to financial stability.

'Will list subsidiaries at opportune time'

State Bank of India (SBI), which saw healthy loan demand from the corporate sector in the fourth quarter (Q4) of 2021-22 (FY22), expects loan growth to improve in the current fiscal year (2022-23, or FY23).

DINESH KUMAR KHARA, chairman, SBI, in an interview to Manojit Saha details the bank's plans to navigate a rising interest-rate environment. Edited excerpts:



Q&A
DINESH KUMAR KHARA
Chairman, SBI

SBI's loan growth for FY22 was higher than the system growth. Q4 also saw good demand for corporate loans. Two months into FY23, do you see the trend on corporate loan demand continuing?

Certainly. It was mainly due to better utilisation of working capital limits by large corporates and availing of term loan facilities. We have a healthy conduit of proposals for corporate loans under review. These augur well for corporate credit growth. As and when we see capacity utilisation levels improve beyond a threshold, it will need better utilisation of working capital.

Our retail engine continues to do well. We will have corporate support.

Do you expect better credit growth in FY23? We expect credit growth to be at the same levels, if not better.

Do you think the retail credit growth momentum will sustain. Interest rate hikes notwithstanding?

We have seen positive trends in terms of retail loan growth. When it comes to retail loans, the borrower will also look at the equated monthly instalment to net annual income ratio. During inflationary times, salaries increase as well. If loans are contracted at a particular rate of interest, it makes sense for borrowers to create an asset by increasing leverage. Asset prices keep increasing during inflationary conditions, whereas repayment obligation remains constant or increases marginally. To that extent, it is beneficial to the borrower to create assets by increasing leverage.

Coming to asset quality, there are reports of layoffs and attrition in technology-related sectors. Many working in these sectors availed of loans via the Yono application. What kind of asset quality pressure do you see from the salaried class?

These loans were given to corporate salary package customers — a very significant part comprises government and public sector employees, and defence personnel. The kind of stress you indicated we did not witness. When we look at the quality of our retail loan book, the non-performing asset percentage is low. We do not envisage any challenge to our retail loan book.

The second is the small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) sector. SBI's loan growth in this sector was around 28 per cent compound annual growth rate in the past three years. Several factors have impacted its volumes. What kind of stress do you see from the SME sector?

Our experience does not suggest that. We have been very careful in terms of ensuring credit quality of the bank remains superior. We have indicated that if we visualise any indication of stress, we'd rather provide for such stress before we are mandated in terms of regulatory support. That is why our provision coverage ratio is over 90 per cent. We have built in enough cushion on the balance sheet.

SBI's capital adequacy ratio (CAR) at the end of Q4FY22 was 13.83 per cent. Do you see the need to raise equity capital in FY23, given the kind of growth the bank will have?

We will do a call. Given the kind of growth we are visualising, we are well-equipped to support that kind of growth with the current CAR. If required, we can raise tier I, II bonds,

WE HAVE A HEALTHY CONDUIT OF PROPOSALS FOR CORPORATE LOANS UNDER REVIEW

ALMOST 75% OF OUR LOANS ARE LINKED TO THE MARGINAL COST OF FUNDS-BASED LENDING RATE, EXTERNAL BENCHMARK-BASED LENDING RATE OR REPO. WE ARE BETTER PLACED IN TERMS OF MARGINS

IN A RISING INTEREST-RATE SCENARIO, IT IS BENEFICIAL FOR THE BORROWER TO CREATE ASSETS BY INCREASING LEVERAGE

depending on how the situation plays out. We have not gone to the board for any kind of proposal for a capital raise.

Are you looking to list some of your subsidiaries — SBI Mutual Fund or SBI General Insurance — in FY23?

We have nurtured the subsidiaries over a period of time. We will take them to the markets at an opportune time. We will scout for capital for those pockets, but I don't want to compromise when it comes to listing such entities at a time when they may not fetch the right price.

Do you think net interest margins can improve further in a rising interest-rate scenario?

Almost 75 per cent of our loans are linked to the marginal cost of funds-based lending rate, external benchmark-based lending rate or repo. That way a rising interest-rate scenario turns out to be beneficial to banks that have a floating rate of interest, compared to a fixed one. We are well placed in that context.

With bond yields rising, how do you see the treasury performing? Is there any discussion with the regulator for some dispensation like amortising losses over a few quarters?

