

ORIENTAL HOTELS LIMITED

Corporate Office : No.47, Paramount Plaza, 3rd Floor, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Chennai - 600 034, Tamil Nadu, India

OHL:SEC: 2026-27: 009

May 05, 2026

**The Manager – Listing
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.**
Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1G Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex
Bandra (E), Mumbai: 400051
Symbol: ORIENTHOT

**The Manager – Listing Department
BSE Ltd.**
II Floor, New Trading Ring
Rountana Building P J Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai: 400001
Scrip Code: 500314

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Disclosure under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”) – Newspaper Advertisement

Pursuant to Regulation 30 and 47 of the Listing Regulations, please find attached the copy of Newspaper advertisement of the Financial Results of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, in Financial Express (English) and Makkal Kural (Tamil) on May 05, 2026.

You are requested to kindly take the same on record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For ORIENTAL HOTELS LIMITED

S. Akila

Company Secretary

A15861

**Address: Taj Coromandel, No. 37, Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600034.**

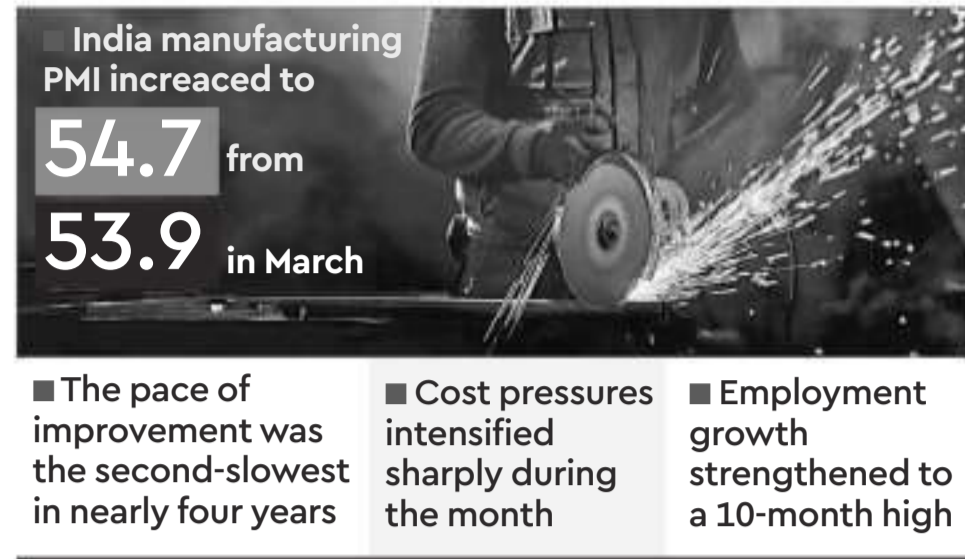
INPUT COSTS INCREASE AT THE FASTEST PACE SINCE AUGUST 2022

Manufacturing PMI shows marginal recovery in April

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, May 4

GROWTH IN INDIA'S manufacturing sectors saw a marginal improvement in April, with the HSBC India Manufacturing PMI rising to 54.7 from 53.9 in March. However, the West Asia conflict continued to hurt demand and push up inflation. Although the index remained firmly in expansion territory, the pace of improvement was the second-slowest in nearly four years, according to data released by S&P Global on Monday. A reading above 50 denotes expansion in activity, while a print below that threshold signals contraction. "April data showed mild recoveries in the growth of new business intakes and production among Indian manufacturers, but the rates of increase were still the second-weakest since 2022," the report said. "Exports was a bright area, with firms welcoming the fastest upturn since last September."

