

Date: September 08, 2026

To, BSE Limited, The General Manager, Department of Listing Operations, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001	To, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, The Manager, Listing Department Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block-G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051
Scrip code: 543234	Trading Symbol: SECMARK

Dear Sir/Madam,

Subject: Notice of 15th Annual General Meeting along with Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2025-26

With reference to above captioned and pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, we hereby enclose the Annual Report of the Company, SecMark Consultancy Limited for the Financial year 2025-2026 along with Notice of the 15th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of the Company to be held on Wednesday, September 30, 2026 at 2:30 PM (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").

The Annual Report is also uploaded on the website of the Company at www.secmark.in

Kindly take the above on record and oblige.

Thanking You,

For **SecMark Consultancy Limited**

SUNIL
KUMAR
BANG

Digitally signed by
SUNIL KUMAR
BANG
Date: 2026.09.08
17:45:56 +05'30'

Sunil Kumar Bang
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Enclosure: Annual Report 2025-26

15th ANNUAL REPORT

2025-2026



SECMARK
CONSULTANCY LIMITED





15th
ANNUAL REPORT
2025-2026

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Registered Office : 36/227, RDP 10, Sector 6, Kandivali (West), Mumbai – 400067

CIN: L67190MH2011PLC220404

www.secmark.in



FINANCIAL

ABOUT

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

SecMark Consultancy Limited offers Technology, Consulting, Outsourcing and Auditing services in the areas of compliance, operations, risk management, software development etc. to more than 400 financial market participants and others. The clients include stock exchanges, stock and commodity brokers, depository participants, wealth managers, alternative investment funds, research analysts, insurance companies, insurance brokers, corporate agents, portfolio managers, investment advisors, NBFCs, Listed Companies etc.

SERVICES

- Setting up financial services business in India
- Software Development
- Outsourcing
- System Audit and Cyber Security
- Forensic Audit
- Compliance Assistance

PRODUCTS RANGE

- Back office solution for stock and commodity brokers.
- PMLA (client screening and transaction monitoring) solutions.
- E-KYC Solution
- Compliance Sutra (A cloud based compliance solution)
- Trading Middleware' Software And Software Application

INDUSTRIES

- Capital Markets
- Financial Market
- Insurance Sector
- RERA Compliance



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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM) OF SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED ("THE COMPANY") WILL BE HELD ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 2026 AT 2.30 P.M. (IST), THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC) / OTHER AUDIO-VISUAL MEANS (OAVM) TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESSES:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1) ADOPTION OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- a) To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- b) To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, be and are hereby received, considered, and adopted.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, together with the reports of the Auditors thereon, be and are hereby received, considered, and adopted.

2) RE-APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR RETIRING BY ROTATION

To appoint a Director in place of, Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (DIN: 08281489), who retires by rotation, in terms of Section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 (herein after called as the Act), and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment as a Director of the Company

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (DIN: 08281489), Director of the Company, whose office is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing 15th Annual General Meeting and being eligible for re-appointment be and is hereby re-appointed as the Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the Board, which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted by the Board or any person(s) authorized by the Board in this regard) be and are hereby authorized to do all acts and deeds, things and execute all such documents and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

ITEM NO. 03

TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE REMUNERATION OF RAVI VIJAY RAMAIYA, MANAGING DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY FOR THE PERIOD FROM JUNE 15, 2026 TO JUNE 14, 2028

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, consent of the members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for payment of managerial remuneration up to Rs. 60,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty Lakhs only) per annum payable monthly by the Company including basic salary, perquisites, allowances but excluding bonus for a period June 15, 2026 to June 14, 2028, to Ravi Vijay Ramaiya, Managing Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the Board, which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted by the Board or any person(s) authorized by the Board in this regard) be and are hereby authorized to do all acts and deeds, things and execute all such documents and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

ITEM NO. 04

TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE REMUNERATION OF MR MICHAEL NANSON D'SOUZA EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY FOR THE PERIOD FROM AUGUST 19, 2026 TO AUGUST 18, 2028.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded for payment of managerial remuneration up to Rs. 30,00,000 (Rupees Thirty Lakhs only) per annum payable monthly, including basic salary, perquisites and allowances but plus bonus up to Rs. 2,50,000 (Rupees Two Lakh Fifty Thousand only) payable annually with effect from August 19, 2026 to August 18, 2028 to Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza, Executive Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the above resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the Board, which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted by the Board or any person(s) authorized by the Board in this regard) be and are hereby authorized to do all acts and deeds, things and execute all such documents and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

For and behalf of the Board,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Sunil Kumar Bang
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
(Membership No: 17808)

Date: August 12, 2026

Place: Mumbai

Registered Office: Plot No. 36/227, Sector VI, Charkop,
Kandivali (West), Mumbai-400067

IMPORTANT NOTES:

NOTES:

1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has vide General Circular No. 03/2025 dated September 22, 2025 read with General Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024, General Circular No. 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023, General Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022, General Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and General Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 (collectively referred to as the MCA Circulars), permitted companies to hold the Annual General Meeting (AGM) through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of Members at a common venue.

Further, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), vide Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated October 03, 2024 read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 05, 2023, SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated October 07, 2023 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated October 03, 2024 (collectively referred to as the 'SEBI Circulars'), has prescribed the relevant relaxations and requirements for holding AGM through VC/OAVM.

Accordingly, the 15th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI Listing Regulations), the MCA Circulars and the SEBI Circulars.

2. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2025-26 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA)/National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL)/Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL), collectively referred to as the Depositories.

The Notice is also available on the websites of BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com) and NSDL (www.evoting.nsdl.com) for facilitating remote e-voting and e-voting during the AGM.

3. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 setting out all material facts relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the AGM is annexed to this Notice.

Further, the relevant details with respect to the Director seeking appointment/re-appointment pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings are annexed as **Annexure A** to this Notice.

4. Since the AGM is being held through VC/OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with.

Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members under Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 will not be available for the AGM and therefore the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.

However, Institutional/Corporate Members are entitled to appoint authorised representatives pursuant to Sections 112 and 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM, participate thereat and cast their votes through remote e-voting or e-voting during the AGM.

5. Since the AGM is being held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map to the venue of the AGM, as

required under Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings, is not annexed to this Notice.

6. Dispute Resolution

SEBI has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal (ODR Portal) for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market.

Members may first lodge their grievances directly with the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA). In case the grievance remains unresolved, Members may thereafter approach SEBI through the SCORES platform. If the grievance continues to remain unresolved after exhausting the aforesaid mechanism, Members may initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal available at <https://smartodr.in/login>.

The above mechanism is in accordance with SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-3/P/CIR/2023/195 dated July 31, 2023, as amended from time to time.

7. The Members can join the AGM through VC/OAVM 15 minutes before the scheduled time of commencement of the AGM and up to 15 minutes after such scheduled time by following the procedure mentioned in this Notice.

The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be made available to at least 1,000 Members on a first-come-first-served basis.

This restriction shall not apply to large shareholders (holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors and such other persons permitted under the applicable laws.

8. NSDL has been appointed by the Company to provide the facility for remote e-voting, participation in the AGM through VC/OAVM and e-voting during the AGM.
9. The attendance of Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
10. Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the MCA Circulars, the Company is providing to its Members the facility to exercise their right to vote on the resolutions proposed to be passed at the AGM by electronic means.

The Company has engaged NSDL as the agency for providing remote e-voting facility and e-voting during the AGM.

Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM who have not cast their vote through remote e-voting shall be eligible to cast their vote through e-voting during the AGM.

11. The AGM is being conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules made thereunder, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the MCA Circulars and the SEBI Circulars.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER :-

The remote e-voting period begins on September 27, 2026 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on September 29, 2026 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. September 25, 2026, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being September 25, 2026.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of Two Steps which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1) For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp. You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID, 8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2) Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the Beneficial Owner icon under Login which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on Access to e-Voting under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 3) If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select Register Online for IDeAS Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 4) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon Login which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 5) Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App NSDL Speede facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. NSDL Mobile App is available on  App Store  Google Play  

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by Company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on Company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2) Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon Login which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3) A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

- 4) Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****.
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the Company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1) After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies EVEN in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2) Select EVEN of Company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting.
- 3) Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4) Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on Submit and also Confirm when prompted.
- 5) Upon confirmation, the message Vote cast successfully will be displayed.
- 6) You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7) Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

- 1) Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to cskeyurghelani@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.com. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter displayed under e-Voting tab in their login.
- 2) It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the Forgot User Details/Password? or Physical User Reset Password? option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3) In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 - 4886 7000 or send a request to Ms. Rimpa Bag at evoting@nsdl.com

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1) In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card), by email to cs@secmark.in

- 2) In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card), to cs@secmark.in. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at Step 1(A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

Step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

- 3) Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4) In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1) The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2) Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- 3) Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4) The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1) Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of VC/OAVM placed under Join meeting menu against Company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2) Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3) Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

- 4) Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5) Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@secmark.in. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.

For and behalf of the Board,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Sunil Kumar Bang
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
(Membership No: 17808)

Date: August 12, 2026

Place: Mumbai

Registered Office: Plot No. 36/227, Sector VI, Charkop, Kandivali (West), Mumbai-400067

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

ITEM NO. 03:

TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE REMUNERATION OF RAVI VIJAY RAMAIYA, MANAGING DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY FOR THE PERIOD FROM JUNE 15, 2026 TO JUNE 14, 2028

Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya is the Managing Director of the Company and has been playing a pivotal role in the growth and overall management of the affairs of the Company.

The Members of the Company had earlier approved the appointment and remuneration payable to Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya. The remuneration approved by the Members was due for expiry on June 14, 2026, whereas his present tenure as Managing Director continues up to June 14, 2028. Accordingly, the Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on May 13, 2026, approved the payment of remuneration to Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya, not exceeding Rs. 60,00,000/- (Rupees Sixty Lakhs Only) per annum, payable monthly from June 15, 2026 up to June 14, 2028, subject to the approval of the Members.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, the total managerial remuneration payable by a public Company to its Directors, including Managing Director and Whole-time Director, in respect of any financial year shall not exceed eleven per cent of the net profits of the Company computed in the manner laid down under Section 198 of the Act, except that the remuneration payable to any one Managing Director shall not exceed five per cent of the net profits of the Company unless approved by the Members by way of a Special Resolution.

The proposed remuneration payable to Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya may exceed the limits prescribed under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, accordingly, the approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution is being sought.

The Board is of the opinion that, considering the experience, expertise, responsibilities shouldered by Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya and his significant contribution to the growth and operations of the Company, the proposed remuneration is reasonable and in the best interests of the Company.

Except Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya and his relatives, to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 03 of the Companying Notice.

The Board of Directors recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 03 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

ITEM NO.: 04:

TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE REMUNERATION OF MR MICHAEL NANSON D'SOUZA EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR FOF THE COMPANY OR THE PERIOD FROM AUGUST 19, 2026 TO AUGUST 18, 2028

Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza is the Executive Director of the Company and has been playing a pivotal role in the growth and overall management of the affairs of the Company.

The Members of the Company had earlier approved the appointment and remuneration payable to Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza. The remuneration approved by the Members was due for expiry on August 18, 2026, whereas his present tenure as Executive Director continues up to August 18, 2028. Accordingly, the Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at its meeting held on August 12, 2026, approved the payment of managerial remuneration up to Rs. 30,00,000 (Rupees Thirty Lakhs Only) per annum payable monthly, including basic salary, perquisites and allowances but plus bonus up to Rs. 2,50,000 (Rupees Two

Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) payable annually, with effect from August 19, 2026 to August 18, 2028 to Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza, Executive Director of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, the total managerial remuneration payable by a public Company to its Directors, including Managing Director and Whole-time Director, in respect of any financial year shall not exceed eleven per cent of the net profits of the Company computed in the manner laid down under Section 198 of the Act, except that the remuneration payable to any one Managing Director or Whole-time Director shall not exceed the limits prescribed under the Act unless approved by the Members by way of a Special Resolution.

The proposed remuneration payable to Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza may exceed the limits prescribed under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and, accordingly, the approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution is being sought.

The Board is of the opinion that, considering the experience, expertise, responsibilities shouldered by Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza and his significant contribution to the growth and operations of the Company, the proposed remuneration is reasonable and in the best interests of the Company.

Except Mr. Michael Nanson D'Souza and his relatives, to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 04 of the accompanying Notice.

The Board of Directors recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 04 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

Annexure A

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

[Pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India]

Particulars	Name of Director
Name of Director	Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki
DIN	08281489
Item No	02
Date of Birth and Age	November 18, 1988, (37 years)
Number of shares held as on March 31, 2026	8750 shares
Date of first appointment on the Board	January 28, 2019
Date of appointment in the current term	January 27, 2020
Qualifications/Brief Resume/Expertise in functional areas	He is an Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce and a Master's degree in Finance from Saurashtra University. He is a qualified Company Secretary from the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), a Certified Financial Manager from the Center for Financial Management, Bangalore, and a diploma holder in Computer Hardware and Networking from ITECH Institute. He has completed NISM Series I (Currency Derivatives) and NISM Series VIII (Equity Derivatives) Continuing Professional Education Programmes and holds certifications in Depository Operations from NSDL and Capital Markets from BSE. He possesses extensive experience in the securities and capital markets, including stock exchange registrations, Initial Public Offers (IPOs), corporate law and Registrar of Companies compliances, mergers and acquisitions, accounting and finance, auditing, business management, taxation and return filings, arbitration proceedings and Intellectual Property Rights matters. Prior to joining the Company, he served as Compliance Head at Pratham Investments, Tipsons Stock Brokers Private Limited and Relitrade Stock Broking Private Limited. He has also worked with Skyblue Finserv as Branch Manager, KIFS Securities Limited as an Arbitrageur and Paragon Investments Private Limited as Senior Dealer.

Particulars	Name of Director
Terms of appointment/ re-appointment	Re-appointment in terms of Section 152(6) of the Act however his terms as a Director shall continue.
Fulfilment of Skills and Capabilities for Role (for Independent Directors)	NA
Details of remuneration and remuneration last drawn (Financial year 2025-26)	Rs 18,00,000/-
Directorships held in other Public Companies as on March 31, 2026	NIL
Listed entities from which Director resigned in the past three years	NIL
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	None
Number of Board meetings attended during the year	4
Chairman/Member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company as on March 31, 2026	None
Chairman/Member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of other Public as on Companies as on March 31, 2026	None

For and behalf of the Board,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Sunil Kumar Bang
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
(Membership No: 17808)

Date: August 12, 2026

Place: Mumbai

Registered Office: Plot No. 36/227, Sector VI, Charkop, Kandivali (West), Mumbai-400067



CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Board of Directors:

Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	:	Chairman & Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	:	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	:	Non-Executive Independent Director
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	:	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	:	Executive Director
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	:	Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer:

Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Chief Financial Officer:

Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer:

Mr. Sunil Kumar Bang

Additional Information:

ISIN:

INE0BTM01013

Registered Office:

Plot No. 36/227, RDP-10, Sector-6, Charkop, Kandivali (West), Mumbai: 400067

Statutory Auditors:

M/s. D. Kothary & Co., Chartered Accountants

102, Ameya House, Next to Azad Nagar Metro Station, Andheri (West), Mumbai- 400058.