No, there is no such discussion. The Reserve Bank of India has given 23 per cent of net demand and time liabilities into the held-to-maturity category. In a rising

interest-rate scenario when yields are increasing, the given asset placed on the banking system to earn better yields, and also withstand mark-to-market losses which might be there in the available-for-sale (AFS) book.

If we witness decent credit growth, we will be in a position to shrink our AFS book.

Last year, we had provided for security receipts of nearly \$3,600 crore. This year, we do not have any such obligation.

₹ slips to fresh low of 77.77/\$

MANOJIT SAHA
Mumbai, 9 June

The rupee closed at a fresh low for a second consecutive day after it settled at 77.77 per dollar before going to 77.81 per dollar in intraday deals as risk-averse investors continue to pull out from emerging markets amid surging crude oil prices.

After flat opening, the Indian currency hit day's low of 77.81/\$ as compared to the previous close of 77.4/\$.

"Sword is still hanging on the rupee amid persistent FII's selling from EM's leading to Asian currencies weakening, elevated oil prices, and revised upward inflationary pressure for coming quarters," said Amit Pabari, managing director, CR Forex.

The Indian currency came under pressure after the US Federal Reserve started to tighten monetary policy to tackle high inflation. All major global currencies are facing inflationary pressure due to supply-side issues and surge in oil prices following the Russian invasion of Ukraine in late February.

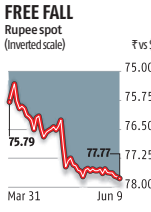
The rupee depreciated over 2.5 per cent in the current fiscal year. The central bank has been intervening aggressively which slowed the pace of rupee's depreciation.

"The only ray of hope for rupee presently will remain RBI who has actively and aggressively participated to protect rupee from the heat so far," Pabari said.

Analysts expect there could be pressure on rupee as the current account deficit is likely to widen after global crude oil price went past above \$100/bbl — first time after 2014.

India's current account deficit (CAD) widened to \$23 billion in the third quarter ended December 2021 (Q3FY22), which was 2.7 per cent of the country's gross domestic product (GDP) due to higher trade deficit.

While announcing the monetary policy review on Wednesday, RBI Governor Shaktikanta Das said exports of both goods and services and remittances should help contain the current account deficit (CAD) at a sustainable level, which can be financed by normal capital flows.



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CAD may hit 3-yr high of \$43.8 billion in FY22

The current account deficit (CAD) is likely to hit a three-year high of 1.8 per cent of \$43.8 billion in FY22, as against a surplus of 0.9 per cent or \$23.91 billion in FY21, a report by India Ratings said on Thursday.

According to an assessment, the CAD has moderated to \$17.3 billion or 1.96 per cent of GDP in the fourth

quarter of FY22 as against \$8.2 billion or 1.03 per cent of the country's gross domestic product, and massively down from \$23.02 billion or 2.74 per cent in Q3, which was a 13-quarter high. The improvement is due to the remarkable improvement in merchandise exports in FY22 when it grew 42.4 per cent against a negative 7.5 per cent in Covid-hit FY21. **PI**

SAHARA MUTUAL FUND
Sahara Asset Management Company Private Limited
CIN No: U65991MH1995PTC155207
Investment Manager to Sahara Mutual Fund. SEBI Regn No: MF030/96/0 Corporate Office: 97-98, Third Floor, Atlanta, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400 021 | Tel: 022 22047197
Email: saharasmf@saahramutual.com website: www.saharamutual.com

WINDING UP OF SAHARA MUTUAL FUND
In line with the directions of SEBI, Association of Mutual Funds of India (AMFI) has been entrusted with safekeeping of the unclaimed amounts of unit holders of erstwhile Sahara Mutual Fund. These amounts relate to dividend/redemptions under all schemes and payment of winding up proceeds of 11 schemes which have been withheld on account of Non-PAN / Non KYC status.

The website of the AMC www.saharamutual.com provides data of folios relating to each of the following categories (a) Non-PAN/ Non-KYC folios (b) Unclaimed Dividend (c) Unclaimed Redemption. The unit holder/s can also verify the KYC status of their PAN through the link <https://www.karykya.com/UPanSearchGlobalWithPanExempt.aspx> under "CHECK CURRENT KYC STATUS". The KYC form is also available on the website. Unit holders are requested to note that the unclaimed amounts would be paid only upon KYC compliance / completion of documentation in all respects. Unit holders have to mandatorily submit the copy of the cheque with their name printed on it while submitting their requests / claims.