STEADY GROWTH



Commenting on the data, Pranjul Bhandari, chief India economist at HSBC, said: "Spillovers from the West Asia conflict are becoming more evident, particularly through inflation: input costs increased at the fastest pace since August 2022, and output prices rose at the quickest rate in six months. Even so, output, new orders (including exports) and employment all grew moderately, pointing to continued resilience in India's manufac-

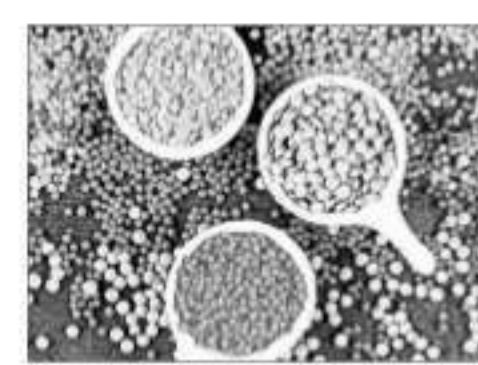
turing sector." Cost pressures intensified sharply during the month. Input prices rose at the steepest pace since August 2022, driven by higher costs for aluminium, chemicals, electrical components, fuel, leather, petroleum products and rubber. Panellists frequently attributed these increases to the ongoing conflict in West Asia. In response, manufacturers raised output prices at the fastest rate in six months.

"The two largest sub-components of the PMI, new orders and output, rose since March but trailed readings seen in at least three-and-a-half years," the report said. Employment growth strengthened to a 10-month high as firms added workers in line with expansion plans. However, outstanding business volumes increased only marginally. Purchasing activity slowed to near its weakest level in two-and-a-half years, while input inventories rose at the slowest pace in almost five years, as some firms opted to keep stocks lean amid subdued sales. Finished goods inventories, however, increased for the first time in six months, albeit modestly. Supplier delivery times improved markedly, reflecting better coordination with vendors. Consumer goods was the only segment to register a slowdown in activity. Despite prevailing headwinds, manufacturers remained optimistic about the year-ahead outlook.

Pulses prices rule below MSP on sluggish demand

SANDIP DAS
New Delhi, May 4

AT A GLANCE



- Market prices of pulses varieties ruling 4% to 14% below the MSP
- The mandi price of chana (gram) ruling around ₹5,200/quintal against the MSP of ₹5,875/quintal
- Tur prices are ruling around 6% below the benchmark price

DESPITE THE GOVERNMENT'S intervention in the market through the price support scheme, mandi prices for most pulses varieties are currently ruling below the benchmark minimum support price (MSP), mainly due to robust harvest and adequate buffer stocks, trade sources said. The market prices of pulse varieties — tur, chana, urad, masur and moong — are currently ruling 4% to 14% below the MSP. The mandi price of chana (gram), which accounts for about 50% of pulse production, is currently ruling around ₹5,200/quintal against the MSP of ₹5,875/quintal for the season. Tur prices are ruling around 6% below the benchmark price. Masur and urad prices are currently around ₹6,200/quintal and ₹7,500/quintal, 11% and 4% below the MSP respectively. "Some pulses are currently trading below MSP due to peak arrivals and slower demand. While MSP remains a key benchmark, mandi prices reflect quality and real time

the kharif pulse output. Against the target buffer of 2.8 million tonne (MT) of pulses aimed at managing price volatility and ensuring supplies, government agencies — the farmers' cooperative Nafed and NCCF — currently hold 2.69 MT of pulses, including gram (1.1 MT), tur (0.75 MT), masur (0.36 MT), moong (0.4 MT) and urad (33,402 tonnes). These buffers are built through procurement under the price support scheme and imports. To offload surplus stock in the buffer, the centre last month had urged states to source varieties of pulses — tur, chana, masur and moong — from it instead of buying them in the open market, for their welfare schemes. In a communication to states, the Department of Consumer Affairs stated, "sourcing pulses from the central buffer obviates the need for a cumbersome tendering process for procurement under various welfare schemes." These strategic pulse reserves are used as an instrument of the market intervention program to curb any potential rise in prices.