Internal Auditor:

M/s. Tripathi & Associates, Chartered Accountants

101, Rajswastik C.H.S Ltd, Daulat Nagar Road No-3, Post Office Lane, Borivali (East), Mumbai-400066

Secretarial Auditor:

K.P. Ghelani & Associates

202, Arihant Complex, Tagore Road, Virani Chowk, Rajkot Gujrat - 360001

Registrar & Transfer Agent:

Bigshare Services Private Limited

Office No S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400093

Bankers:

State Bank of India

Agora, Business Plaza, 1st and 2nd floor, SV Road, Borivali West, Mumbai - 400092

Website:

www.secmark.in

CIN:

L67190MH2011PLC220404

BSE code:

543234

NSE Symbol:

SECMARK

AGM day & date:

Wednesday, September, 30, 2026

AGM mode/Venue:

Video Conference/ Other Audio-Visual Means

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Directors are pleased to present the 15th Annual Report of **SecMark Consultancy Limited** (the 'Company') along with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. The Company along with its subsidiary Companies wherever required is referred are collectively 'we', 'us', 'our', or 'SecMark'. The consolidated performance of the Company and its Subsidiary Companies has been referred to wherever required.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY:

The summarized standalone and consolidated results of your Company and its subsidiaries are given in the table below:

Results of our operations and state of affairs:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	For the year ended 31st March		For the year ended 31st March	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Revenue from Operations	3753.72	3511.31	3753.72	3511.31
Other Income	128.62	84.81	128.62	89.23
Operating Profit Before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	830.90	1,016.45	830.92	1,020.77
Finance cost	23.60	38.84	23.61	38.85
Depreciation	461.13	414.18	461.13	414.18
Non-Operating Expenses	-	-	-	-
Other Exceptional items	-	-	-	-
Profit Before Tax (PBT)	346.17	563.43	346.18	567.74
Tax Expenses	89.46	138.35	89.46	138.35
Profit/Loss after Tax (PAT)	256.72	425.08	256.73	429.39
Share in loss/profit of associates	-	-	-	-
Profit After Tax (Share in associates)	256.72	425.08	256.72	429.39
Operating PBIDT Ratio	22.14%	28.95%	22.14%	29.07%
PBT Ratio	9.22%	16.05%	9.22%	16.17%
PAT Ratio	6.84%	12.11%	6.84%	12.23%

COMPANY PERFORMANCE:

The key highlights pertaining to the business of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 are given below:

Standalone:

The standalone operating revenue including other income of the Company for the year under review was Rs. 3882.34 lakhs against Rs. 3596.12 lakhs in the previous year. Standalone net profit after tax for the year under review stood at Rs. 256.72 lakhs as against net profit after tax of Rs. 425.08 lakhs in the previous year. The revenues have grown by 7.95% and the over all profit has been reduced by 35.34% compared to profits of previous year due to additional depreciation and professional fees cost on account of software purchase transaction of the Company in current year.

Consolidated:

The consolidated operating revenue including other income of the Company for the year under review was Rs. 3882.47 lakhs as against Rs. 3600.54 lakhs in the previous year which in the opinion of the Directors is satisfactory. Consolidated net profit after tax for the year under review stood at Rs. 256.72 lakhs as against net profit after tax of Rs. 429.39 lakhs in the previous year. The revenues have grown by 7.83% and the over all profit has been reduced by 40.21% compared to profits of previous year due to additional depreciation and professional fees cost on account of software purchase transaction of the company in current year.

The financial performance is discussed in detail in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report which is presented in a separate section forming part of the Director's Report.

Software Purchase Agreement with Codifi Finserv Private Limited & Codifi Soft Tech Private Limited:

During the financial year, the Company entered into agreements with Codifi Finserv Private Limited (CIN - U66190MH2024PTC472396) and Codifi Soft Tech Private Limited (CIN - U72900TN2014PTC094919) for acquisition of trading web and mobile platforms, trading middleware, software applications and related intellectual property rights for a consideration of Rs. 8,00,00,000/- plus applicable GST. The acquired solutions are intended to strengthen the Company's offerings for brokers and professional trading desks. The Company has also entered into an agreement with the existing team for the development, maintenance, enhancement and support of the acquired software.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY:

During the year under review, there is no change in nature of business of the Company and the Company continues to concentrate on Software and Consulting.

ANNUAL RETURN:

As per the requirements of Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred as the Act) read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, including any statutory modifications/amendments thereto for the time being in force, the annual return of Company for FY 2025-26 is available on its website www.secmark.in at weblink <https://www.secmark.in/annualreturn>

DIVIDEND:

With a view to conserve reserves, your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

RESERVES:

The Company has transferred NIL amount to reserves for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

SHARE CAPITAL:

As at March 31, 2026, the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of the Company stood at Rs. 10,44,70,000 (Rupees Ten Crores Forty Four Lakhs Seventy Thousand Only) divided into 1,04,47,000 (One Crore Four Lakhs Forty Seven Thousand Only) equity shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each, as compared to the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital of the Company which stood at Rs. 10,41,06,250 (Rupees Ten Crores Forty-One Lakhs Six Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Only) divided into 1,04,10,625 (One Crore Four Lakhs Ten Thousand Six Hundred Twenty-Five Only) equity shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each as at March 31, 2025.

The SecMark Employee Stock Option Scheme, 2019 (ESOS 2019), approved by the Members of the Company, provides for an aggregate option pool of 12,50,000 (Twelve Lakhs Fifty Thousand) options. During the financial year 2025-26, 36,375 (Thirty-Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-Five) equity shares were issued and allotted pursuant to the exercise of vested stock options by eligible employees under the ESOS 2019.

LISTING OF SECURITIES AND ANNUAL LISTING FEES:

All the equity shares of the Company i.e., 1,04,47,000 equity shares are listed on both the exchanges i.e BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). The script code of the Company at BSE is 543234 and NSE Trading Symbol SECMARK and ISIN of Company is INE0BTM01013. The Company has paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year 2026-27 to BSE and NSE, where the Company's shares are listed.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Composition of Board of Directors:

As of March 31, 2026, your Company had 6 (Six) Directors consisting of 2 (Two) Independent Directors including 1 (One) Woman Director, 3 (Three) Executive Director and 1 (One) Non-Executive Directors as follows:-

- 1) Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana (DIN: 07095774) : Chairman and Independent Director
- 2) Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya (DIN: 03510258) : Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
- 3) Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi (DIN: 08059325) : Non-Executive Independent Director
- 4) Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza (DIN: 01690296) : Executive Director
- 5) Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (DIN:08281489) : Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer
- 6) Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah (DIN:03510251) : Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Changes in the Board of Directors

As on the date of Directors Report, there are no further changes in Board of Directors.

Key Managerial Personnel

As on March 31, 2026, the following personnel are the updated list of KMPs as per the definition under Section 2(51) and Section 203 of the Act:

- 1) Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya (Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer)
- 2) Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer) and
- 3) Mr. Sunil Kumar Bang (Company Secretary and Compliance Officer)

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD AND ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTOR:

Board Meetings:

During the financial year 2025-26, 4 (Four) Board meetings were held on April 28, 2025, August 13, 2025, November 12, 2025, and February 13, 2026. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act and SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015.

Attendance of Directors at Board Meeting:

NAME OF THE DIRECTOR	NATURE OF DIRECTORSHIP	NUMBER OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Chairman and Independent Director	4/4
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer	4/4
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Independent Director	4/4
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	Executive Director	4/4
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer	4/4
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Non- Executive Director	4/4

AUDIT COMMITTEE

In compliance with the requirements under Section 177(8) read with Section 134(3) of the Act and the rules framed thereunder, the Board of Directors of the Company has constituted an Audit Committee, the composition and terms of reference which are in alignment with the requirements of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. Further details on Audit Committee are given in Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Report.

DIRECTOR RETIRED BY ROTATION:

In accordance with provisions of Section 152 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (DIN:08281489), Director of the Company retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) and being eligible, has offered himself for reappointment.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All Independent Directors have given declarations to the effect that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Act read with Regulation 16 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015. In the opinion of the Board, Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the Act, Rules made thereunder and SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess requisite integrity, expertise, experience (including proficiency) and fulfil the conditions specified under the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(8) read with Schedule IV of the Act and Regulations 25(3) & 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, meeting of the Independent Directors was held on February 13, 2026 without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and Members of the Management.

FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Company has a Familiarization Programme which provides orientation at the time of the appointment of Independent Directors which covers their role and responsibilities, overview of the industry, operations, and business model of the Company. They are provided with copies of the Company's latest Annual Reports, relevant provisions of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015, the Companies Act, 2013, Code of Conduct prescribed for the Board of Directors, Prevention of Insider Trading regulations and other internal policies to help them get a broad view of the Company's procedures and practices.

During the Financial Year 2025-26, the Company had conducted a Familiarization Programme for imparting training to its existing Independent Directors on February 13, 2026.

The detail of the familiarisation policy and the programme is available on the website of the Company at weblink www.secmark.in.

FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD, COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS:

The Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 stipulate the evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees, Individual Directors.

During the year, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance and individual Directors pursuant to a guidance note dated January 5, 2017 released by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on the evaluation of the Board of Directors of a listed Company (Guidance Note). The performance of the Board and individual Directors was evaluated by the Board in its Board Meeting held on February 13, 2026 after seeking inputs from all the Directors on the basis of criteria such as the Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning, etc. In a separate meeting of Independent Directors held on February 13, 2026, performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole was evaluated, taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non- Executive Directors.

DISCLOSURE RELATED RESTRICTION ON PURCHASE BY COMPANY BY OR GIVING OF LOANS FOR PURCHASE OF ITS SHARES:

During the year under review, the Company has not provided any loan or financial assistance to any person for purchase or subscription of shares in the Company as per the provisions of Section 67 of the Act. Hence, no disclosure required to be provided.

SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURE/ASSOCIATE:

The Company has three (3) subsidiary companies, namely, Markets On Clouds Private Limited (CIN - U72200MH2016PTC274733), Sutra Software Services Private Limited (CIN - U72900MH2022PTC391704) and SecMark Financial Aggregation Private Limited (CIN - U64990MH2026PTC473418). The SecMark Financial Aggregation Private Limited (CIN - U64990MH2026PTC473418) was incorporated on July 13, 2026, subsequent to the end of the financial year and, accordingly, no financial figures of the said subsidiary are included in Form AOC-1 for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. The statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Subsidiary Companies in Form AOC-1 forms part of this Directors' Report as **Annexure – I**.

The Company does not have any joint venture.

DISCLOSURE RELATED TO EMPLOYEE:

The information required under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is given in **Annexure – II**.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN (ESOP):

Your Company has granted stock options to its employees under the existing scheme, SecMark Employee Stock Scheme 2019 (hereinafter referred as Scheme 2019). The Scheme 2019 is in compliance with the Act and there has been no material changes to Scheme 2019 during the financial year 2025-26.

The summary information of Scheme 2019 of the Company is provided under Notes to Accounts under Standalone Financial Statements of the Annual Report.

No employee was granted options/ shares under ESOP Scheme 2019, during the year, equal to or exceeding 1% of the issued capital.

Other details of ESOP Scheme 2019 for FY 2025-26 are available on its website www.secmark.in and is available through the webpage <https://www.secmark.in/financials>.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT:

The Company is in the business of offering technology, consulting, outsourcing and auditing services and as such, its operations do not account for substantial energy consumption. However, the Company adopts all possible measures to conserve energy like using power only to the extent necessary and switching off power when not needed. The particulars relating to the Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption as per Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with the Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given as below:

A. Conservation of energy-

- i. the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy: NIL
- ii. the steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy: NIL
- iii. the capital investment on energy conservation equipment: NIL

B. Technology absorption-

- i. Your Company is a Technology Company and leverages technologies at its best. It provides back-office software application to more than 300 financial market participants including several market leaders in the institutional, retail, proprietary, algorithmic trading. Your Company is flagship backoffice solution, i-Beats, has been migrated from .net 4.5 to .net 4.8. Thus, enhancing its speed and capabilities to a great extent.
- ii. Your Company has developed an Anti-Money Laundering software solution named AML Sutra on the same technology as its i-Beats platform. Your Company is pleased to share that few very large clients have already been on boarded on this product.
- iii. Your Company's compliance solution, Compliance Sutra has been well received by the market participants. It is a pleasure to share that many leading market participants have gone ahead implementing this solution.
- iv. Your Company's E-KYC solution, smartKYC.in has also on boarded multiple clients in the financial year.
- v. There is a business growth in all products which has resulted in 7.95% growth in top line compared to earlier financial year.
- vi. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-: Not applicable
- vii. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Not applicable

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

Your Company has required Committees (Audit Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee as required under the provisions of the Act & rules framed there under and SEBI (LODR), Regulation 2015.

SECRETARIAL STANDARD COMPLIANCES:

During the year 2025-26, the Company has complied with all applicable secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement under section 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors hereby confirms that:

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for financial year ended March 31, 2026, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with the proper explanation relating to material departures,
- b) The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c) The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS REPORT:

D Kothary and Co, Chartered Accountants (FRN No: 105335W) were re-appointed by the members at the Annual General Meeting held on September 27, 2024 for another period of five years till the conclusion of the AGM to be held in the year 2029. In terms of Section 139 of the Act, as amended by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 notified on May 07, 2018, appointment of Auditors need not be ratified at every Annual General Meeting.

The Statutory Auditors have given a confirmation to the effect that they are eligible to continue with their appointment and that they have not been disqualified in any manner from continuing as Statutory Auditors. The remuneration payable to the Statutory Auditors shall be determined by the Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

The Auditor's Report annexed to the financial statements for the year under review does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

COST AUDIT:

The provisions of Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8(5)(ix) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding the maintenance of cost records, are not applicable to the Company for the financial year under review.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed K.P. Ghelani & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries to undertake Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 dated August 05, 2026 for the financial year under review, as received from K.P. Ghelani & Associates, Company Secretaries is attached as an **Annexure-III** to the Directors Report.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Secretarial Audit Report.

EXPLANATIONS OR COMMENTS ON QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS OR ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY STATUTORY/SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by statutory or secretarial auditor in their report for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SUB-SECTION (12) OF SECTION 143 OF THE ACT OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH ARE REPORTABLE TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT:

There was no instance of fraud during the year under review, which required the Statutory Auditors to report to the Audit Committee and/or Board of Company under Section 143(12) of the Act and Rules framed there under.

DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION;

According to section 197(14) of the Companies Act, 2013, no Director received a commission from the Company and none of the Managing Director/Executive Director were disqualified from receipt of any remuneration or commission from holding or subsidiary Company.

DISCLOSURE ABOUT DISQUALIFICATION:

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified u/s 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

In pursuance of Section 186 of the Act, the Company has not made any additional investment in financial year ended March 31, 2026. The Company had made an investment of Rs. 1,00,000/- (Rupees One lakh Only) in both its wholly owned subsidiary, Sutra Software Services Pvt. Ltd. and Markets On Cloud Private Limited respectively. Further, during the year under review, Company has not given any loans or guarantees under the aforementioned section. Attention to the members is drawn to Note No. 5 to the Standalone Financial Statements which sets out detail of investments.

ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY:

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. The Company's policy requires conduct of operations in such a manner, so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliances with environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources. The Company is committed to continuously take further steps to provide a safe and healthy environment.