Unit holders of erstwhile Sahara Mutual Fund are henceforth required to contact the registrar and transfer agent (RTA) KFin Technologies Limited (KFinTech) for all future correspondence with regards to their investments.

Unit holders of erstwhile Sahara Mutual Fund are requested to contact / send their documents to KFin Technologies Limited, 9th Floor, Capital Towers, 180, Kodambakkam High Road Nungambakam, Chennai - 600034/ email to kamatishwaran.b@kfin.tech.com / Contact M: +91 9840071761 in future.

On behalf of the Board
For Sahara Asset Management Company Private Limited
Sd/-
Compliance Officer

Place : Mumbai
Date : 09/06/2022
Mutual Fund Investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.

NSE National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Nifty50
CIN : U67120MH1992PLC069769
Regd. Office : Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kuria Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051. Tel: +91 22 26598100
E-mail: secretarialdept@nse.co.in / Website: www.nseindia.com

PUBLIC NOTICE - 30TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

In view of the continuing COVID 19 pandemic, Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide General Circulars dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 14, 2021 and May 05, 2022 respectively and SEBI vide Circulars dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021 and May 13, 2022 respectively issued clarification/relaxation on holding the Annual General Meeting through Video Conference (VC) or other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) and other incidental matters in connection with the same. The aforesaid is hereinafter collectively referred to as "Circulars".

In Compliance with the aforesaid circulars, the 30th AGM of the Members of the Company is scheduled to be held at 11.00 a.m. (IST) on Tuesday, July 12, 2022, through VC/OAVM facility as provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) to transact the business as set out in the Notice convening the AGM.

The e-Copy of Integrated Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22 along with the Notice of the AGM, Financial Statements and other Statutory Reports will be available on the website of the Company at www.nseindia.com and on the website of NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com.

Members can attend and participate in the AGM through the VC/OAVM facility ONLY, the details of which will be provided by the Company in the Notice of the Meeting. Members attending the Meeting through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Notice of the AGM along with the Integrated Annual Report 2021-22 will be sent electronically in due course to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/ Depository Participants ("DPs"). As a green initiative, Company encourages members to receive/ access e-Copy of Annual Report. However, hard copy of the Annual Report can be provided to those shareholders who request for the same.

Members who have not yet registered/updated their email addresses are requested to contact the respective depository participants and update their email ID as well as their Bank details for receiving electronic credit of the dividends in their Bank accounts directly.

The Company is pleased to provide remote e-voting facility ("remote e-voting") of NSDL to all its Members to cast their votes electronically before the AGM on resolutions set out in the Notice of the AGM. Additionally, the Company shall also provide the facility of voting through remote e-voting system during the Meeting. Detailed procedure and instructions for remote e-voting before/ during the AGM will be provided in the Notice of the AGM to be circulated in due course.

Pursuant to the Finance Act, 2020, dividend income is taxable in the hands of the Members and the Company is required to deduct tax at source ("TDS") from dividend paid to the Members at rates prescribed in the Income Tax Act, 1961 (the "IT Act"). In general, to enable compliance with TDS requirements, Members are requested to complete and/or update their Residential Status, PAN, Category as per the IT Act with their DPs. Email Communication in support of the same was made to shareholders by Link Intime India Private Limited, Registrar & Transfer Agent.

For National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Sd/-
Rohit Gupte
Company Secretary
Place : Mumbai
Date: June 10, 2022

CIL floats maiden import tender for 2.4 mt of coal

SHREYAJI
New Delhi, 9 June

For the first time ever, Coal India (CIL) has issued tender for purchasing imported coal for power generating companies (gencons) in the wake of the Centre directing it to meet the shortfall in the domestic coal supply chain.

CIL has called for bids to supply 2.4 million tonnes (mt) of coal to be delivered for the July to September 2022 period. The estimated value of the contract is \$3,100 crore. CIL said in the tender document.

The imported coal would be supplied to state government-owned gencons and independent power producers (IPPs), 1.2 mt each. The IPPs include Sembcorp Energy, J.P. Power, Avantha Power, Larsen & Toubro, GMR, CESC, Vedanta Power, Jindal India Thermal, among others. The states that will receive imported coal for their generating stations are Punjab, Gujarat, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu, Jharkhand and Madhya Pradesh.