Palm oil imports fall to one-year low in April

RAJENDRA JADHAV
Mumbai, May 4

INDIA'S PALM OIL imports fell 27% to a one-year low in April, as sluggish demand from institutional buyers and a recent price rally that eroded its discount to rival oils prompted refiners to curb purchases, traders said. Lower imports by the world's biggest importer of vegetable oils could increase stocks in top producers Indonesia and Malaysia and weigh on benchmark Malaysian palm oil futures. Palm oil imports fell to 505,000 MT in April, the lowest since April 2025, down from 689,462 tonne in March, per dealer estimates. Soy oil imports rose 24% month-on-month in April to 355,000 tonne, the highest in four months, while sunflower oil shipments more than doubled to 435,000 tonne, the highest in 22 months. Overall edible oil imports rose 10.4% from March to 1.3 MT in April, the highest since January, as sunflower oil and soy oil purchases jumped, estimates showed. **REUTERS**

FROM THE FRONT PAGE

Parivartan, delivered

MODI TOLD BJP workers in New Delhi that "a new chapter has begun in Bengal's future. It has become 'bhay-mukt' (free of fear)." Last year on November 14, when the Bihar results came, from the same venue of the BJP headquarters, I told all of you that Gangaji flows forward towards Ganga Sagar from Bihar. Today, from Gangotri to Ganga Sagar, only the lotus blooms," Modi said.



for the third time in a row. The expansion of BJP's electoral footprint since 2014 has been no less than spectacular. According to the party, its number of MLAs in states have gone up from 773 in September 2013 to 1,798 now. After the West Bengal victory, the BJP will have 17 Chief Ministers. With NDA, that number goes up to 22. If the BJP scripted history in West Bengal, Tamil Nadu witnessed the dawn of a new era with Vijay's TVK stunning the DMK and the AIADMK — the two Dravidian parties had been taking turns to rule the state since 1967. In fact, Tamil Nadu created history by electing a regional party to power for the first time in India. The mood for change, which translated into a massive anti-DMK vote, was so intense that

the ruling party was routed even in its stronghold of Chennai. Chief Minister MK Stalin lost from his Kolathur seat by a margin of 8,795 votes. His son Udhayanidhi Stalin was leading from Chepauk-Thiruvallikkeni. Vijay's victory on debut is historic too. It is only the third time in India's electoral history that a party has captured power less than two years after its formation — the earlier instances being NT Rama Rao's stunning victory in undivided Andhra Pradesh in 1983, and the Asom Gana Parishad's capture of Assam in 1985. Vijay won in both Perambur and Tiruchirappalli (East) but his party had not managed to go past the halfway mark of 117 in the 234-member House. It means that Tamil Nadu is also heading on a path which it has never taken so far — a hung Assembly. The TVK is said to be in talks with smaller parties, including the Congress, to shore up the numbers. The TVK has either won or is leading in 108 seats, 10 short of the simple majority. DMK allies Congress, Muslim League, CPM, CPI, VCK and the DMKD have either won or are leading in 14 seats. The winds of change blew in Kerala as well where the Pinarayi Vijayan-led LDF government suffered defeat at the hands of the Congress-led UDF.

The UDF has won or is leading in 102 of the 140 seats, giving the Congress a much needed electoral relief. Since 2014, the Congress had won elections in states only seven times. The victory in Kerala is the eighth. While Pinarayi Vijayan retained his Dharmadam seat with a lesser margin, many of his cabinet colleagues fell by the wayside in the UDF wave. The BJP won three seats for the first time. While the party's state unit president Rajeev Chandrasekhar won from Nemon, former Union Minister V Muralidharan emerged victorious in Kazhakoottam by a slender margin of 428 votes. The third seat it won was Chathannoor. Assam remained an outlier with the BJP winning the state for the third time in a row. In fact, the party has only grown bigger in the state. Its tally went up from 60 to 82. The Congress slumped to 19 from 29. Congress state unit president Gaurav Gogoi faced his first electoral defeat in Jorhat. In Puducherry, the NDA, consisting of the All India NR Congress and the BJP, is set to retain power. The NR Congress had won or was ahead in 12 of the 30 seats. The DMK stood at five and the BJP at four. The TVK made its presence felt with two seats.