CONTRACT OR ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED PARTIES U/S 188 (1) OF THE ACT:

During the year under review, all the contracts or arrangements or transactions by the Company with its subsidiaries, and its related party(ies) were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. Further, the Company has not entered any contract or arrangement or transaction with the related parties which were not on an arm's length basis or could be considered material in accordance with the policy of the company on Related Party

Transactions Policy. Given that the Company does not have anything to report pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form No. AOC-2, the same is not provided. The attention of members is drawn to Note No. 34 to the Standalone Financial Statements which sets out related party disclosure. The Related Party Transaction (RPT) Policy as approved by the Audit Committee and the Board, is available on the website of the Company:

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015), the Management's Discussion and Analysis is set out in this Director's Report. Management's Discussion and Analysis Report provides details of the overall industry structure, developments, performance and state of affairs of the Company's various businesses.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2025-26 are prepared in compliance with Section 129 (3) of the Act read with the aforesaid Rules, SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 and in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Accounting Standards. The said Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of the audited financial statements of the Company and subsidiary companies as approved by their respective Board of Directors.

A statement containing the salient features of the Financial Statements of Subsidiary Companies in the prescribed format AOC-1 is annexed herewith as **Annexure-I** to the Director's Report.

DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on March 31, 2026 falling within the meaning of Section 73 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance or Deposits) Rules, 2014.

CORPORATE INSOLVENCY RESOLUTION PROCESS INITIATED UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (IBC)

During the year under review, no Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process/ proceedings were initiated by / against the Company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

DOWNSTREAM INVESTMENT

The Company has not made any downstream investment during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 relating to downstream investment are not applicable to the Company.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The total foreign exchange earnings of the Company during the year was Rs. 2.22 lakhs and there is Nil outflow of foreign exchange in previous year.

The information on Foreign Exchange - Earnings and Outgo as stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read along with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, are provided below:

(Amount in lakhs)

Particulars - Standalone	FY 2026	FY 2025
Foreign Exchange Earnings	2.22	-
Foreign Exchange Outflow mainly on account of: Fuel purchase	-	-
Interest on foreign currency borrowings, NRI dividends	-	-
Purchase of capital equipment, components and spares and other miscellaneous expenses	-	-

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

In accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") are applicable to the Company, as the net profit before tax of the Company for the immediately preceding financial year, i.e. FY 2024–25, exceeded Rs. 5,00,00,000 (Rupees Five Crores).

Accordingly, the Company is required to spend, in every financial year, at least 2% of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years, in pursuance of its CSR Policy.

However, since the average net profits of the Company for the three immediately preceding financial years are not positive, no amount is required to be spent towards CSR during FY 2025–26.

Further, since the amount required to be spent by the Company towards CSR does not exceed Rs. 50,00,000 (Rupees Fifty Lakhs), the requirement to constitute a separate CSR Committee, in accordance with Section 135(9) of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the functions of the CSR Committee are being discharged by the Board of Directors of the Company.

MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT, 1961:

The Company is compliant with the statutory provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY FROM THE END OF FINANCIAL YEAR AND TILL THE DATE OF SIGNING OF REPORT:

As on the date of Directors Report, there are no material changes from the end of Financial Year till the date of signing the Directors report.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL CHANGES IN THE YEAR 2025-26:

As on the date of this Report, there have been no significant and material changes in the nature of business of the Company from the end of the financial year till the date of this Report, except that the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, namely, SecMark Financial Aggregation Private Limited, on July 13, 2026.

REVISION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT:

According to section 131(1) of the Act, Company has not revised the financial statement.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS, COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING GOING CONCERN AND COMPANY'S OPERATION:

The Company has not received any significant and material orders passed by Regulators, Courts or Tribunals during the year, which may impact the going concern status of the Company or will have any bearing on Company's operations in future.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, the Company has a Board approved Nomination and Remuneration Charter and a Remuneration Policy. Company's policy on Remuneration is available on the website of the Company at [weblink www.secmark.in/code-and-policies](http://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies)

WHISTLE BLOWER AND VIGIL MECHANISM:

In terms of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 22 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, Company has established a vigil mechanism for the Directors and employees. The Whistle Blower Policy is framed for carrying out investigation, to conduct the enquiry in fair and unbiased manner, to ensure that complete fact-finding exercise has been undertaken and provide a channel to the Directors and employees to report genuine concerns or suspected fraud.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has zero tolerance towards sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of sexual harassment at workplace in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder. As required under law, an Internal Complaints Committee has been constituted for reporting and conducting inquiry into the complaints made by the victim on the harassments at the work place. During the year under review, there were no cases filed or reported pursuant to the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT:

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015, the Company is not required to provide a Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report for FY 2025-26 as it does not fall within the category of listed entities to which the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report requirements under Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are applicable as it applies to top 1000 listed entities by market capitalisation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Your Company is fully committed to follow good Corporate Governance practices and maintain the highest business standards in conducting business and has complied with the Corporate Governance requirements as per SEBI Listing Regulations. Your Company has adopted high standards of Corporate Governance with very competent Board having diverse experience. A separate section on Corporate Governance stipulated under Regulation 34 of SEBI Listing Regulations forms part of this Annual Report. A certificate from K.P. Ghelani & Associates, Company Secretaries, Secretarial Auditors of the Company dated August 11, 2026 confirming compliance to the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under SEBI Listing Regulations, is appended as an Annexure IV to the Corporate Governance Report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:

In accordance with the provision of Section 134(5)(e) of the Act and as per the provisions of the SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015, the Company has an Internal Financial Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. Such Internal Financial Controls were found to be adequate for a Company of this size. The controls are largely operating effectively since there has not been identification of any material weakness in the Company. The Company has policies and procedures in place for ensuring proper and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparations, reliable financial information. The Internal Auditors monitor and evaluate the effectiveness and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company and its subsidiaries. Based on the report of Internal Auditors, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

UNPAID DIVIDEND AND INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

The Company has not paid any dividend since inception and accordingly the requirement of transfer of unpaid dividend in accordance with Section 124(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in this Report, Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance, Notice to the Shareholders or elsewhere in this Annual Report, describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may constitute 'forward looking statement' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results might differ materially from those either expressed or implied in the statement depending on the market conditions and circumstances.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND APPRECIATION

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank Company's customers, shareholders, suppliers, bankers, business partners, associates, financial institutions and central and state governments for their consistent support and encouragement to the Company. Finally, your Directors would like to convey sincere appreciation to all the employees of the Company for their hard work, commitment and continued support during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Date: August 12, 2026

Place: Mumbai

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 03510258)

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki
Executive Director & CFO
(DIN: 08281489)



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Overview of Industry and Business Performance

Industry is growing and so is the business of your Company.

The financial services industry and more so the Stock Broking business has adopted innovation over the last few years.

Though to a limited extent, AI is also becoming a part of the ecosystem and its role will keep on increasing.

As the economy of our country grows, we are experiencing an overall expansion of the financial markets with increase in issuers and capital raisers, investors and consequentially the market participants who service the issuers and investors.

This offers a great opportunity to your Company and over the past few years, SecMark Consultancy Limited has strived hard to become a one stop shop for all products and services in the financial market space, more specifically the Stock Brokers and the Depository Participants.

Today SecMark Consultancy Limited has almost the entire product suite required by its clients including:

1. e-KYC platform;
2. Mobile and Web trading platforms;
3. Middleware that connects to the Order Management System (OMS) and Risk Management System (RMS) solutions through APIs;
4. Back Office solutions;
5. PMLA solutions and;
6. Compliance solution.

Your Company still has a void in its own OMS and RMS solutions, which it intends to fill in soon by developing its own state of art OMS and RMS solution.

The journey has been quite exciting and over these years the product portfolio expansion along with client expansion has resulted in a growth of turnover from just above Rs. 5 Crores for the year ended March 2020 prior to the IPO to close to Rs. 39 Crores for the year ended March 2026. This comes to a compounded annual growth at about 40% per annum over a period of 6 years.

Your Company is also delighted to share that it is now close to becoming the only one stop shop that offers all these solutions, thus allowing greater opportunities for cross selling and also brings longevity of relationship with clients. Apart from this your Company also becomes a preferred vendor, where the management of a prospective or existing client is of the view of having only one vendor for all products to ensure smooth coordination and better functioning.

Looking at the current scenario of the markets and the growth of product portfolio and team coupled with the commitment of the Management to work tirelessly for the growth of the Company it appears that the Company try to do well in years to come.

The Company's revenue from operations (Total Operating Income) increased from Rs. 3511.31 Lakhs in FY 2024-25 to Rs. 3753.72 Lakhs in FY 2025-26, registering a growth of 6.90%. The total revenue including other income was Rs.3,882.34 lakh versus Rs. 3,596.12 lakh, representing 7.95% growth. The Company reported a reduced Profit After Tax of Rs. 256.72 Lakhs during FY 2025-26 as against Rs. 425.08 Lakhs in the previous year.

Financial Results and Growth:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2025	31.03.2026
Total Operating Income	2459.17	3511.31	3753.72
Employee Costs	664.89	788.14	1096.16
Other Expenses	1670.93	1791.53	1955.29
Profit/(Loss) Before Interest Depreciation and Taxation	193.13	1016.45	830.90
Depreciation	408.16	414.18	461.13
Profit/(Loss) Before Interest and Taxation	(215.03)	602.27	369.77
Finance Cost	103.96	38.84	23.60
Operating Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	(318.99)	563.43	346.17
Non-Operating Income /(Expense)	-	-	-
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	(318.99)	563.43	346.17
Current Tax	-	-	-
Provision for Deferred Tax	(82.53)	138.35	89.46
Profit/ (Loss) After Tax	(236.46)	425.08	256.72

Your Company has substantial cash outflows due to purchase of these software applications and for availing support for the software purchase, detail of which is as under:

Software	Apr 1, 2024 to Mar 31, 2025	Apr 1, 2025 to Mar 31, 2026	Apr 1, 2026 to Mar 31, 2027	Apr 1, 2027 to Mar 31, 2028	Apr 1, 2028 to Mar 31, 2029
TradePlus Back Office product suite (For Consultancy)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Comtek Bizsoft Pvt. Ltd. (For software purchase)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Comtek Bizsoft Pvt. Ltd. (For Consultancy payable to promoters)	150	200	100.00	Nil	Nil
Comtek Bizsoft Pvt. Ltd. (For Sales Commission)*	400.70	341.46	350.00	Nil	Nil
ComTek Software Systems LLP (For software purchase)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
ComTek Software Systems LLP (For Consultancy payable to promoters)	200.00	150.00	150.00	200.00	Nil
Codifi Finserv Private Limited (For software purchase)	Nil	800.00	Nil	Nil	Nil
Codifi Finserv Private Limited (For Consultancy payable to promoters)	Nil	175.00	700.00	600.00	525.00

* Sales Commission is payable at a rate of 50% of sales in the next year for sales in previous year. If the

total sales for the period April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2026 is less than Rs. 20 Crores then the minimum amount payable will be Rs. 10 Crores across the span of 3 years and if the sales are more than Rs. 20 Crores, then the sales commission will be paid at 50% of sales value subject to a maximum of Rs. 15 Crores over a span of 3 years.

Our Competitive Strength

We believe that the following strengths contribute to our success and position us well for future growth:

1. Qualified and Experienced Team
2. Company is managed by professionals having a varied experience in financial services. The team of the Company exhibits a synergy of both, qualified professionals (Chartered Accountants, Cost and Management Accountants, Company Secretaries, Advocates, CISAs, DISAs, Engineers, Technology Experts, Management Professionals etc.) as well as experienced personnel having diversified experience in the fields of Software Development, Operations, Outsourcing, Corporate Consultancy and Compliance, and the like. Since management has been actively involved in the Financial Services Industry and has gained requisite domain knowledge, experience and industry networks, going forward they would be able to take benefits of opportunities in the Financial Services Industry thereby improving our operational performance and brand value.
3. The Tech Initiatives:
Company's major clientele are brokers and depository participants and they require the following major type of software / services:
 - i. E-KYC Software – for client on-Boarding.
 - ii. Trading and Risk Management Software – for enabling clients to transact on stock exchanges.
 - iii. Back Office Software – for handling back-office operations of Broking and DP businesses.
 - iv. PMLA Software – for client screening and transaction monitoring.
 - v. Compliance Software – for managing compliance activities.
4. Your Company had shared in the previous annual report that it has all Software Applications in its fold except Trading and Risk Management Software.
5. Long-term relationships
Long term client relationships provide the foundation for our business. Client list includes stock brokers, depository participants, stock exchanges, wealth managers, research analysts, insurance companies, insurance brokers, corporate agents, portfolio managers, investment advisors, merchant bankers, NBFCs, banks etc. Company's track record of delivering solutions to complex business problems backed by demonstrable industry and technology expertise has helped to forge strong relationships with clients.
The relationship with clients has grown with a good interest in the latest products of Compliance Management and E-KYC. Both these products are seeing good traction.

Opportunities and Threats

Opportunities

- Your Company has increased its offerings by acquisition of software and added several clients. There is further scope of increasing the business and adding more clients.
- Favourable market conditions on the back of overall growth in the sector.
- Government push to increase securities market out reach across India and increase in products offering for different types of investors
- Acceptance of outsourcing as a suitable business model.

- Technology driven services.
- Regulatory stringent approach requiring specialized teams to handle tasks and situation.
- Using technology to reduce transactions cost, improve compliance.

Threats:

- Global uncertainties, high inflation in various countries and possibilities of wars can pose a significant risk to business as it will reduce the spending capacity of the clients of your Company.
- Changing regulatory landscape.
- Large scale influx of competitors (Requires several capabilities which cannot be acquired overnight)
- Cyber Attacks (Controls to be placed for prevention, detection and correction).
- Technological advancements.

Outlook

- As aforesaid, with the increase in products on offer there is higher possibility of business with each client. Also, addition of clients can result in substantial growth in business. The overall outlook of the business looks positive.

Risks and Concerns

Your Company has substantial foreseeable cash outflows for the consultancy services for software applications it acquired and this will have an impact on the profitability in the near term.

The Company recognizes the importance of well-structured system to identify and manage the different elements of risk. The management of the Company regularly identifies reviews and assesses risks involved in its various business activities and work out guidelines for mitigating the same.

The risk factors have been determined on the basis of their materiality. The following factors have been considered for determining the materiality.

1. Some events may have material impact qualitatively instead of quantitatively;
2. Some events may not be material individually but may be found material collectively;
3. Some events may not be material at present but may be having material impact in future.

Our systems are potentially vulnerable to data security breaches, whether by our employees, or our service providers or others that may expose sensitive data to unauthorized persons. We process and transfer data, including personal information, financial information and other confidential data provided to us by our clients. Although we maintain systems and procedures to prevent unauthorized access and other security breaches, it is possible that unauthorized individuals could improperly access our systems, or improperly obtain or disclose sensitive data that we process or handle. Data security breaches could lead to the loss of intellectual property or could lead to the public exposure of personal information (including sensitive financial and personal information) of our clients' investors or our employees. Any such security breaches or compromises of technology systems could result in institution of legal proceedings against us and potential imposition of penalties, which may have an adverse effect on our business and reputation.

Internal control systems and their adequacy.

The Company has proper and adequate systems of internal controls. These have been designed to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly and the business operations are conducted as per the prescribed policies and procedures of the Company.

Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance.

The key highlights pertaining to the business of the Company for the financial the year ended have been given hereunder. In the Consolidated Financial Statements, total income was Rs. 3882.47 and Rs. 3600.54 lakhs for the Financial Year 2026 and 2025 respectively. Profit/(Loss) after Tax for the similar fiscal years mentioned above were Rs. 256.72 and Rs 429.39 lakhs respectively. For the Standalone Financial Statements, total income was Rs. 3882.34 and Rs. 3596.12 lakhs for the Financial Year 2026 and 2025 respectively. Profit/(Loss) after Tax for the similar fiscal years mentioned above were Rs. 256.72 and Rs. 425.08 lakhs respectively.