Last month, the power ministry directed CIL to import coal for state and private gencons. This came two weeks after state and private gencons were told to import coal for 10 per cent blending, but were later asked to keep their

tenders 'in abeyance'. Several states expressed reluctance to import coal and asked for CIL to arrange the dry fuel from global markets.

But against the estimated demand of 38-40 mt from state and private gencons for blending, the total demand received by the CIL is 2.4 mt. CIL executives said in the tender document, only this quantity would be imported, as this is the final and only demand that has come to it.

In a statement, CIL said, after the price discovery, it would immediately execute a contract with the successful bidder for supply of coal. "Then the state-owned coal miner shall enter into a back to back agreement with state gencons and IPPs to whom coal has to be supplied," it said.

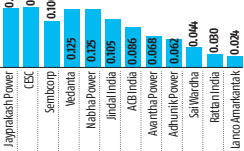
Central government-owned NTPC is in the process of issuing tenders for 20 mt to meet its imported coal blending target. Business Standard recently reported that NTPC has awarded 6.25 mt of imported coal tender worth \$8,300 crore to Adani Enterprises.

Due to the high cost of imported coal, power tariff from NTPC units is scheduled to go up by at least 50-70 paise. This will have to be borne by consumers. As far as state and private gencons are concerned, they will need

regulatory approval for transferring the additional cost of imported coal on to consumers. Involving Section II of the Act again, the power ministry last week allowed state and private units to charge a compensation tariff in lieu of importing coal.

The coal ministry, on the other hand, has questioned the concerns over coal shortage in the coming months saying there is enough domestic stock available and it is up to power generators to stock up before the monsoon months. Senior coal ministry officials said there is a stock of 20 mt with power plants which is enough for nine days of operations.

PRIVATE FIRMS Mnt



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मुंबई, शुक्रवार, १० जून २०२२★

रुपयाचा ऐतिहासिक तळ

चार सत्रातील घसरणीतून सावरत ‘सेन्सेक्स’ची ४२५ अंश उसळी

लोकसत्ता व्यापार प्रतिनिधी

मुंबई : जागतिक पातळीवर खनिज तेलाच्या वाढत्या किमती आणि परकीय गुंतवणुकीचे निर्गमन या परिणामी गुरुवारच्या सत्रात रुपया डॉलरच्या तुलनेत आणखी ८ पैशांनी घसरत ७७.७६ रुपये पातळीवर गडगडून स्थिरावला. त्यानंतर ७७.८१ हा ऐतिहासिक नीचांकी तळही त्याने दाखविला. बुधवारच्या सत्रात रुपया ७७.६८ पातळीवर स्थिरावला होता. मात्र गुरुवारी सेन्सेक्स चार सत्रातील घसरणीतून सावताना दिसला.

आंतरबँक परकीय चलन बाजारात गुरुवारच्या सत्रात रुपयाने ७७.७४ या नीचांकापासूनच व्यवहारास सुरुवात केली. परदेशी गुंतवणूकदारांकडून समभाग विक्रीचा मारा सुरूच असल्याने आशियातील प्रमुख भांडवली बाजारात निर्देशांकांची घसरण कायम आहे. त्या परिणामी सर्वच आशियाई चलने अमेरिकी डॉलरच्या तुलनेत कमजोर झाली आहेत. बुधवारी रिझर्व्ह बँकेकडून रेपो दरात अर्ध्या टक्क्यांची



वाढ करण्यात आली. सलग दोन महिन्यांच्या काळात रिझर्व्ह बँकेने रेपो दरात ०.९० टक्क्यांची वाढ केली. बरोबरीने चलनातील घसरणीला रोखण्यासाठीही मध्यवर्ती बँकेचा सक्रियपणे हस्तक्षेप वाढेल, हाच सध्यातरी रुपयासाठी आशेचा एकमेव किरण आहे, अशी प्रतिक्रिया सीआर फरिक्स अॅडव्हायझर्सचे व्यवस्थापकीय संचालक अमित पावारी यांनी व्यक्त केली.