SpiceJet falls behind Akasa as fleet shrinks

OPERATIONALLY, THE IMPACT is visible across the network. SpiceJet has cut flight frequencies across major metro routes. The airline had earlier shut operations at several stations, including Ayodhya, Port Blair, Bangkok, Phuket and Udaipur. International operations have been scaled back to Dubai and Sharjah, while domestic connectivity continues with fewer departures. When contacted, a SpiceJet spokesperson said some aircraft had been returned following the completion of lease terms and that the airline remains in discussions with existing and



prospective lessors for fresh inductions. The spokesperson added that a recent fundraise has strengthened liquidity and supports efforts to stabilise

operations, with another capital raise under consideration. Industry executives said the airline is now focused on aligning capacity with available air-

craft and maintaining schedule reliability. SpiceJet has described the network adjustments as calibrated and temporary and is targeting a fleet of 55-60 aircraft by the winter schedule through fresh inductions and the revival of grounded planes. Whether that recovery materialises will depend on its ability to secure capital, resolve disputes and rebuild lessor confidence. For now, the shrinkage in fleet, which places it below a newer rival, reflects how financial and legal pressures have translated into operational contraction.

Fighting flares up: Tehran hits UAE oil port; US sinks boats

BUT THERE WAS no immediate sign of any sudden surge of ships attempting to cross. And the explosion reported aboard the South Korean merchant ship HMM Namu in the strait was likely to persuade commercial shippers it was still unsafe. The UAE, meanwhile, reported a fire at an oil installation in its port of Fujairah following an Iranian drone attack. Fujairah lies beyond the strait, making it one of the few export routes for West Asian oil that does require passing through it. In a post on X, US Central Command said some of its Navy guided-missile destroyers were inside the Gulf supporting the operation, and that two US-flagged merchant vessels had crossed the strait "and are

safely headed on their journey". It did not identify either the warships or the merchant vessels or say when any of those crossings had taken place. Iran's Revolutionary Guards said no commercial vessels had crossed the Strait in the past few hours, and that US claims to the contrary were false. Earlier, Iran said it had fired on a US warship approaching the Strait, forcing it to turn around. An initial Iranian report had said a US warship was struck, but Washington denied this and Iranian officials later described the fire as warning shots. In his social media post announcing the new mission, Trump gave few details of what action the US Navy would take to get ships through the strait,

where they face potential mines as well as attack from Iranian small boats, missiles and drones. "We have told these countries that we will guide their ships safely out of these restricted waterways, so that they can freely and ably get on with their business," Trump wrote. In response, Iran's unified command told commercial ships and oil tankers: "We have repeatedly said the security of the Strait of Hormuz is in our hands and that the safe passage of vessels needs to be coordinated with the armed forces... We warn that any foreign armed forces, especially the aggressive US Army, will be attacked if they intend to approach and enter the Strait of Hormuz." **REUTERS**

Rupee closes above 95

ON MONDAY, BRENT crude oil futures moved up to levels of about \$110 per barrel. The domestic currency has already declined 5.8% since January, making it the worst-performing Asian currency. "Rising crude oil prices are making the rupee weaker, and a firmer dollar index will add to the further downward pressure," said Dilip Parmar, research analyst at HDFC Securities. Parmar expects the currency to stabilise if the RBI comes out with some measures to increase the dollar supply. Economists at UBS have forecast a value for the rupee of 96 to the dollar by the end of FY27. Economists at the brokerage noted the RBI can resort to the 2013 policy toolkit to support the rupee and the reserves. "Measures to increase capital flows need to be the key policy priority," they said.

Adani's ₹14,535-cr bid for JAL gets nod

THE NCLT RULED that the CoC's decision to approve Adani's plan over Vedanta's higher offer could not be termed arbitrary or perverse, emphasising that resolution plans are evaluated on multiple parameters and not solely on headline value. It also found no material irregularity in the conduct of the insolvency process by the resolution professional and said there were no grounds to interfere with the earlier NCLT order approving Adani's plan.