Note:

During the year under review,

- The Company acquired software applications and related intellectual property rights from Codifi Finserv Private Limited and Codifi Soft Tech Private Limited for Rs. 8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crores Only), plus applicable GST.
- The Company entered into a consultancy agreement with the management persons / entities of Codifi Soft Tech Private Limited for software development and support services from December 30, 2025 to December 30, 2028, for an aggregate remuneration of Rs. 20,00,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Crores Only), plus applicable GST.

Your Company has grown its topline by more than 6.90%.

The Board of your Company is reasonably satisfied with the performance and intends to perform better in the years to come.

Material developments in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front, including number of people employed.

The Directors want to place on record their appreciation for the contribution made by employees at all levels, who through their steadfastness, solidarity and with their co-operation and support have made it possible for the Company to achieve its current status. Human resource is the key element for our Company's growth strategy and handling the day to day activities within the organization. We focus on attracting and retaining the best possible talent. Our team is a blend of experienced, professional with expertise in capital markets. Our Company strongly believes that its human resources are the key enablers for the growth of the Company and important asset. Hence, the success of the Company is closely aligned with the goals of the human resources of the Company. Currently our Company has employed 101 employees. Taking into this account, our Company continued to invest in developing its human capital and establishing its brand on the market to attract and retain the best talent. The employee relations continue to be cordial and harmonious.

Details of significant changes (i.e., change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefore:

Ratios	2025-26	2024-25	Growth	Reason for variance
Debt Equity Ratio (in times)	0.55	0.32	71.75%	The Company has availed short term borrowings for payment of software applications purchased by the company.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	31.55	3.68	757.85%	The Company has repaid short term borrowings with better cash flows and revenue. Further shareholders equity has been improved due to profits this year.

Ratios	2025-26	2024-25	Growth	Reason for variance
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in times)	14.44	18.19	-20.62%	The Company has been able to grow it's sales with a little long repayment cycle, resulting in increased average receivables.
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in times)	4.09	5.41	-24.39%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the Company.
Net Profit Ratio (in %)	6.84%	12.11%	-43.51%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the Company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the Company.
Return on Capital Employed (in %)	10.20%	22.81%	-55.30%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the Company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the Company.

Details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof:

Particulars	2025-26	2024-25	Growth	Reasons
Return on Networth	0.11	0.21	-47.09%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the Company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the Company.

Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

While preparation of financial statements, treatment as prescribed in the Accounting Standards has been followed.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Brief Statement on Company's Philosophy on Code of Corporate Governance

Your Company's philosophy on the Code of Corporate Governance is rooted in a commitment to ethical business practices, transparency, and accountability. We believe that robust Corporate Governance is essential for fostering long-term sustainability and trust among our stakeholders. Our governance framework is designed to ensure that our operations align with the highest standards of integrity and that decision-making processes are guided by fairness and responsibility. We prioritize clear communication with our shareholders, rigorous oversight of management, and adherence to regulatory requirements. By maintaining a culture of compliance and ethical conduct, we aim to create enduring value for our investors, employees, customers, and the community at large.

Board of Directors

The composition of the Board is aimed at maintaining an appropriate balance of skills, background, experience and knowledge of the Board for guiding the Company in achieving its objectives in a sustainable manner and the composition of the Board at end of FY 2025-26 is in conformity with Regulation 17 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015.

Code Of Conduct

The Company has adopted its Code of Conduct which is available on its website: <https://www.secmark.in/> - Shareholder Relations - Policies - SecMark Consultancy Limited Code of Conduct.

The Code of Conduct articulates the Company's values, ethics and business principles and provides the guidelines by which the Company conducts its business.

A declaration signed by the Managing Director of the Company confirming the compliance by Board Members and Senior Management personnel with the Code of Conduct is also annexed with this Report as **Annexure VII**.

a) Composition of Board of Directors

The composition and category of Directors

Name of the Director	Category	Number of other Directorship held in other public Companies	Number of Committee Membership held in other public companies (limited to only Audit and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees)	No and % of Equity Shares held in the Company
			As Chairperson	As Member
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Chairman & Non-Executive Independent Director	2	2	NIL
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	NIL	NIL	NIL
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Non-Executive Independent Director	NIL	NIL	NIL
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	Executive Director	NIL	NIL	17902 Shares and 0.171% And 15000 shares Granted
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	NIL	NIL	8750 Shares and 0.0837%
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Director	NIL	NIL	20000 Shares and 0.191%

None of our Directors serve as Director or Independent Directors, Binod Chandra Maharna (DIN: 07095774) and Priti Nigam Gandhi (DIN: 08059325) in more than 7 listed companies. MD do not serve as IDs on any listed Company as on date. Further, none of our IDs serve as Non-Independent Director(s) of any Company on the Board of which any of our Non-Independent Director is an ID. Pursuant to Regulation 26 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, none of our Directors are members in more than 10 committees or act as Chairperson of more than 5 committees (the committees being, Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee) across all public limited companies in which they are a Director. One Third of the Non-Independent, Non-Executive Directors are liable to retire by rotation. There are no inter-se relationships between our Board Members.

Independent Directors are Non Executive Director(s) as defined under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Section 149(6) of the Act along with rules framed thereunder.

b) Attendance of each Director at the meeting of the Board of Directors and the last Annual General Meeting.

Name of the Director	Category	No. of Board meetings attended	Number of Committees Membership	Attendance at the last AGM (September 29, 2025)
			As Chairperson	As Member
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Chairman & Non-Executive Independent Director	4/4	0	Yes
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	4/4	0	Yes
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Non-Executive Independent Director	4/4	3	Yes
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	Executive Director	4/4	0	Yes
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhi Thanki	Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	4/4	0	Yes
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Non-Executive Director Non-Independent Director	4/4	0	Yes

c) Directorship in other listed entities as on March 31, 2026:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Directorship in other listed entities	Category of Directorship
1	Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	NIL	NA
2	Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Nil	NA
3	Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Nil	NA
4	Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	Nil	NA
5	Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Nil	NA
6	Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Nil	NA

d) Number of meetings of the Board of Directors held and dates on which held:

During F.Y 2025-26, four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held on following dates:

- April 28, 2025
- August 13, 2025
- November 12, 2025
- February 13, 2026

e) Disclosure of relationships between Directors inter-se:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Inter se relationship
1	Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Nil
2	Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Nil
3	Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Nil
4	Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	Nil
5	Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Nil
6	Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Nil

f) Number of shares held by Non-Executive Directors:

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Number of shares held by non-executive Directors
1	Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Nil
2	Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Nil
3	Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	20,000

g) Web link where details of familiarisation programmes imparted to Independent Directors is disclosed:

The detail of the familiarisation policy is available on the website of the Company at weblink [https:// www.secmark.in/code-and-policies](https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies)

h) A chart or a matrix setting out the skills/expertise/competence of the Board of Directors specifying the following:

The Board has identified the core skills, expertise and competencies required in the context of the Company's business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively. The table below sets out the core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board and the Directors who possess such skills, expertise and competencies.

Name of the Director	Interpersonal skills and personal qualities/ values	Information Technology business & industry knowledge	Legal, regulatory and financial knowhow	Strategic and analytical mindset	Leadership, Management & Governance
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

i) Confirmation that in the opinion of the Board, the independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the management:

The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015 and that they are independent of the management.

During the financial year 2025-26, one (1) meeting of the Independent Directors was held on February 13, 2026, inter-alia to review the Audit strategies, performance of the Board, Risk and administrative matters and succession planning, and the meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors.

j) Detailed reasons for the resignation of an Independent Director who resigns before the expiry of his/her tenure along with a confirmation by such Director that there are no other material reasons other than those provided:

No Independent Director resigned during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to disclose detailed reasons for resignation of an Independent Director before the expiry of his/her tenure is not applicable.

k) Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel to ensure that the business of the Company is conducted with the highest standards of ethics and values in accordance with the applicable laws, regulations and rules and is critical to the success of the Company. The Code is available on the Company's website at <https://www.secmak.in/code-and-policies>.

l) CEO and CFO Certification

As required under Regulation 17 (8) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have to certified to the Board that the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, do not contain any untrue statement and that these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and other matters as specified thereunder. A copy of the Certificate is attached as **Annexure V** to this Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

Brief description of terms of reference:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and, if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditor and the fixation of audit fees;
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- Reviewing, with the Management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's Report;
 - b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;

- e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g) modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
 - Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
 - Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public issue or rights issue or preferential issue or qualified institutions placement, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
 - Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
 - Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
 - Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
 - Valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary;
 - Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
 - Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
 - Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
 - Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
 - Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
 - Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
 - To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors, if any;
 - To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
 - Approval of appointment of chief financial officer (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
 - Review and discuss with the management the status and implications of major legal cases.
 - Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
 - Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.
 - Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
- The audit committee shall mandatorily review the following information:
- management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;

- management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
- statement of deviations:
 - a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
 - b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).

Composition of the Audit Committee:

The Composition of the Audit Committee is in conformity with the SEBI(LODR)Regulations.

The Composition of the Audit Committee and the number of meetings attended by each member during the year ended 31st March, 2026 is as follows:

Name of the member	Category	Position	Date of appointment	Meetings Held	Attended
Ms Priti Nigam Gandhi	Independent Director	Chairperson	20-12-2019	4	4
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Independent Director	Member	20-12-2019	4	4
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	Member	20-12-2019	4	4

Meetings of the Audit Committee:

During the financial year 2025-26, four (4) Audit Committee meetings were held. The date on which the said meetings were held are as follows:

- April 28, 2025
- August 13, 2025
- November 12, 2025
- February 13, 2026

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

Brief description of terms of reference

- Formulate the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to, the remuneration for Directors, KMPs and other employees.
- For every appointment of an independent Director, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent Director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an independent Director

shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:

- use the services of an external agencies, if required;
- consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
- consider the time commitments of the candidates.
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board of Directors their appointment and removal.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent Directors and Board of Directors.
- Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors.
- Deciding on, whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent Directors.
- Decide the salary, allowances, perquisites, bonuses, notice period, severance fees and increment of Executive Directors.
- Define and implement the Performance Linked Incentive Scheme (including ESOP of our Company) and evaluate the performance and determine the amount of incentive of the Executive Directors for that purpose.
- Decide the amount of Commission payable to the Whole time Director / Managing Directors.
- Review and suggest revision of the total remuneration package of the Executive Directors keeping in view the performance of our Company, standards prevailing in the industry, statutory guidelines etc.
- To formulate and administer the Employee Stock Option Scheme.

Composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in conformity with the SEBI(LODR) Regulations.

The Composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the number of meetings attended by each member during the year ended 31st March, 2026 is as follows:

Name of the member	Category	Position	Date of appointment	Meetings Held	Attended
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Independent Director	Chairperson	01-11-2019	3	3
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Non-Executive Independent Director	Member	01-11-2019	3	3
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	Member	15-06-2023	3	3

Meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

During the financial year 2025-26, three (3) Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings were held. The date on which the said meetings were held are as follows:

- April 28, 2025
- August 13, 2025
- February 13, 2026

Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors

The evaluation of Independent Directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors which shall include -

- (a) performance of the Directors; and
- (b) fulfillment of the independence criteria as specified in these regulations and their independence from the management:

Provided that in the above evaluation, the Directors who are subject to evaluation shall not participate.

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Composition of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee is in conformity with the SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

The Composition of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee and the number of meetings attended by each member during the year ended 31st March, 2026 is as follows:

Name of the member	Category	Position	Date of appointment	Meetings Held	Attended
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	Independent Director	Chairperson	20-11-2019	2	2
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	Non-Executive Independent Director	Member	20-11-2019	2	2
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	Member	20-11-2019	2	2

Meetings of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee

During the financial year 2025-26, Two (2) Stakeholder Relationship Committee meetings were held. The date on which the said meetings were held as follows:

- August 13, 2025
- February 13, 2026

Brief description of terms of reference

- Resolution of the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

Name of the Non-Executive Director Heading the Committee

- Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi

Name and Designation of the Compliance Officer

- Sunil Kumar Bang – Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Number of shareholders' complaints received during the financial year

- Zero (0)

Number of complaints not solved to the satisfaction of shareholders

- Zero (0)

Number of pending complaints

- Zero (0)

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of senior management including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Date of joining	Date of cessation (As applicable)
1	Sunil Kumar Bang	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	01-01-2020	-

There were no changes in Senior Management during the year.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS**Annual General Meetings (AGM)**

The Annual General Meetings of the Company were held at the Registered Office of the Company through video conference mode. Details of last three AGMs held are as below:

Financial Year	Date	Time (IST)	Mode of Meeting
2022-2023	14-09-2023	2:30 p.m.	Video Conference / Other Audio-Visual Means
2023-2024	27-09-2024	2:30 p.m.	Video Conference / Other Audio-Visual Means
2024-2025	29-09-2025	2:30 p.m.	Video Conference / Other Audio-Visual Means

All resolutions moved at the Annual General Meetings were passed through remote e-voting by the requisite majority of members. The following are the special resolutions passed at the previous three AGMs:

AGM held on	Summary of Special resolutions
September 29, 2025	To appoint M/S. K.P. Ghelani & Associates, Company Secretaries, as a Secretarial Auditor of the Company from Financial Year 2025- 26 till the Financial Year 2029-2030.
September 27, 2024	To consider re-appointment of Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi (DIN: 08059325) as Non-Executive Independent Director for the second term of the Company. To consider re-appointment of Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana (DIN: 07095774) as Non-Executive Independent Director for the second term of the Company.

AGM held on	Summary of Special resolutions
September 14, 2023	To revise and approve remuneration of Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki, Executive Director of the Company To consider change in designation of Director, Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya and approve appointment of Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya (DIN: 03510258) as a Managing Director of the Company To consider and approve appointment of Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza, as Executive Director of the Company To approve related party transaction to be entered with Trakiot Solutions Private Limited, Associate Company on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business.

Extra-Ordinary General Meetings (EGM)

During the year under review there were no Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held.

Postal Ballot

No special resolution was passed through postal ballot during the financial year 2025-26. Accordingly, the details of voting pattern and the person who conducted the postal ballot exercise are not applicable. Further, no special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot as on the date of this Report.

Means of Communication

a) Financial Results and Newspaper Publication

Quarterly and Annual Financial Results are filed with stock exchanges and displayed on stock exchanges' websites and are also made available on the Company's website. The results are also normally published in The Financial Express (English newspaper – all India edition) and Prathakal (Regional Newspaper – Marathi edition).

b) Website

The Company maintains an active website at <https://www.secmark.in/> wherein all the information relevant for the Shareholders are displayed.

c) Press Releases and Analysts/Investors Presentations

The Company does not issue any official news releases. Accordingly, there are no official news releases displayed on the Company's website.

d) Annual Report

Annual Report containing Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements together with Board's Report, Auditor's Report and other reports/information forming part of it are circulated to members entitled thereto and is also made available on the Company Website at <https://www.secmark.in/>.

General shareholder information

1) Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company

Day & Date: Wednesday, September 30, 2026

Time: 02:30 pm (IST)

Venue: Through Video Conference. For details, please refer to Notice of this AGM

2) Financial Year

The financial year of the Company was from April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026.

The quarterly results for the financial year were announced as follows:

For the quarter ended June 30, 2025	August 13, 2025
For the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2025	November 12, 2025
For the quarter ended December 31, 2025	February 13, 2026
For the quarter and Financial Year ended March 31, 2026	May 13, 2026

Dividend Payment

Your Directors recommend Nil dividend for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026.