युंकेन युद्ध सुरूच असल्याने त्याच्यासह उच्च चलनवाढीने एकूण जागतिक अर्थव्यवस्थेपुढे मंदीचे आव्हान उभे केले आहे. त्यामुळे सुरक्षित आश्रय आणि चिरंतन पर्याय म्हणून डॉलर मालमतांकडे जागतिक

गुंतवणूकदारांचा ओढा वाढला आहे. अन्य सर्व जागतिक चलनांच्या तुलनेत अमेरिकी डॉलरची मजबुती ही रुपयाच्या मूल्यालाही मारक ठरली आहे.

‘सेन्सेक्स’ची झेप

मुंबई : जागतिक पातळीवरील प्रतिकूल संकेताकडे दुर्लक्ष करत, रिलायन्स इंडस्ट्रीज, भारती एअरटेल आणि डेक महिंद्र या आघाडीच्या समभागात गुंतवणूकदारांनी खरेदीचा सपाटा लावल्याने गुरुवारी भांडवली बाजारात ‘सेन्सेक्स’ला ४२७ अंशांच्या उसळीचे बळ मिळवून दिले.

दिवसअखेर मुंबई शेअर बाजाराचा निर्देशांक सेन्सेक्स ४२७.७९ अंशांनी वधारून ५५,३२०.२८ पातळीवर बंद झाला. गुरुवारच्या सत्रात सेन्सेक्सने ५५,३६६.८४ अंशांच्या उच्चांकी पातळीला स्पर्श केला, तर सत्रादरम्यान त्याचा नीचांक ५४,५०७.४१ अंश असा होता. राष्ट्रीय शेअर बाजाराचा निर्देशांक निफ्टीमध्ये १२१.८५ अंशांची वाढ झाली आणि तो १६,४७८.१०

पातळीवर स्थिरावला.

पुरवठा साखळीतील व्यत्यय आणि वाढती महागाई यामुळे अमेरिकी फेडरल रिझर्व्हच्या बैठकीकडे सर्वांचे लक्ष लागले आहे. देशांतर्गत अर्थव्यवस्थेतही एकीकडे करसंकलन वाढत असले तरी, सरकारचा अनुदानावरील खर्च वाढल्याने भांडवली खर्चात कपात होण्याची शक्यता आहे. तथापि या अनिश्चिततांकडे दुर्लक्ष करीत गेल्या काही महिन्यांपासून देशांतर्गत गुंतवणूकदारांमध्ये खरेदीचा उत्साह कायम आहे. तर परदेशी संस्थात्मक गुंतवणूकदारांकडून अत्याहतपणे समभाग विक्रीचा मारा कायम आहे, असे निरीक्षण एलकेपी रिक्युरिटीजचे संशोधनप्रमुख एस रमनाथन म्हणाले.

सेन्सेक्समध्ये डॉ. रेड्डीज, रिलायन्स इंडस्ट्रीज, भारती एअरटेल, टेक महिंद्र, सन फार्मा आणि कोटक महिंद्र बँक यांचे समभाग सर्वाधिक तेजीत होते. दुसरीकडे टाटा स्टील, एनटीपीसी, स्टेट बँक आणि बजाज फायनान्सच्या समभागात प्रत्येकी ३.८१ टक्क्यांपर्यंत घसरण झाली.

अर्थसत्ता

सेन्सेक्स : ५५,३२०.२८ ▲ ४२७.७९ (+०.७८%) | निफ्टी : ९६,४७८.९० ▲ ९२९.८५ (+०.७४%) | डॉलर/₹ : ७७.७६ ▲०८ पैसे | तेल/ \$: ९२३.४२ ▼ ०.९३%

‘एचडीएफसी’चे गृहकर्ज महागले



मुंबई : देशातील सर्वांत मोठी गृह वित्त कंपनी ‘एचडीएफसी लिमिटेड’ने गुरुवारी तिच्या प्रधान ऋण दरात ५० आधार बिंदू (अर्धा टक्के) वाढ करीत असल्याची घोषणा केली, ज्याच्या परिणामी कंपनीच्या विद्यमान कर्जदारांना वाढीव हप्त्याचा (ईएमआय) ताण सोसावा लागणार आहे. ही व्याजदर वाढ १० जून २०२२ पासून लागू झाली आहे. ‘एचडीएफसी’ने एका महिन्यात सलग चौथ्यांदा गृहकर्जाचे दर वाढवले आहेत. बँकेने १ जून रोजी व्याजदरात पाच आधार बिंदूची वाढ केली होती. तर त्याआधी ९ मे आणि २ मे रोजी बँकेने व्याजदरात अनुक्रमे ०.३० टक्के ०.०५ टक्क्यांची वाढ केली होती.