"The email dated November 8, 2025, forwarding the addendum was not merely a clarification to the resolution plan dated October 14, 2025, which had already been submitted. It had the effect of modifying the resolution plan itself. We have further held that the decision taken in the 24th CoC meeting on November 14, 2025, not to take the addendum into consideration is neither invalid nor untenable," the two-member bench comprising Chairperson Ashok

Bhushan and Member Technical Barun Mitra said. "No grounds have been made out by the appellant to interfere with the impugned order dated November 11, 2025. For the foregoing reasons, we do not find any merit in the appeal. The appeal is accordingly dismissed. There shall be no order as to costs," the bench said. Vedanta had also questioned the evaluation framework adopted by lenders, contending that the process lacked


transparency and disproportionately favoured upfront cash over overall recovery. It argued that the CoC failed in its fiduciary role by selecting a lower-value plan despite its superior financial offer, and raised concerns over the design of the challenge mechanism used during bidding. The CoC maintained that plans were assessed on feasibility, execution capability and certainty of delivery, in addition to value.

Kothari SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LTD
KOTHARI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED
Regd. Office: "Kothari Buildings", 115, Mahatma Gandhi Salai, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034
CIN : L15421TN1960PLC004310 Phone No. 044-35225526 / 35225529
Email: secdept@hckgroup.com Website: www.hckotharigroup.com/kscl

Statement of Audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended 31st March, 2026

The Board of Directors of the Company, at their meeting held on May 04, 2026, approved the Audited Financial Results of the Company for the quarter and year ended 31st March 2026 ("Financial Results").

The Financial results along with the Audit Report, have been posted on the Company's website <https://hckotharigroup.com/kscl/?q=node/22> (Path: www.hckotharigroup.com/kscl/investors/quarterly-results/) and can be accessed by scanning the QR code and the same is also available on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd website at www.nseindia.com



for Kothari Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Arjun B. Kothari
Managing Director
DIN: 07117816

Place : Chennai
Date : 04.05.2026

Note:
The above intimation is in accordance with Regulation 33 read with Regulation 47(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

ORIENTAL HOTELS LIMITED
CIN : L55101TN1970PLC005897
Regd. Office : Taj Coromandel, 37, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Chennai 600 034.
Phone No. : 044- 66172828. Website: www.orientalhotels.co.in

AUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER / YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

Particulars	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED			
	Three months ended 31.03.2026	Year ended 31.03.2026	Three months ended 31.03.2025	Three months ended 31.03.2026	Year ended 31.03.2026	Three months ended 31.03.2025
Total income from operations	13621	49144	13239	13646	49384	13253
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (before Exceptional items)	2844	9175	2629	2,860	9,298	2647
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional items)	2844	9095	2629	2,860	9,218	2647
@Net Profit / (loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional items)	2916	7077	1769	3,241	6,795	1941
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising profit / (loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	1672	5422	1052	2,309	9,137	1433
Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value per share - ₹ 1 each)	1786	1786	1786	1,786	1,786	1786
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)		46,260			74,420	
Earnings Per Share (in ₹) (Face value of ₹ 1 each) Basic / Diluted ("not annualised")	1.63*	3.96	0.99*	1.81*	3.80	1.09*

@ In case of Consolidated Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional items) and share of profit / (loss) of associates/ Joint venture

Note:

- The results were reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors at its meetings held on May 04, 2026. The results have been audited by the Statutory Auditor of the Company.
- These financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules issued thereunder and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Financial results for all the periods presented have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS.
- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarter / Year ended March 31, 2026. Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly / Year ended Financial Results are available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on the Company's website at www.orientalhotels.co.in.



For more details scan the QR code

Place: Alibag
Date : May 04, 2026

For Oriental Hotels Limited
Pramod Ranjan
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 00887569)