3) Stock Exchanges

The Company's equity shares are listed on following Stock Exchanges as on March 31, 2026:

Name of the Exchange and Stock Code	Address & Contact details
BSE Limited (BSE) Stock Code: 543234	Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001, Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 22721233/34; Fax: +91 22 22721919
National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) Symbol: SECMARK	Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051, Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 26598100-14; Fax: +91 22 26598120

The Company hereby confirms that it has duly paid the listing fees for the financial year 2026-27 to both BSE and NSE.

It further confirms that the equity shares of the Company have never been suspended from trading either by the BSE or NSE from the time it has been listed.

4) Registrars and Transfer Agents (RTA)

All work related to Share Registry, in electronic form, are handled by the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, whose name and contact details are as given below:

Name and Address: Bigshare Services Private Limited

Office No S6-2, 6th Floor, Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400093

Tel. No. : +91 022– 62638200;

E-mail : investor@bigshareonline.com

Website : <https://www.bigshareonline.com/>

5) Share Transfer System

Pursuant to Regulation 40 (1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, effective from April 1, 2019, transfer of shares in physical mode has been discontinued and accordingly the Company has not processed transfer of shares in physical from the time the said Regulation was applicable and all the transfer of shares would be carried out only in dematerialized form by the respective Depository Participants of the shareholders.

6) Distribution of Shareholding

a) Distribution of equity shareholding as on March 31, 2026:

Category (No. of Shares)	No. of Shareholders	% of Total	Share Amount(in Rs.)	% of Total
1-500	1241	76.322	95186	0.911
501-1000	80	4.920	60322	0.577
1001-2000	69	4.244	101100	0.9623
2001-3000	124	7.626	309286	2.961
3001-4000	17	1.046	61749	0.591
4001-5000	27	1.661	131525	1.259
5001-10000	33	2.030	250894	2.402
10001-999999999999	35	2.153	9436938	90.332

b) Shareholding pattern:

Category of shareholders	No of Shareholders	Total Shares	% of Total Shares	Demat-erIALIZED
Promoter & Promoter Group	6	7835040	75.00	7835040
Key Managerial Personnel	2	13000	0.12	13000
Resident Individuals holding nominal share capital up to Rs. 2 lakhs	1500	1006687	9.64	1006687
Resident Individuals holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 2 lakhs	14	884937	8.47	884937
Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)	15	17919	0.17	17919
Bodies Corporate	16	569702	5.45	569702
Any Other	47	119715	1.15	119715
Total	1594	10447000	100	10447000

7) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity.

100.00% of the Company's shares are in dematerialized form as on March 31, 2026, held with both the Depositories viz., the National Securities Depository Limited ('NSDL') and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited ('CDSL') and the break-up is as follows:

Description	March 31, 2026			March 31, 2025		
	No. of Holders	No. of Shares	% to Total Shares	No. of Holders	No. of Shares	% to Total Shares
NSDL	438	8802724	84.26	391	8799658	25.89
CDSL	1188	1644276	15.74	1119	1610967	74.11
Physical	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1626	10447000	100	1510	10410625	100

Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's equity shares is INE0BTM01013.

8) Outstanding Global Depository Receipts (GDR) or American Depository Receipts (ADR) or warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity.

The Company has no outstanding GDR / ADR / warrants or any convertible Instruments as of March 31, 2026.

9) Nomination Facility

As per the provisions of the Act, facility for making nomination is available to the Members in respect of shares held by them. Nomination forms (SH-13/SH-14) can be obtained from the Company's RTA by Members holding shares in physical form.

Members holding shares in electronic form may obtain Nomination forms from their respective Depository Participants (DPs).

10) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

The Company does not deal in commodities and foreign exchange revenue is very negligible and hedging activities and hence the disclosure pursuant to Regulation 34(3) read with Clause 9(n) of Part C of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 SEBI (LODR) Regulations is not applicable.

11) Web Links

As required under the various provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations and other applicable laws and for availability of information for the stakeholders, the web link of the documents placed on the Company's website are provided below:

Particulars	Weblink
Details of business	https://www.secmark.in/about
Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association	https://www.secmark.in/Company-information
Brief profile of board of Directors including Directorship and full-time positions in body corporates	https://www.secmark.in/Company-information
Terms and conditions of appointment of independent Directors	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Composition of various committees of board of Directors	https://www.secmark.in/board-kmps-committees
Code of conduct of board of Directors and senior management personnel	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Details of establishment of vigil mechanism/ Whistle Blower policy	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Criteria of making payments to non-executive Directors	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Policy on dealing with related party transactions	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Details of familiarization programmes imparted to independent Directors	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old

Particulars	Weblink
Email address for grievance redressal and other relevant details	https://www.secmark.in/Company-information
Contact information of the designated officials of the listed entity who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances	https://www.secmark.in/Company-information
Financial results	https://www.secmark.in/financials
Shareholding pattern	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Details of agreements entered into with the media companies and/or their associates	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Audio recordings, video recordings, if any, and transcripts of post earnings or quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Advertisements as per regulation 47 (1)	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Separate audited financial statements of each subsidiary of the listed entity in respect of a relevant financial year	https://www.secmark.in/subsidiaryaccounts
Secretarial Compliance Report	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Materiality Policy as per Regulation 30 (4)	https://www.secmark.in/code-and-policies-old
Disclosure of contact details of KMP who are authorized for the purpose of determining materiality as required under regulation 30(5)	https://www.secmark.in/Company-information
Disclosures under regulation 30(8)	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Statements of deviation(s) or variations(s) as specified in regulation 32	https://www.secmark.in/st-ex-announcements
Annual return as provided under section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013	https://www.secmark.in/annualreturn
Employee Benefit scheme documents framed in terms of SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, 2021	https://www.secmark.in/financials

12) Details Of Corporate Policies/ Codes

The corporate governance policies are uploaded on the website of the Company: <https://www.secmark.in/> - Investors – Code and Policies

13) Plant Locations

As Company is not involved in any manufacture, it does not have any plant locations.

14) Updation of bank details for remittance of dividend/ cash benefits in electronic form

SEBI, vide its Circular No. CIR/MRD/DP/10/2013 dated March 21, 2013 ("Circular"), requires all listed companies to update the bank details of shareholders holding shares in dematerialised and/or physical form, to facilitate the electronic remittance of dividends and other cash benefits through National Automated Clearing House ("NACH") and National Electronic Fund Transfer ("NEFT"). Accordingly, the Company has complied with the applicable requirements in this regard.

15) Locations

The registered office address along with the contact details have been provided separately in the Annual Report in Corporate Information section above and the details are also available at www.secmark.in.

16) Address for Correspondence

Shareholders can send their correspondence with respect to their shares, dividend, request for annual reports and grievances, if any to the Company's RTA as per contact details provided in Corporate Information section above. They can also correspond with the Company as per below contact details:

Mr. Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

SecMark Consultancy Limited

Plot No. 36/227, RDP-10, Sector-6, Charkop, Kandivali (West), Mumbai: 400067 Tel No.: +91 9820463889

Email: sunil@secmark.in

17) Designated e-mail id for investor services

To serve the investors better and as required under Regulation 46(2)(j) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has a dedicated e-mail address for investor complaints:

wecare@secmark.in which is continuously monitored by the Company's Compliance Officer.

18) Credit Ratings

The Company has not obtained any credit rating during the year

19) Remuneration to Directors:

- a) All pecuniary relationship or transactions of the non-executive Directors vis-à-vis the listed entity;

The Company does not have any pecuniary relationship with any Independent Directors of the Company and has not entered into any transaction, material or otherwise, with them, except for the payment of sitting fees.

- b) Criteria of making payments to non-executive Directors.

Independent Directors are paid sitting fees for attending the Meetings of the Board at the rate of Rs. 10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) per Board Meeting.

- c) Disclosures with respect to remuneration: In addition to disclosures required under the Companies Act, 2013, the following disclosures is made:

Name of the Director	Salary (Rs.)	Perquisites	Sitting fees and Commission (Rs.)	Shares issued under ESOPs	Total Remuneration paid(Rs.)	Details of Service Contracts, Notice Period & Severance fees
Mr. Binod Chandra Maharana	NIL	NIL	10,000/-	NIL	NIL	NA
Mr. Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	41,60,000/-	NIL	NA	NIL	41,60,000/-	NA
Mr. Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	12,75,000/-	NIL	NA	1875	12,75,000/-	NA
Ms. Priti Nigam Gandhi	NIL	NIL	10,000/-	NIL	NIL	NA
Mr. Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	NIL	NIL	NA	NIL	NIL	NA
Mr. Michael Nanson D'souza	24,14,686/-	NIL	NA	7500	24,14,686/-	NA

20) Other Disclosures:

A) Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large: Nil

B) Details of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the Board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years;

No penalty or stricture has been imposed by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other authority since the last three years.

C) Vigil mechanism/Whistle-blower policy

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary Vigil Mechanism as required under Regulation 22 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the details of which have been provided in the Board's Report. The Company affirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.

D) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements;

The Company has complied with all the applicable mandatory requirements of SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

E) Web link where policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries and policy on Related Party Transactions is disclosed;

The Company does not have any material subsidiary during the period under review and hence the disclosures required are not applicable as per Regulation 16 (1) (c) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) ("LODR") Regulations, 2015. Related Party Transactions policy can be accessed at the website of the Company www.secmak.in

F) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The Company has not raised funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

G) Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary on Non-Disqualification of Directors

The Company has obtained a certificate from a Practicing Company Secretary that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority in accordance with SEBI (LODR) Regulations. Copy of the Certificate is attached as Annexure VI.

H) Recommendation of Committees

During the financial year ended March 31, 2026, the Board of Directors of the Company had accepted recommendation of all the committees of the Board, which were mandatorily required.

I) Auditors' Remuneration

The details of total fees for all services paid by the Company during FY 2025-26, to the Statutory Auditors is as follows: Rs. 3,75,000/- plus taxes (consolidated amt) and Rs. 1,00,000/- plus taxes was towards tax audit fees to Statutory Auditor.

Payment for Statutory Audit fees (including out of pocket expenses) was Rs.2,75,000/- plus taxes.

J) Disclosures as required under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place a Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace Policy at workplace which is in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the applicable rules, the details of which have been provided in the Boards' Report.

Details of sexual harassment complaints received:

- i) No. of complaints received during financial year 2025-26: Nil
- ii) No. of complaints disposed of during financial year 2025-26: Nil
- iii) No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial year 2025-26: Nil

K) Disclosure of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which Directors are interested

During the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026, there were no loans or advances provided by the Company and its subsidiaries to firms/companies in which Directors are interested.

L) Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries

The Company does not have any material subsidiary during the period under review and hence the disclosures required are not applicable.

M) Non-compliance of Regulations relating to Corporate Governance under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, if any

The Company is fully compliant with SEBI (LODR) Regulations and there are no such non-compliances to report.

N) Discretionary requirements

The Company has adopted the following discretionary requirements as provided in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations:

a) Modified opinion(s) in Audit Report

The Company is in the regime of unmodified opinions on financial statements and that the Auditors of the Company have issued Audit Reports with unmodified opinion on the standalone and consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026.

b) Reporting of Internal Auditor

The Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee and submits periodically presentations to the Committee on their reports.

O) Disclosures with respect to Demat Suspense Account/Unclaimed Suspense Account

The Company does not have any unclaimed shares and hence the disclosure pursuant to Schedule V of SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015 is not applicable.

P) Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities

There are no agreements impacting management or control of the Company or imposing any restriction or create any liability upon the Company which require disclosure under Clause 5A of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015.

Q) Compliance

The Company is in compliance with all the mandatory requirements stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 as applicable with regards to Corporate Governance.

The Company has obtained a certificate from a Practicing Company Secretary in compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI (LODR) Regulations. A copy of the Certificate is attached to the Directors Report annexed as Annexure IV

ANNEXURE – I

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/ joint ventures

Part A: Subsidiaries

(Amount. in Rs)

Name of Subsidiary	Sutra Software Services Private Limited	Markets On Cloud Private Limited
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding Company's reporting period holding Company's reporting period	April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026	April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026
Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Share capital (Rs.)	100,000	100,000
Reserves & surplus	2,595	1,551
Total assets	1,12,845	1,06,591
Total Liabilities	1,12,845	1,06,591
Investments	-	-
Turnover	-	-
Profit before taxation	987	151

Name of Subsidiary	Sutra Software Services Private Limited	Markets On Cloud Private Limited
Provision for taxation	250	40
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	737	111
Proposed Dividend	-	-
% of shareholding	100%	100%

The following information shall be furnished:

Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year- None

For and on behalf of the Board
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Date: August 12, 2026
Place: Mumbai

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 03510258)

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki
Executive Director & CFO
(DIN: 08281489)

ANNEXURE – II

DISCLOSURE RELATED TO EMPLOYEE

Particulars Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

- 1) The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year 2025-26 are as under:

Name of Director	Designation	Ratio
Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director and CEO	7.80
Michael Nanson D'souza	Executive Director	4.53
Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Executive Director and CFO	2.39

- 2) Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Name of Director	Designation	Ratio
Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	Managing Director and CEO	0.00%
Michael Nanson D'souza	Executive Director	-2.86%
Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	Executive Director and CFO	-25.00%
Sunil Kumar Bang	Company Secretary	61.70%

- 3) During the year, the median remuneration of employees increased by 5.95%.
- 4) There were 101 permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2026. Average percentile increase made in the salaries of employee other than the managerial personnel in the last Financial Year i.e. 2025-26 was 6.72% whereas the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration for the same Financial Year was 30.04%. The change in the remuneration of the managerial personnel is in accordance with the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

- 5) It is affirmed that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.
Statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:
Such particulars shall be made available to any shareholder on a specific request made by him in writing before the date of such Annual General Meeting.

For and on behalf of the Board
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Date: August 12, 2026
Place: Mumbai

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 03510258)

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki
Executive Director & CFO
(DIN: 08281489)



ANNEXURE – III

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED
CIN: L67190MH2011PLC220404
PLOT NO 36/227, RDP-10, CTS-1C/1/640,
SECTOR-6, CHARKOP,
NR. AMBA MATA MANDIR,
KANDIVALI-WEST,
MUMBAI – 400067,
MAHARASHTRA

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by -SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2026 (Audit Period) complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2026 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non -Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 – Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client – Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 – Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 – Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period.
 - (i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) the Company has complied with the applicable sector-specific laws relating to its Consultancy and IT business.
- (vii) Based on the representation made by the Company and its officers, the Company has proper system and process in place for compliance under the other applicable Labour Laws and other incidental laws, Acts, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same has been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Women Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, etc.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no specific events / actions having a major bearing on company's affair in pursuance of the above – referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

For K. P. Ghelani & Associates
Company Secretaries

Date: August 05, 2026

Place: Rajkot

CS Keyur Ghelani

Proprietor

Mem No. 33400

CoP: 12468

Peer Review Certificate No. 5905/2024

UDIN: A033400H001027021

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date that is annexed as Annexure I and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure - I

The Members,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED
CIN: L67190MH2011PLC220404
PLOT NO 36/227, RDP-10, CTS-1C/1/640,
SECTOR-6, CHARKOP, NR.AMBAMATA MANDIR,
KANDIVALI-WEST, MUMBAI – 400067,
MAHARASHTRA

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the company.
4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For K. P. Ghelani & Associates
Company Secretaries

CS Keyur Ghelani
Proprietor

Mem No. 33400
CoP: 12468

Peer Review Certificate No. 5905/2024
UDIN: A033400H001027021

Date: August 05, 2026
Place: Rajkot



ANNEXURE IV

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

Corporate Identity No.: L67190MH2011PLC220404

Nominal Capital: Rs.15,00,00,000/-

To
The Members of
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

We have examined all the relevant records of SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED for the purpose of certifying compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the financial year ended March 31, 2026. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of certification.