कोटक बँकेकडून ठेवदरात वाढ

मुंबई : खासगी क्षेत्रातील कोटक महिंद्र बँकेने बचत खाते आणि ठेवींवरील व्याजदरात गुरुवारी वाढ करीत असल्याची घोषणा केली आहे. नवीन व्याजदर वाढ येत्या १३ जूनपासून लागू होणार आहे. बचत खात्यातील ५० लाख रुपयांपेक्षा अधिक रकम असणाऱ्या खात्यांना आता अर्धा टक्का अधिक म्हणजे ४ टक्के दराने व्याज दिले जाणार आहे. तर मुदत ठेवींवरील व्याजदरात १० ते २५ आधार बिंदूची वाढ बँकेने केली आहे.

‘इक्विटी फंडां’ना पसंती

मे महिन्यात १८,५०० कोटींच्या गुंतवणुकीची भर

लोकसत्ता व्यापार प्रतिनिधी

मुंबई : युंकेन-रशिया युद्ध आणि त्या परिणामी महागाईचा आगडोंब आणि शेअर बाजारातील अस्थिरता असताना, समभागसंलग्न अर्थात इक्विटी म्युचुअल फंडांनी सलग १५व्या महिन्यात गुंतवणूकदारांमध्ये पसंतीक्रम कायम राखून, सरलेल्या मे महिन्यात १८,५२९ कोटी रुपयांची निव्वळ भर नोंदविली. एप्रिलमधील १५,८९० कोटी रुपयांच्या नक्त प्रवाहाच्या तुलनेतील या लक्षणीय वाढीत शिस्तबद्ध गुंतवणुकीच्या ‘एसआयपी’ सुविधेच्या वापरावरील गुंतवणूकदारांच्या वाढत्या विश्वासाचेही योगदान राहिले, असे असोसिएशन ऑफ म्युचुअल फंड इन इंडियाने (अॅम्फी) गुरुवारी प्रसिद्ध केलेल्या आकडेवारीतून दिसून आले.

मार्च २०२१ पासून म्हणजे सलग १५ महिने इक्विटी योजनांमध्ये नक्त ओघ आधीच्या महिन्याच्या तुलनेत वाढत आला आहे, ज्यामुळे गुंतवणूकदारांमध्ये समभाग गुंतवणुकीविषयी सकारात्मक भावना दिसून येत आहे. याआधी, जुलै २०२० ते फेब्रुवारी २०२१ या आठ महिन्यांत समभागसंलग्न योजनांमधून निरंतर निर्गुंतवणुकीतून, एकूण ४६,७९१ कोटी रुपयांची गळती दिसून आली होती.

सर्व समभागसंलग्न योजनांतील सर्व श्रेणींमध्ये मे महिन्यातील प्रवाह सकारात्मक राहिला असून फ्लेसी-कॅंप फंड श्रेणी ही २,९३९ कोटी रुपयांच्या निव्वळ ओघासह सर्वांत मोठी लाभार्थी ठरली. याशिवाय, लार्ज-कॅंप, लार्ज व मिड-कॅंप फंड आणि सेक्टरल/ थीमॅटिक फंडांनी

शिस्तबद्ध गुंतवणुकीच्या ‘एसआयपी’ (सिस्टॅमॅटिक इन्व्हेस्टमेंट प्लॅन) पध्दतीद्वारे म्युचुअल फंडांतील ओघ उतरोत्तर वाढतच असून, एप्रिलमधील ९९,८६३ कोटी रथायांच्या पातळीवरून तो वाढून मे महिन्यात ९२,२८६ कोटी रथायांच्या उच्चांकी पातळीवर गेला आहे. ‘एसआयपी’ ओघ मासिक ९०,००० कोटीपेक्षा जास्त राहाण्याचा हा सलग नवाव महिना आहे. सप्टेंबर २०२९ मध्ये सर्वप्रथम ९० हजारपेुढे म्हणजेच, ९०,३५९ कोटी रथये ‘एसआयपी’मार्फत गुंतविले गेले होते.

