Headline: Quite common for bourses not to share core data: NSE

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Quite common for bourses not to share core data: NSE

he National Stock
Exchange (NSE) and
BSE have reassured
stakeholders about
orderly transition of
data. The move comes after
the bourses said they would
stop licensing their indices
and securities data to foreign
exchanges. In an interview,
Vikram Limaye, managing
director and chief executive of
NSE, said he does not believe NSE, said he does not believe the move by the Indian exchanges is anti-competitive.

exchanges is anti-competitive. Edited excerpts: I first want to discuss what happened last evening when a fake Sebi circular was doing the rounds in WhatsApp groups that Sebi has asked NSE to give data on public sector undertaking (PSI) banks. Areregulators looking at that issue right now because if this circular was part of the market hours, it could have led to disturbing the market mechanism?

When I was select the ores.

nism?
When I was asked the question when it came out for the first time, I was quite clear that we haven't received any such letter and that is a factual real-



ity. So I am sure the regulators would be looking into it in terms of how to prevent these things from happening going elaborate a little on what The second press releas

The second press release that we got from NSE, BSE and Metropolitan Stock Exchange (MSE) yesterday saying further to the February 9th press release there have been discussions with several exchanges, data vendors, index provides related to the amouncement dated to February 9. Can you

were these, will it mean that some kind of SGX Nifty or index will be allowed but not stock

allowed but not stock futures. Just some colour of this discussion? This press release was to make all participants aware and all stakeholders aware that we are focused on making sure that there is an orderly transi-tion and it is not disruptive for market or investors, and in that regard we are in touch with all stakeholders whether its exchanges, index providers,

helpful, to make sure that investors who are trading Indian products are able to Indian products are able to continue to trade going for-ward as well and as we said before as well, there are alter-natives for investors to trade either onshore in India or in Gujarat International Finance Tec-City (GIFT). How do you react to the fairly angry notes that

came from the MSCI slamming the Indian exchanges' action and calling it anti-competi-tive and protectionist? Idonot believe that it's anti-ompetitive in anyway ecause—a) these are licensing grangements in compercial

competitive in anyway because—a) these are licensing arrangements in commercial contracts and from that perspective nobody is compelled to share their IP if hey do not want to. So from that perspective, these are commercial contracts and they should be viewed as such and b) it is in fact quite common to find other exchanges not sharing prices and data relating to the core contracts. I fliquidity is going to get fragmented and getting built offshore. So what we have done is not different from what actually exists even as policy with some exchanges where data and licenses are not shared on core contracts because they do not want liquidity to move offshore. Therefore, I do not believe what we have done is anti-competitive in an example of the contract of the competitive in any way and different from what many

different from what many other exchanges do. But the issue here is and a lot of people believe that lot of volumes were moving to Singapore because of taxation being too high, from trading point of view, in India. The issue here is that it is not just about data, for exam-

ple SGX generates huge volumes at 7:30am or 8:00 am and anyway NSE is closed and there is no data. In that sense the

point I am making.
But all I am saying is tomorrow if they want to create volumes in alternate product that is benchmarked on an Indian scolosed and there is no data. In that sense the argument is that—maybe not in the name of Nifty but in some other name the SGX can still have a product which benchmarks Indian stocks. How can you prevent that?

I have no idea what that product would be, if it is based on Indian prices because ultimately on would require prices and data from the Indian exchanges.

But you are quite clear that it cannot be Nifty?
Obviously, We have terminated our license on Nifty. We have terminated our license with SGX on Nifty. You are talking about alternate products. I am just saying that any alternate product that is market linked will require prices from the Indian exchanges.

I have no idea what that product on the Indian exchanges.

But you are quite clear that it cannot be Nifty?
Obviously, We have terminated our license with SGX on Nifty. You are talking about alternate products are that it cannot be Nifty. We have terminated our license with SGX on Nifty. You are talking about alternate product that is market linked will require prices from the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that product can be created without getting prices from the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that product can be created without getting prices from the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that product can be created without getting prices from the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that product can be created without getting prices from the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that product sare.

I have no idea what that product sare.

I have that the price of the Indian exchanges on the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that they come up with but I have no idea what the details of the Indian exchanges. So I am not sure how that the product sare.

I have the read what the details of

what MSCI can or cannot do.
They have stated what they
have to state. All I am saying is
that we have been in discussion with all stakeholders
including investors etc. they
obviously appreciate the position and why things have been
done etc. We are also trying to
facilitate an orderly transition
so that it is not disruptive for
markets and investors and
investors have an alternative
to trade india whether it is
India onshore or in GIFT City
and so by no means investors
are going to be stranded without being able to hedge India
risk. isk.
Third question, can
GIFT City be anyway as
competitive or as easy as
SGX Nifty be cause there
are a lot of products and
people normally like to
trade in a place where
they can move money
from one to another.
GIFT City is not quite an
alternative.

from one to another.

GIFT City is not quite an alternative.

As it relates to trading Indian markets in a dollar product with no STT and no taxes—that is an alternative that is available. Will it be as liquid as competitive as Singapore or any other location right now? Obviously not because it is a new exchange but all I am asying is that liquidity can get built in GIFT City. For those who want to trade dollar product on India with all 'transaction cost advantages that they have in any other international jurisdiction and liquidity is a function of people wanting to trade and people actually trading there. So those who are currently trading offshore, if they choose to trade in GIFT City. Obviously liquidity will built in GIFT City, it will become robust enough exchange.