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to the procedure and implementation process adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the corporate governance.

This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations and information furnished to us, we certify that the Company has complied with all the mandatory conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Regulations.

As regards Discretionary Requirements specified in Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Company has complied with items C and E.

For K. P. GHELANI & ASSOCIATES
Company Secretaries

Date: August 11, 2026
Place: Rajkot

CS Keyur Ghelani
Proprietor
Mem No. 33400
CoP: 12468

Peer Review Certificate No. 5905/2024
UDIN: A033400H001078125



ANNEXURE V

CEO & CFO Certificate under Regulation 33(2) (a) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

May 13, 2026

To,
The Board of Directors,
SecMark Consultancy Limited

In compliance with Regulation 17(8) read with Schedule II Part B of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015,

We hereby certify that:

- A) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2026 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - a) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - b) These statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to Financial Reporting and they have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - a) that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - b) that there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements;
 - c) that there are no instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over Financial Reporting.

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya
MD & Chief Executive Officer

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki
Chief Financial Officer



ANNEXURE VI

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

The Members,
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED
PLOT NO. 36/227, RDP-10
CTS-1C/1/640, SECTOR-6, CHARKOP, NR.AMBAMATA MANDIR,
KANDIVALI (WEST), MUMBAI-400067, MAHARASHTRA

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Secmark Consultancy Limited, having CIN-L67190MH2011PLC220404 and having registered office at Plot No. 36/227, Sector VI, Charkop, Kandivali (West), Mumbai-400067 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2026 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

Details of Directors:

Sr No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki	08281489	28-01-2019
2	Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	03510251	01-10-2011
3	Ravi Vijay Ramaiya	03510258	01-10-2011
4	Binod Chandra Maharana	07095774	05-11-2019
5	Priti Nigam Gandhi	08059325	30-09-2019
6	Michael Nanson D'souza	01690296	19-08-2023

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For K. P. GHELANI & ASSOCIATES
Company Secretaries

Date: August 11, 2026

Place: Rajkot

CS Keyur Ghelani

Proprietor

Mem No. 33400

CoP: 12468

Peer Review Certificate No. 5905/2024

UDIN: A033400H001078059



ANNEXURE VII

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees, including Managing Director and Executive Directors. In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. These Codes are available on the Company's website.

I, Ravi Vijay Ramaiya, Managing Director & CEO DIN: 03510258 confirm that the Company has, in respect of the year ended March 31, 2026, received from the Senior Management Team of the Company and the Members of the Board a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

For and on behalf of the Board
SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya
Managing Director & CEO
(DIN: 03510258)

Date: August 12, 2026
Place: Mumbai



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (STANDALONE)

To the Members of
SecMark Consultancy Limited

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **SecMark Consultancy Limited** (the Company), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its profit, other comprehensive income, its cash flows changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial



statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Revenue recognition is considered a key audit matter due to the significance of revenue to the financial statements and the degree of judgment involved in determining the appropriate accounting period for recognition of service income in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. - During the course of our audit, we noted instances where certain sales invoices raised before March 31, 2026 pertained to services to be rendered beyond the year-end date. Accordingly, such revenues required assessment for deferral and recognition as unearned revenue to the extent relating to subsequent accounting periods. Further, we also identified invoices raised subsequent to year end, i.e., in April 2026, wherein the underlying services pertained wholly or partly to the financial year ended March 31, 2026, requiring evaluation for recognition of unbilled revenue/accrued income in the current year. - Considering the materiality of revenue, the volume of transactions, and the judgment involved in determining the timing of service delivery and corresponding revenue recognition, this matter was considered to be significant in our audit.	Our audit procedures in relation to the matter included, inter alia, the following: - Evaluated the design and implementation of controls relating to revenue recognition and period-end cut-off procedures; - Performed sample testing of sales invoices raised before and after year end to assess whether revenue had been recognized in the appropriate accounting period; - Reviewed underlying agreements, work orders, service periods, and supporting documentation to determine the period to which the services related; - Assessed the basis adopted by management for identifying and accounting for unearned revenue and unbilled revenue at year end; - Verified subsequent invoicing and collections, where applicable, to corroborate the timing and occurrence of revenue; - Evaluated the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements in respect of revenue recognition policies and related balances.



Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard Rules), 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the Order), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B; Our Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.
 - g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2026 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.



- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which has impact on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There is no amount due to transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2026.
 - (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

The Company has not declared/paid dividend during the year.

Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective software. Further, during the course of audit, we have not come across any instance



of the audit trail features being tampered with. The company has preserved the audit trail for the prior financial year in compliance with statutory record retention requirements.

For D. Kothary & Co
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Mehul N. Patel
Partner
Membership No. 132650
UDIN: 26132650XIMXSD5999

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2026



Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our report of even date)

- i) In respect of its Property, Plant & Equipment:
 - a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment on the basis of available information;
 - (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
 - b) As explained to us, all the Property, Plant & Equipment have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification;
 - c) According to the documents provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date;
 - d) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets during the year.; and therefore the provisions of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
 - e) There are no proceedings initiated and are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
- ii) In respect of its inventories:
 - a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits, in excess of five crore rupees, during any point of time of the year, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii) In respect of loans and advances, guarantee or security provided:
 - a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, hence clause iii(a) of the Order is not not applicable.
 - b) As the company has not provided loans or advances in the nature of loans,



- or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, reporting under clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- c) As the company has not provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, reporting under clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - d) As the company has not provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, reporting under clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
 - e) As the company has not provided loans or advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, reporting under clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided.
- v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the business activities carried out by the Company.
- vii) In respect of statutory dues:
- a) Undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to the Company have been regularly deposited by it with the appropriate authorities in all cases during the year.
- There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



- b) There are no statutory dues pending to be deposited on account of disputes pending with various forums.
- viii) There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix)
 - a) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by management, the Company has not taken term loan, which is repayable on demand, hence default in repayment of dues does not arise.
 - b) The Company has not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no unutilized term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - d) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long term purposes by the Company.
 - e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- x)
 - a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (x) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- xi)
 - a) To the best of our knowledge, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
 - b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under Sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.
- xii) The Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.



- xiv) a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year and covering the period upto March 31, 2026.
- xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with any of its directors or directors of it's holding company, subsidiary company or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
- Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii) The company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year covered by our audit, and also in the immediately preceding financial year.
- Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xviii) There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx) The provisions of section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For D. Kothary & Co
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Mehul N. Patel
Partner
Membership No. 132650
UDIN: 26132650XIMXSD5999

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2026



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SecMark Consultancy Limited (the Company) as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to



provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D. Kothary & Co
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Mehul N. Patel
Partner
Membership No. 132650
UDIN: 26132650XIMXSD5999

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2026

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	192.47	160.33
(b) Capital Work In Progress	3	-	29.02
(c) Other Intangible Assets	4	1,231.24	861.03
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	5	1.80	1.80
(ii) Other Financial Assets	6	11.16	15.13
(e) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	7	-	66.62
(f) Other Non Current Assets	8	135.65	135.65
		1,572.32	1,269.57
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	9	232.31	287.56
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	2.04	1.23
(iii) Bank Balance other than (ii) above	11	2,754.29	1,644.19
(iv) Loans	12	2.94	3.15
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	13	181.25	141.32
(c) Other Current Assets	14	72.22	36.37
		3,245.05	2,113.81
TOTAL		4,817.37	3,383.37
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	15	1,044.70	1,041.06
(b) Other Equity	16	1,296.22	1,009.79
		2,340.92	2,050.86

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	7	22.84	-
(b) Provisions	17	53.24	43.88
		76.08	43.88
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	1,285.48	655.74
(ii) Trade Payables	19		
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro and Small Enterprise		-	-
Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise		596.28	360.49
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	396.70	203.84
(b) Other Current Liabilities	21	116.43	66.75
(c) Provisions	22	5.47	1.82
		2,400.38	1,288.63
TOTAL		4,817.37	3,383.37
Material accounting policies	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements			

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Note	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
1	Income			
	(a) Revenue from Operations	23	3,753.72	3,511.31
	(b) Other Income	24	128.62	84.81
	(c) Total Income ((a)+(b))		3,882.34	3,596.12
2	Expenses			
	(a) Employee Benefits Expenses	25	1,096.16	788.14
	(b) Finance Costs	26	23.60	38.84
	(c) Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	3,4	461.13	414.18
	(d) Other Expenses	27	1,955.29	1,791.53
	(e) Total Expenses ((a) to (d))		3,536.17	3,032.69
3	Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax		346.17	563.43
4	Exceptional Items		-	-
5	Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax (3-4)		346.17	563.43
6	Tax Expense:			
	(a) Current tax			
	(b) Deferred Tax		89.46	138.35
	Total Tax Expenses		89.46	138.35
7	Profit / (Loss) for the period (5-6)		256.72	425.08
8	Other Comprehensive Income			
	"Re-measurement Profit on Defined Benefit Plans (net of tax)"		6.94	0.70
9	Total Comprehensive Income		263.66	425.77
10	Earnings per equity share of par value Rs 10 each fully paid up	28		
	Basic (Rs)		2.46	4.09
	Diluted (Rs)		2.42	4.08
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.				

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
A	Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
	Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax		346.17	563.43
	Adjustments :			
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses		461.13	414.18
	Interest Income		(124.28)	(79.10)
	Interest Expenses		23.50	38.76
	Provision /(Reversal) for Doubtful Debts		-	-
	Employee Compensation Expenses (ESOP)		11.85	9.06
	Profit on sale of Asset		-	(1.51)
	Other Comprehensive Income		6.94	0.70
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		725.32	945.52
	Movements in Working Capital			
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Trade Receivables		55.25	(189.10)
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Current Loans		0.21	(2.22)
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Other Current Assets		(35.85)	5.28
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade Payables		235.79	58.17
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities		192.86	159.92
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		49.68	20.41
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions		13.01	13.52
			510.96	65.98
	Cash Generated from Operations Activities		1236.28	1011.50
	Income taxes paid (net of refunds)		(39.93)	(29.82)
	Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	(A)	1196.35	981.69
B	Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(834.46)	(45.26)
	(Decrease)/ Increase in Fixed Deposits		(1,110.10)	(566.76)
	(Purchase)/ Sale of Investments (net)		-	25.10
	Sale of Fixed Assets		-	1.72
	Interest Received		124.28	79.10
	(Increase)/Decrease in Security Deposit		3.96	2.00
	Net Cash Generated from Investing Activities	(B)	(1,816.33)	(504.10)

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
C	Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
	(Repayment) /Proceed of borrowings from financial institutions/Others		629.75	(449.99)
	Proceeds from allotment of ESOP		14.55	11.40
	Interest Paid		(23.50)	(38.76)
	Net Cash Used in from Financing Activities	(C)	620.80	(477.35)
	Net Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C)	0.81	0.23
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of year		1.23	1.00
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year		2.04	1.23
Notes:				
a)	The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'			
b)	Reconciliation of financial liabilities arising from financing activities			
	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes
	Current Borrowings (Bank OD)	655.74	629.75	-
	Total Borrowings	655.74	629.75	-
The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements.				

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(a) Equity Share Capital

(Amount in Lakhs)

Balance as at April 01, 2025	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2025	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance As at March 31, 2026
1,041.06	-	1,041.06	3.64	1,044.70

Balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2025
1,038.21	-	1,038.21	2.85	1,041.06

(b) Other Equity

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders				
	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Securities Premium	ESOP Outstanding	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Actuarial Gain/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans	
Balance as at March 31, 2024	776.70	12.70	(219.33)	(3.67)	566.41
Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss	-		425.08	-	425.08
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, (net of tax)	-	-	-	0.70	0.70
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	425.08	0.70	425.77
Addition /(Deduction) during the year	15.50	2.11	-	-	17.61
Balance as at March 31, 2025	792.20	14.81	205.75	(2.97)	1,009.79
Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-	256.72	-	256.72
Addition /(Deduction) during the year	24.74	(1.97)	-		22.76
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, (net of tax)	-	-	-	6.94	6.94

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders				
	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Securities Premium	ESOP Outstanding	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Actuarial Gain/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans	
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year (net of tax)	24.74	(1.97)	256.72	6.94	286.42
Dividends Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	816.94	12.84	462.47	3.97	1,296.22
The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements.					

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (STANDALONE)

Note 1:

General Information and Material Accounting Policies

Company Overview

SecMark Consultancy Limited (SecMark or The Company) was originally incorporated as a Private Limited Company on August 03, 2011, under the provision of Companies Act, 1956 and subsequently converted into Public Limited Company pursuant to a shareholders' resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on January 28, 2020.

Name of the Company was changed from SecMark Consultancy Private Limited to SecMark Consultancy Limited and fresh Certificate of Incorporation dated March 02, 2020, was issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra. The Corporate Identification is L67190MH2011PLC220404 and its registered office is situated at Plot No 36/227, RDP-10, Sector-6, Charkop, Near Amba Mata Mandir, Kandivali-West Mumbai - 400067.

The Company offers services Consulting, Technology and Outsourcing services to financial market participants in the areas of Compliance, Operations, Software Development, Risk Management and other areas to financial market participants.

Clients include leading Brokerage Houses, Depository Participants, Stock Exchanges, Wealth Managers, Research Analyst, Corporate Agents, Portfolio Managers, Investment Advisors, NBFCs, Banks, etc.

Note 2:

Material Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards Amendment) Rules 2016 and other provisions of the Act to the extent notified and applicable.

2.2 Basis of Preparation & Presentation of Standalone Financial Statements

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. These standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented under historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values or at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between the market participants at the measurement date.

The statement of financial position (including statement of changes in equity) and the statement of profit and loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. The cash flow statement has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 Cash Flow Statements. The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss, as prescribed in Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of accounts along with the other notes

required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out under Ind AS and in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in Cash and Cash Equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs unless otherwise indicated. Per share data are presented in Indian Rupees.

2.3 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity with the recognition & measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported balances of Assets and Liabilities, Disclosure relating to Contingent Liabilities as at date of financial statements and reported statement of Income and Expense for the period presented. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements pertaining to, useful life of property, plant and equipment including intangible asset, provision for Income tax, valuation of deferred tax assets and other provisions and contingent liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible asset:

The Company reviews the useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Type of Asset	Useful Life
Buildings	5 to 20 Years
Office Equipments	1 to 5 Years
Computer	1 to 3 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	1 to 10 Years
Software	1 to 5 Years

Income Taxes:

The Company provides for tax considering the applicable tax regulations and based on probable

estimates. The recognition of deferred tax assets is based on availability of sufficient taxable profits in the Company against which such assets can be utilized.

Recognition of Deferred Tax:

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the Deferred Tax Asset can be utilized.

Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions and contingent liabilities are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

When the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities recorded or disclosed in the Financial Statements cannot be measured at quoted price in the active markets, their fair value is measured using the valuation techniques. The input to these valuation techniques are taken from observable markets, wherever possible, but where these is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values.