“ किरकोळ गुंतवणूकदारांची दीर्घकालीन बचतीसाठी ‘एसआयपी’सारख्या शिस्तबद्ध पध्दतीने समभागसंलग्न (इक्विटी) आणि हायब्रीड मालमता पर्यायांना पसंती कायम दिसून येते. त्याच वेळी व्याजदर वाढीच्या परिस्थितीत लिक्विड आणि ओव्हरनाइट फंडांसारख्या निश्चित उत्पन्न मालमता योजनांकडे त्यांचा ओढा वाढत असल्याचे दिसत आहे.

- एन एस व्यंकटेश, मुख्य कार्यकारी, अॅम्फी

प्रत्येकी २,२०० कोटी रुपयांहून अधिक नक्त गुंतवणूक मिळविली. ‘एसआयपी’मधील सातत्यपूर्ण प्रवाह हा समभागसंलग्न योजनांतील नक्त सकारात्मक गुंतवणुकीच्या पथ्यावर पडला आहे. सध्याच्या अस्थिर परिस्थितीतही त्यात फरक पडलेला नसून, समभागसंलग्न योजनांनाबाबत किरकोळ गुंतणूकदारांमधील स्वार्स्य कायम असल्याचे दिसून येते. नवीन गुंतवणुकीचा प्रवाह सर्व श्रेणींमध्ये सारखाच विभागलेला व चांगलाच वैविध्यपूर्ण आहे, हेही विशेषच, अशी प्रतिक्रिया मोतीलाल ओशवाल एएमसीचे मुख्य व्यवसाय अधिकारी अखिल चल्तुव्दी यांनी आकडेवारी बोलताना दिली. मूल्यांकन चढे असूनही भारताचा भांडवली बाजार सर्व उभरल्या बाजारपेठांच्या तुलनेत गुंतवणूकदारांसाठी एक आकर्षक पर्याय आहे, हेच यातून अधोरेखित होते असे मॉर्निंगस्टार इंडियाच्या वरिष्ठ विश्लेषक कविता कुष्णन

यांनी सांगितले.

समभागसंलग्न योजनांव्यतिरिक्त, गोल्ट्द एक्सेन्ज ट्रेडेड फंड (इटीएफ) श्रेणीमध्ये २०३ कोटी रुपयांचा ओघ दिसून आला. दुसरीकडे, मे महिन्यात रोखेसंलग्न (डेट) योजनांतून ३२,७२२ कोटी रुपये गुंतवणूकदारांनी काढून घेतले, त्या आधीच्या एप्रिल महिन्यात या योजनांमध्ये ६९,८८३ कोटी रुपयांचा निव्वळ भर पडली होती. एकूणच, म्युचुअल फंड उद्योगाने एप्रिलमधील ७२,८४६ कोटी रुपयांच्या नक्त वाढीच्या तुलनेत सरलेल्या मे महिन्यात ७,५३२ कोटी रुपयांची नक्त गळती अनुभवली.

परिणामी म्युचुअल फंड उद्योगाच्या व्यवस्थापनाखालील एकूण मालमता (एयूएम) हे एप्रिलअखेरच्या ३८.८९ लाख कोटी रुपयांच्या पातळीवरून मे अखेरीस ३७.३७ लाख कोटी रुपये अशी किंचित घटली आहे.

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जाहीर नोटीस – ३0 वी वार्षिक सर्वसाधारण सभा

कोविड १९ महामारी चालू असल्यामुळे कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालयाने दिनांक ८ एप्रिल २0२0, १३ एप्रिल २0२0, ५ मे २0२0, १३ जानेवारी २0२१, १४ डिसेंबर २0२१ आणि ५ मे २0२२ रोजी सामान्य परिपत्रक जारी केले त्यानुसार, आणि सेबीच्या १२ मे २0२0, १५ जानेवारी २0२१ आणि १३ मे २0२२ च्या परिपत्रकांनुसार व्हिडिओ कॉन्फरन्स (व्हीसी) किंवा इतर ऑडिओ विजुअल माध्यमांमार्फत (ओएव्हीएम) आणि इतर प्रासंगिक प्रकरणांसाठी वार्षिक सामान्य सभा भरवण्यासंबंधी स्पष्टीकरण/संदर्भ दिला आहे. इथून पुढे ह्या सगळ्याला “परिपत्रक” असे म्हटले आहे.

वरील परिपत्रकांनुसार, कंपनीच्या सदस्यांची ३0 वी एजीएम मंगळवार, १२ जुलै २0२२ रोजी सकाळी ११.00 (भारतीय प्रमाणवेळ) नॅशनल सिक्युरिटीज डिपॉझिटरी लिमिटेड ('एनएसडीएल') नुसार, एजीएम कळवणाऱ्या सूचनेत नेमलेलं कामकाज पूर्ण करण्यासाठी व्हीसी/ओएव्हीएम सुविधेद्वारे संपन्न होणार आहे.

आर्थिक वर्ष २0२१-२२ साठी कंपनीच्या एकत्रित वार्षिक अहवालाची ई-प्रत आणि एजीएमची सूचना, आर्थिक अहवाल आणि इतर वैधानिक अहवाल कंपनीच्या www.nseindia.com वेबसाइटवर आणि एनएसडीएलच्या www.evoting.nsdl.com या वेबसाइटवर उपलब्ध राहील.

सदस्यांना एजीएममध्ये फक्त व्हीसी/ओएव्हीएम सुविधेद्वारेच उपस्थित राहाता येईल आणि सहभागी होता येईल, ज्याचा तपशील सभेच्या सूचनेत कंपनीकडून कळवला जाईल. व्हीसी/ओएव्हीएम सुविधेद्वारे सभेत उपस्थित राहाणारे सदस्य कंपनीज कायदा, २0१३ च्या कलम १0३ नुसार गणसंख्येच्या हेतूसाठी मोजले जातील.

एजीएमची सूचना आणि एकत्रित वार्षिक अहवाल २0२१-२२ अशा सदस्यांना इलेक्ट्रॉनिक माध्यमातून पाठवला जाईल ज्यांचा ई-मेल पत्ता कंपनी/डिपॉझिटरी पार्टिसिपंट (डीपीज) ह्यांच्याकडे नोंदवला आहे. पर्यावरण जपण्यासाठी कंपनी सदस्यांना वार्षिक अहवालाची ई-प्रत प्राप्त करण्यासाठी/वापरण्यासाठी प्रोत्साहन देत आहे. पण, जे सदस्य विनंती करतील त्यांना वार्षिक अहवालाची भौतिक प्रत मिळेल.

ज्या सदस्यांनी आपला ईमेल पत्ता अजूनही नोंदवला नाही/अद्ययावत केला नाही त्यांना विनंती करत आहेत की संबंधित डिपॉझिटरी पार्टिसिपंट्सना संपर्क करा आणि थेट बँकेच्या खात्यात लाभार्श इलेक्ट्रॉनिक पध्दतीने प्राप्त करण्यासाठी बँकेचा तपशील अद्ययावत करा.

एजीएमच्या सूचनेत नेमून दिलेल्या ठरावावर मतदान करण्यासाठी एजीएम आधी एनएसडीएलकडून दूरस्थ ई-मतदान सुविधा (दूरस्थ ई-मतदान) पुरवताना कंपनीला आनंद होत आहे. तसेच, सभेदरम्यान दूरस्थ ई-मतदान यंत्रणेद्वारे मतदान करण्याची सुविधाही कंपनी पुरवेल. एजीएममध्ये/त्याआधी दूरस्थ ई-मतदान करण्याची पेशीलवार पध्दत आणि सूचना एजीएम कळवणाऱ्या सूचनेमध्ये दिली जाईल.

फायनान्स कायदा, २0२0 नुसार कंपनीच्या सदस्यांना प्राप्त होणाऱ्या लाभार्शावर कर लागू होईल आणि आयकर कायदा, १९६१ (आयटी कायदा) मध्ये नेमून दिलेल्या दराने कंपनीने कराची स्रोतावर कपात (टीडीएस) करायची आहे. टीडीएस आवश्यकता पूर्ण करण्यासाठी सदस्यांना विनंती आहे की आपला निवासी पत्ता, पॅन, आयटी कायदानुसार कॅटेगरी ही माहिती आपल्या डीपीकडे द्यावी. हाच ईमेल संपर्क भागधारकांना लिंक इन्स्टाइम इंडिया प्रायव्हेंट लिमिटेड, रजिस्ट्रार आणि ट्रांसफर एजंटकडून करण्यात आला आहे.

नॅशनल स्टॉक एक्स्पॅज ऑफ इंडिया लिमिटेड साठी

स्वाक्षरी

रोहित गुप्ते

कंपनी सचिव

स्थळ : मुंबई

दिनांक : १0 जून २0२२