2.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from software services is recognized either on time and material basis or fixed price basis, as the case may be. Revenue on time and material and job contracts is recognized as and when the related services are performed (units delivered, efforts expended, number of transactions processed etc.) and Unbilled revenue is accounted on estimate basis in respect of contracts where the contractual right to consideration is based on completion of contractual milestones and other technical measurements. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized where performance obligations are satisfied over time and there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration on the percentage of completion method. Efforts and costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion since there is direct relationship between input and productivity. Revenue recognised for any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Revenue from sale of licenses Product, where the customer obtains a right to use the licenses is recognized at the point in time when the related license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses / hardware where the customer obtains a right to access is recognized over the access period.

Arrangements to deliver software products generally have three elements: license, implementation and annual maintenance. In accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115, when implementation services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement, the license and implementation have been identified as two separate performance obligations. The transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligations based on their respective selling prices. Maintenance revenue in respect of software products and other products/equipment is recognised on pro rata basis over the period of the underlying maintenance agreement. Revenue is net of discounts/ price incentives which are estimated and accounted based on the terms of the contracts and excludes applicable indirect taxes.

Unearned and deferred revenue represents contractual billings/money received in excess of revenue recognised as per the terms of the contract.

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.

2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and cost incurred for bringing the asset to its present location and condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Individual assets costing up to Rupees five thousand are depreciated in full in the period of purchase.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of PPE is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively.

2.6 Intangible Assets

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues, if not, it is impaired or changed prospectively basis revised estimates.

Finite-life intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite-life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Computer Software is amortised over a period of 5 years or over license period, whichever is lower.

2.7 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a Lessee

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office spaces and certain equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax return with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding tax base used for computation of taxable Income.

A deferred tax liability is recognised based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in OCI or in equity).

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allowances and disallowances which are exercised while determining the provision for income tax. Tax on income for the current period is determined basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

2.9 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.10 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transactions. Net exchange gain or loss resulting in respect of foreign exchange transactions settled during the year is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency which are outstanding as at the year-end, are translated at the year-end at the closing exchange rate and the resultant exchange differences are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost.

2.11 Employee Benefits

i. Short-Term Employee Benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of availing employee service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits includes salaries and wages, bonus and ex- gratia and compensated absences. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits to be paid in exchange of employees services are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

ii. Long Term Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays specified contributions to a separate entity and has no obligation to pay any further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

When the calculation results in a benefit to the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement which comprise of actuarial gain and losses, the return of plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised in OCI.

The company has an obligation towards gratuity, a non-funded defined benefit plan covering eligible employees. Vesting for gratuity occurs upon completion of five years of service.

iii. Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP)

Employee stock options granted under the Company's Employee Stock Option Scheme are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payments in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 102 – Share-based Payment.

The fair value of the options granted is determined on the grant date using an appropriate

valuation model (such as the Black-Scholes option pricing model or any other suitable valuation technique), taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options are granted.

The fair value so determined is recognised as an employee benefits expense, with a corresponding increase in equity under Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account (ESOP Reserve), over the vesting period on a straight-line basis, based on the Company's estimate of the number of options expected to vest. The estimate of the number of options expected to vest is reviewed at each reporting date, and the impact of any revision is recognised prospectively in the Statement of Profit and Loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Upon exercise of the vested options, the proceeds received, together with the balance lying in the Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account relating to such options, are transferred to equity share capital and securities premium, as applicable.

Options that lapse or expire unexercised after vesting are transferred from the Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account to retained earnings (or another appropriate component of equity), with no impact on the Statement of Profit and Loss. In the case of forfeiture of unvested options due to failure to satisfy vesting conditions, the cumulative expense recognised in respect of such options is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of forfeiture.

Where modifications to the terms of the share-based payment arrangements increase the fair value of the equity instruments granted, or are otherwise beneficial to the employees, the incremental fair value is recognised over the remaining vesting period. Cancellations and settlements of share-based payment arrangements are accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 102.

The Company had instituted an Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019 ('ESOP 2019') as approved by the Board on December 20, 2019 and Shareholders on January 28, 2020 for issuance of stock option to eligible employees of the Company. The maximum number of equity shares was 5,00,000/- at that time. The Company has issued Bonus shares in the ratio of 3:2 as per the approval in Annual General Meeting dated September 29, 2022. Accordingly, the maximum number of shares under the ESOP Pool were increased to 12,50,000 equity shares (Class A). The Company has granted 1,99,200 equity shares on April 28, 2025 (Class B). The options would vest on achievement of defined performance parameters as determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee. The performance parameters are based on operating performance metrics of the company as decided by Nomination and Remuneration committee. Each of the performance parameters will be distinct for the purpose of calculation of the quantity of the shares to vest based on performance. The instruments generally vests within three years from grant date. Each option carries with a right to purchase one equity share of the Company at exercise price determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee at the time of grant.

2.12 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers net profit after tax and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when result will be anti - dilutive. Dilutive potential equity Shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

2.13 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Company creates a provision where there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent Assets are disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

2.14 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash on deposit with banks and corporations. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

2.15 Impairment of Assets

i) Non-Financial Assets

The Company tests the assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they may be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

ii) Financial Assets (other than a fair value)

The Company assesses expected credit losses on trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience, the ageing of receivables and other relevant factors. Based on historical experience and the subsequent realisation of trade receivables, the loss on collection of receivables has not been material and accordingly no additional loss allowance has been recognised.

2.16 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign exchange forward contracts.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial

liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement of Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values for the financial instruments. The Company has an established control framework with respect to measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified. When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of fair value hierarchy, then fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(A) Financial Assets

(i) Financial Assets At Amortised Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless they are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Investment in Subsidiaries

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries at cost less impairment loss, if any.

(v) Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flow on the financial assets in a transaction in which substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

B) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost. Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

i) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

C) Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

D) Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Offsetting of financial instruments Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.17 Recent Pronouncement

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendment to the existing standards under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment**Note 3 (a) Capital Work in Progress ageing schedule**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Projects in progress	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	
As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	29.02	-	-	-	29.02

Note 3 (b): Capital Work in Progress completion schedule

(Amount in Lakhs)

Projects in progress	To be completed in				Total
	Less Than 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	
As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	29.02	-	-	-	29.02

Note 4: Other Intangible Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Comp- uters	Office Equip- ment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Building	Total	Capital Work In Progress	Software
Gross Carrying value								
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	50.03	8.77	69.93	25.17	138.35	292.25	7.78	1,952.05
Additions	15.43	3.66	4.93	-	-	24.02	21.24	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(4.25)	-	(4.25)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	65.46	12.43	74.86	20.91	138.35	312.02	29.02	1,952.05
Additions	17.34	3.54	41.60	0.00	0.00	62.48	7.94	801.00
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36.97)	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2026	82.80	15.98	116.46	20.91	138.35	374.50	-	2,753.05

The title deeds of immovable properties as shown above are held in the name of the company.

Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Comp- uters	Office Equip- ment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Building	Total	Capital Work In Progress	Software
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	38.19	6.40	48.06	12.78	26.54	131.97	-	700.61
Depreciation / Amortisation	6.57	0.99	6.77	2.87	6.57	23.77	-	390.41
Eliminated on disposal of assets	-	-	-	(4.05)	-	(4.05)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	44.76	7.39	54.82	11.61	33.12	151.69	-	1,091.02

Particulars	Comp- uters	Office Equip- ement	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Building	Total	Capital Work In Progress	Software
Depreciation / Amortisation	11.68	1.24	9.14	1.71	6.57	30.34	-	430.79
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2026	56.44	8.63	63.96	13.32	39.69	182.03	-	1,521.81
Net Carrying value								
As at 31 March, 2025	20.70	5.04	20.04	9.31	105.23	160.33	29.02	861.03
As at 31 March 2026	26.36	7.35	52.50	7.60	98.66	192.47	-	1,231.24

Note 5: Non- Current Investments

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Equity instruments in subsidiary companies carried at cost (unquoted and fully paid up)		
10,000 (31 March 2023: 10,000) fully paid-up ordinary equity shares of par value INR 10 each in Sutra Software Private Limited	1.00	1.00
10,000 (31 March 2023: 10,000) fully paid-up ordinary equity shares of par value INR 10 each in Markets on Cloud Private Limited	0.80	0.80
(Par value: 1,00,000; Cost: 80,000)		
	1.80	1.80
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1.80	1.80

Information as required under paragraph 17 (b) of Ind AS 27 for investments in subsidiaries :

(Amount in Lakhs)

The name of the investees	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investments in subsidiaries	Proportion of the ownership interest	
Sutra Software Private Limited	100%	100%
Markets on Cloud Private Limited	100%	100%

Note 6: Other Financial Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Security Deposits	11.16	15.13
	11.16	15.13

Note 7:**Deferred Tax Assets**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(A)	Deferred Tax Assets		
	Related to Timing Difference on Depreciation/Amortisation on PPE/ Other Intangible Assets	(81.92)	(103.21)
	Related to Employee Benefit Provisions		
	On account of 43B & 35D & Losses	59.08	169.83
	Related to Provisions for Doubtful Debts		
	Net Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities)	(22.84)	66.62

Management judgement considered in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income for the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
(B)	Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
	(i) Current Income Tax	-	-
	(ii) Deferred Income Tax Charge/ (Credit)	89.46	138.35
	Tax Expense for the year	89.46	138.35
(C)	Reconciliation of Tax Expenses		
	Profit Before Tax	346.17	563.43
	Applicable Tax Rate	25.168%	25.168%
	Computed Tax Expenses	87.12	141.80
	Add/ (Less) :Tax effect of		
	Effect of expenses disallowed for tax purpose	116.06	104.24
	Effect of expenses allowed for tax purpose	(94.77)	(88.86)
	Current Tax Provision (i)	-	-
	Incremental Deferred Tax Credit on account of Tangible and Other Intangible Assets	21.29	19.68
	Incremental Deferred Tax Credit on account of Other Assets/ Liabilities	(110.75)	(158.03)
	Deferred tax Charge/ (Credit) (ii)	89.46	138.35
	Income Tax Expenses (i+ii)	89.46	138.35

Note 8: Other Non Current Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good)		
Capital Advances	135.65	135.65
	135.65	135.65

Note 9: Trade Receivables

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good unless otherwise mentioned)		
Considered Good	178.29	287.56
Considered Doubtful	-	-
Less : Provision for Doubtful Receivables	-	-
Unbilled Revenue	54.02	
	232.31	287.56

Ageing of Trade Receivable Outstanding as at March 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	< 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	178.29	-	-		-	-	178.29
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
	178.29	-	-		-	-	178.29

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	< 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Less: Allowance for doubtful Trade Receivable	-	-	-		-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue							54.02
Total							232.31

Ageing of Trade Receivable Outstanding as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	< 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	287.42	0.14	-	-	-	-	287.56
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
	287.42	0.14	-		-	-	287.56
Less: Allowance for doubtful Trade Receivables	-	-	-		-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue							

The Movement in allowance for doubtful receivable is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginiing of the year	-	-
Provision made/ (reversed) during the year (net of reversals)	-	-
Bad debts written off	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	-

Note 10: Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Bank balance		
(i) In Current accounts	0.09	0.03
(ii) Fixed Deposit for less than 3 month maturity	-	-
Cash in Hand	1.96	1.19
	2.04	1.23

Note 11: Bank Balance other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Other Bank Balance		
(i) Fixed Deposit for more than 3 month maturity	-	-
(i) Fixed Deposit held as security against borrowings*	2,754.29	1,644.19
	2,754.29	1,644.19

* The Company has pledged fixed deposits with the bank for bank overdraft facilities.

Note 12: Loans

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good)		
Loans to Related Parties	-	-
Loans to Employees	2.94	3.15
	2.94	3.15

Note 13: Current Tax Asset (Net)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance tax & TDS Receivable (Net of Provision)	181.25	141.32
	181.25	141.32

Note 14:**Other Current Assets**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance With Government authorities	68.48	20.06
Prepaid Expenses	1.46	10.12
Advances for Expenses	2.27	6.19
	72.22	36.37

Note 15:**Share Capital**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised Capital		
1,50,00,000 (Previous Year 1,50,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,500.00	1,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up		
1,04,47,000 (PY 1,04,10,625) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	1,044.70	1,041.06
	1,044.70	1,041.06

i) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Secmark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.03	75,25,000	72.28

ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii) Bonus Shares 62,22,300 Shares were allotted as Bonus Shares in the last five years:

On October 13, 2022 (deemed allotment date), the Allotment Committee of the Board of Directors 62,22,300 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10 each as Bonus Shares in the proportion of 3 Bonus Equity Shares for every 2 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10 held on record date October 12, 2022 (end of day), by capitalising an amount of 6,22,23,000 out of Securities Premium.

- iv) Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number	(Amount in Lakhs)	Number	(Amount in Lakhs)
At the beginning of the year	1,04,10,625	1,041.06	1,03,82,125	1,038.21
Add: Equity shares issued on exercise of Employee Stock Options (ESOPs)	36,375	3.64	28,500	2.85
At the end of the year	1,04,47,000	1,044.70	1,04,10,625	1,041.06

- v) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters/ Promoter Group in Equity Shares as follow:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Name of Promoter/ Promoter Group	Equity Shares Held by Promoters		Equity Shares Held by Promoters		% Change during the year
	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025		
	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	
SecMark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.03	75,25,000	72.28	(0.25)
Minakshi Vijay Ramaiya	1,10,000	1.05	1,10,000	1.06	(0.01)
Priyanka Vinit Purecha	1,05,000	1.01	1,05,000	1.01	(0.00)
Trupti Ravi Ramaiya	70,040	0.67	32,500	0.31	0.36
Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	20,000	0.19	-	-	-
Snehal Ramesh Indurkar	5,000	0.05	5,000	0.05	(0.00)
Indira Ramaiya	-	-	-	-	-
Ila Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Total	78,35,040	75.00	77,77,500	74.71	

(Amount in Lakhs)

Name of Promoter/ Promoter Group	Equity Shares Held by Promoters		Equity Shares Held by Promoters		% Change during the year
	As at March 31, 2025		As At Mar 31, 2024		
	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	
SecMark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.28	75,25,000	72.48	(0.20)
Minakshi Vijay Ramaiya	1,10,000	1.06	1,10,000	1.06	-
Priyanka Vinit Purecha	1,05,000	1.01	1,05,000	1.01	-
Trupti Ravi Ramaiya	32,500	0.31	32,500	0.31	-
Snehal Ramesh Indurkar	5,000	0.05	5,000	0.05	-

Name of Promoter/ Promoter Group	Equity Shares Held by Promoters		Equity Shares Held by Promoters		% Change during the year
	As at March 31, 2025		As At Mar 31, 2024		
	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	
Indira Ramaiya	-	-	-	-	-
Ila Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Total	77,77,500	74.71	77,77,500	74.91	

Note 16: Other Equity

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Securities Premium		
Opening Balance	792.20	776.70
Add: on ESOP Allotment of Equity Shares	10.91	8.55
Add: Trasferred from ESOP outstanding on account of exercise of options	13.82	6.95
Less : Transferred to Capital as Bonus Issue	-	-
Closing Balance	816.94	792.20
Surplus in Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	205.75	(219.33)
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	256.72	425.08
Less: Appropriation of Dividend	-	-
Closing Balance	462.47	205.75
Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening Balance	(2.97)	(3.67)
Additions during the year	6.94	0.70
Closing Balance	3.97	(2.97)
ESOP Outstanding		
Opening Balance	14.81	12.70
Additions during the year	11.85	9.06
Less: trf to security premium	(13.82)	(6.95)
	12.84	14.81
	1,296.22	1,009.79

Note 16.1

(i) Securities Premium

Securities Premium is used to record premium on issuance of shares. The reserve shall be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

ii) Retained Earnings Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders."

iii) Other Comprehensive Income

Other Comprehensive Income refers to items of income and expenses that are not recognised as a part of the profit and loss account."

Note 17: Provisions -Non Current

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for Gratuity	53.24	43.88
	53.24	43.88

Note 18: Borrowings

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured		
Loan repayable on demand		
Loan from Financial Institution	-	-
Bank Loan Secured against Fixed Deposits*	1,285.48	655.74
	1,285.48	655.74
Current Maturities of Long-Term Borrowings		
From Bank		
From Banks (unsecured)		
From Financial Institution		
	-	-
Total	1,285.48	655.74

*(a) Term of Loans:

- (i) Bank Overdraft is secured against Bank deposit. Please refer note 11 for details of assets pledged.

(b) Tenor of Repayment:

- (i) Bank overdraft is repayable on demand

(c) Interest Rate:

- (i) For Bank overdraft, interest rate is FD Rate + Spread (0.5%). Interest is payable monthly basis on the last date of each month.

Note 19: Trade Payables

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Total outstanding due to Micro and Small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding due to others	596.28	360.49
	596.28	360.49

Ageing of Trade Payables as on March 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	596.28	-	-	-	596.28
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	596.28	-	-	-	596.28

Ageing of Trade Payables as on March 31, 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	360.49	-	-	-	360.49
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	360.49	-	-	-	360.49

Note 19.1: Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days to 180 days credit term

Note 19.:**Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)**

Disclosures under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (as amended)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid	-	-
(ii) Interest amount remaining unpaid	-	-
(iii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
(v) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
(vi) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises	-	-

Note: Identification of micro and small enterprises is basis intimation received from vendors

Note 20:**Other Financials Liabilitie**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Employee Payable	67.71	51.75
Provision for Expenses	328.99	152.09
	396.70	203.84

Note 21:**Other Current Liabilitie**

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unearned and Deferred Revenue	29.86	-
Deposit from Customer	1.50	1.50
Statutory Dues Payable	73.21	64.39
Other Payable	11.86	0.86
	116.43	66.75

Note 22: Provisions

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provisions for Gratuity Current	5.47	1.82
	5.47	1.82

Note 23: Revenue from Operations

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Sale of Services	3,753.72	3,511.31
	3,753.72	3,511.31

Note 24: Other Income

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Interest on Fixed Deposit on Bank & Others	124.28	79.10
Other Income	4.34	5.71

Note 25: Employee Benefits Expense

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Salary, wages, bonus and allowances	983.19	696.68
Gratuity Provided	21.25	14.21
Employee Compensation Expenses (ESOP)	11.85	9.06
Employee welfare and other amenities	79.87	68.19

Note 26: Finance Costs

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Interest Expense on		
- Borrowings	23.50	38.76
- Others	-	-
Other Finance Charges	0.10	0.08
	23.60	38.84

Note 27: Other Expenses

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Payments to Auditor (Refer note 29)	3.75	3.75
Business Promotion Expenses	8.35	5.62
Professional Fees Paid	713.00	914.90
Software Support Expenses	1,031.60	716.73
Conveyance & Travelling Expenses	23.94	12.07
Insurance charges	0.04	0.24
Repairs & Maintenance	8.32	3.81
Receivables Not Recoverable	-	0.10
Rent, Rates & taxes	52.21	46.11
Contract Charges	77.16	66.38
Stationery & Printing Expenses	3.29	2.01
Telecommunication Charges	1.53	1.48
Miscellaneous Expenses	32.10	18.33
	1,955.29	1,791.53

Note 28: Earnings Per Share (EPS)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Basic and Diluted EPS			
(a)	Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs. in lakhs)	256.72	425.08
(b)	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Basic and Diluted)		
	Number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,04,10,625	1,03,82,125
	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Basic)	1,04,31,254	1,03,97,195
	Effect of Dilution:		
	Share options	1,71,950	31,250
	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Diluted)	1,06,03,204	1,04,28,445
(c)	Earnings per Share		
	- Basic Earnings per Share of Rs 10 each (in Rs)	2.46	4.09
	- Diluted Earnings per Share of Rs 10 each (in Rs)	2.42	4.08

Note 29: Payment to Auditors

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Statutory Audit Fees		2.75	2.75
Tax Audit Fees		1.00	1.00
		3.75	3.75

Note 30: The Company does not have any Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment**Note 31: Segment Reporting**

As the Company operates in only one Segment i.e. of Software Consultancy Services, details regarding Segment Reporting is not applicable pursuant to Ind AS 108.

Note 32: Fair Value measurement**Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Financial Instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the company based on parameters such as interest rate and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

Fair value hierarchy

The financial instruments, if any, are categorized into three levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

(i) The carrying values of the financial instruments by categories were as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Measurement Basis	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
		Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	Cost	1.80	1.80
(ii) Trade Receivables	Amortised Cost	232.31	287.56
(iii) Cash and Bank Balance	Amortised Cost	2,756.33	1,645.41
(iv) Loans	Amortised Cost	2.94	3.15
(v) Other Financial Assets	Amortised Cost	11.16	15.13
		3,004.54	1,953.04
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	Amortised Cost	1,285.48	655.74
(ii) Trade Payables	Amortised Cost	596.28	360.49
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	Amortised Cost	396.70	203.84
		2,278.47	1,220.06

(ii) Fair Value Hierarchy

(Amount in Lakhs)

Financial Assets & Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount
Financial Assets				
(i) Investments	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
(iii) Cash and Bank Balance	-	-	-	-

Financial Assets & Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount
(iv) Loans	-	-	-	-
(v) Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
		-		-
Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
		-		-

Note 33: Financial Instruments

(i) Capital Risk Management

Equity share capital and other equity are considered for the purpose of Company's capital management. The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i)	Debt	1,285.48	655.74
	Less : Cash and Cash equivalents	2.04	1.23
	Net Debt (A)	1,283.44	654.51
(ii)	Equity (B)	2,340.92	2,050.86
	Capital Gearing Ratio (A/B)	54.83%	31.91%

(ii) Financial Risk Management

The Company's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk

The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payable and other liabilities to manage its operation and the financial assets include trade receivables, deposits, cash and bank balances, other receivables etc. arising from its operation.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk:

Foreign currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations and investments in debt instruments including debt mutual fund. The Company's interest-bearing financial instruments are reported as below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Variable rate borrowings	1,285.48	655.74
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Amount disclosed under borrowings	1,285.48	655.74

Fair Value Sensitivity Analysis for Fixed-Rate Instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Sensitivity:

The below table demonstrate the sensitivity of the company's profit before tax to a reasonable possible change in interest rate with all other variables being constant.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points	0.23	0.39
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points	(0.23)	(0.39)

Equity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments which is not material

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable.

Trade Receivables

Our historical experience of collecting receivables is that credit risk is low. Hence, trade receivables are considered to be a single class of financial assets. Credit risk has always been managed by each business segment through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Other Financial Assets

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and/or domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units, quoted bonds issued by Government and Quasi Government organizations and certificates of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to risk of financial distress or extra ordinary high financing cost arising due to shortage of liquid funds in a situation where business conditions unexpectedly deteriorate and require financing. The Company's objective is to maintain at all times optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. Processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management and management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturities based on their contractual maturities for:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	Less than 1 year	1-2 years
(i) Borrowings	1,285.48	1,285.48	-
(ii) Trade Payables	596.28	596.28	-
iii) Other Financial Liabilities	396.70	396.70	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	Less than 1 year	1-2 years
(i) Borrowings	655.74	655.74	-
(ii) Trade Payables	360.49	360.49	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	203.84	203.84	-

Note 34 : Related Parties

(A) List of Related Parties : where control exists

- (i) Name of the Holding Company
SecMark Holdings Private Limited
- (ii) Name of the Subsidiary Companies
Direct Subsidiary Companies
 1. Sutra Software Private Limited
 2. Markets on Cloud Private Limited
 3. SecMark Financial Aggregation Private Limited
- (iii) Key Managerial Person (KMP)
 - Ravi Vijay Ramaiya (CEO & Managing Director)
 - Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (CFO & Director)
 - Sunil Kumar Bang (Company Secretary)

- (iv) Other Directors & Other Related Party
- Binod Chandra Maharana (Independent Director)
 - Priti Nigam Gandhi (Independent Director)
 - Michael Nanson D'souza (Executive Director)
 - Shardul Jashwantlal Shah (Non executive)
 - Hiral Shah (Relative of Shardul Shah)
 - Trupti Ramaiya (Relative of Director)
 - Usha D'souza (Relative of Michael D'souza)
 - Kajal Oriya (Relative of Director)
- (v) Persons / entities in which directors and/or KMP are interested
- M/S Shah & Ramaiya

(B) Transactions during the year with Related Parties

(Amount in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary Companies	KMP/ Individual	Other Directors	Other Related Party	Total
1	Professional Fees Paid / Software Development Cost					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	-	28.17	28.17
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	-	24.37	24.37
2	Rent Paid					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	7.20	19.20	19.20
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	-	19.20	19.20
3	Managerial Remuneration*					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	207.76	-	-	207.76
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	153.48	-	-	153.48
4	Salaries and Allowances*					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	24.15	14.00	38.15
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	24.86	6.00	30.86

*As the liability for gratuity is provided on actuarial basis for the Company, as a whole, amounts accrued pertaining to Key Management Personnel and other related parties are not included above

(C) Balance Outstanding with Related Parties at the year end

(Amount in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary Companies	KMP/ Individual	Other Directors	Other Related Party	Total
1	Other Financial Liabilities					
	As at March 31, 2026	-	5.98	1.53		7.51
	As at March 31, 2025	-	6.20	1.58	1	8.77
2	Trade Payable					
	As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	2.06	2.06
	As at March 31, 2025	-	-	-	2.01	2.01

Note 35 : Employee Benefits**Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards provident fund, ESIC and other funds which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as they accrue.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company has a scheme for payment of gratuity to all its employees as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Company provides for period end liability using the projected unit credit method as per the actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuary. The gratuity plan is a funded plan.

The movement in the defined benefit liability over the year is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars		Gratuity	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i)	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation		
	As at 1st April	45.70	32.19
	Interest Cost	3.05	2.23
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Current Service cost	18.20	11.98
	Benefits Paid	(1.30)	-
	Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on the obligation	(6.94)	(0.70)
	As at 31st March	58.71	45.70
(ii)	Change in plan assets		

Particulars		Gratuity	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	As at 1st April	-	-
	Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-
	Employer's Contribution	-	-
	Benefits Paid	-	-
	Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on the Plan Assets	-	-
	As at 31st March	-	-
	Net as at 31st March	58.71	45.70
(iii)	Expense Recognised in Profit or Loss Statement		
	Current Service Cost	18.20	11.98
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Net Interest Cost	3.05	2.23
	Total	21.25	14.21
(v)	Amount Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in other comprehensive income	(6.94)	(0.70)
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-
	Total	(6.94)	(0.70)
(vi)	Assumptions		
	Interest rate	7.25%	6.80%
	Estimated return on plan assets	NA	NA
	Salary growth rate	7.00%	7.00%

The estimates, of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

(vii) Sensitivity to Key Assumptions

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change
Discount Rate Sensitivity				
Increase by 0.5%	56.07	-4.50%	43.47	-4.88%
Decrease by 0.5%	61.56	4.86%	48.12	5.29%
Salary growth rate Sensitivity				
Increase by 0.5%	60.57	3.16%	47.43	3.79%
Decrease by 0.5%	56.78	-3.29%	43.79	-4.18%
Withdrawal rate (W.R.) Sensitivity				

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change
W.R. x 110%	58.85	0.24%	45.73	0.05%
W.R. x 90%	58.50	-0.36%	45.65	-0.12%

Note 36 : Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019

The Company had instituted an Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019 ('ESOP 2019') as approved by the Board on December 20, 2019 and Shareholders on January 28, 2020 for issuance of stock option to eligible employees of the Company. The maximum number of equity shares was 5,00,000 at that time. The Company has issued Bonus shares in the ratio of 3:2 as per the approval in Annual General Meeting dated September 29, 2022. Accordingly, the maximum number of shares under the ESOP Pool were increased to 12,50,000 equity shares (Grant A). The Company has granted 1,99,200 equity shares on April 28, 2025 (Grant B). The options would vest on achievement of defined performance parameters as determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee. The performance parameters are based on operating performance metrics of the company as decided by Nomination and Remuneration committee. Each of the performance parameters will be distinct for the purpose of calculation of the quantity of the shares to vest based on performance. The instruments generally vests within three years from grant date. Each option carries with a right to purchase one equity share of the Company at exercise price determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee at the time of grant.

The summary of grants during the year ended March 31, 2026 and year ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Grant A	-	-
Grant B	1,99,200	-

The fair value of the option is estimated on the date of grant using Black- Scholes-Merton model. The movement in the ESOP 2019 for equity settled share based payment transactions during the year ended March 31, 2026 and year ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the Year	38,750	40	-	-
Granted during the Year	-	-	1,99,200	60
Exercised during the Year	(36,375)	40	-	-
Forfeited during the Year	(500)	-	(29,125)	-
Expired during the Year	-	40	-	60
Outstanding at the end of the Year	1,875	40	1,70,075	60
Exercisable at the end of the Year	-	-	-	-

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025			
	Grant A		Grant B	
	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the Year	76,875	40	-	-
Granted during the Year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the Year	(28,500)	40	-	-
Forfeited during the Year	(9,625)	-	-	-
Expired during the Year	-	40	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the Year	38,750	40	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the Year	-	-	-	-

The summary of the information about equity settled ESOPs outstanding as on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026		For the Year Ended March 31, 2025	
	Grant A	Grant B	Grant A	Grant B
Weighted Average Exercise Price	40	60	40	-
Number of Options	1,875	1,70,075	38,750	-
Weighted Average remaining contractual life (year)	-	5 Years	1 Year	-

The employee stock compensation cost under ESOP 2019 has been computed by reference to the fair value of share options granted and amortised over the vesting year. For the year ended March 31, 2026, the company has accounted for employee stock compensation cost (equity settled) amounting to 11.85 lakhs (March 31, 2025: 9.06 Lakhs). (Refer note 25 Employee Benefit Expense).

Note 37 :**Disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III**

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements

(i) Ratio analysis and its elements

Sr. No.	Ratios	Nume-rator	Deno-minator	31-Mar -26	31-Mar -25	% Vari-ance	Reason for variance
1	Current Ratio (in times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.35	1.64	-17.58%	-
2	Debt Equity Ratio (in times)	Debt	Equity	0.55	0.32	71.75%	The Company has availed short term borrowings for payment of software applications purchased by the company.
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	"Earnings for debt service = Net Profit after tax+ Non-cash operating expenses (depreciation and amortisation)+ Finance Cost+ Exceptional Loss "	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments of long term borrowings	31.55	3.68	757.85%	The Company has repayed short term borrowings with better cash flows and revenue. Further shareholders equity has been improved due to profits this year.
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Net Profit After Tax	Average shareholder equity	11.69%	23.26%	-49.73%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the company.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio (in times)	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average Trade Receivables	14.44	18.19	-20.62%	-
7	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in times)	Operating Expenses and Other expenses	Average Trade Payables	4.09	5.41	-24.39%	-
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Working Capital	4.44	4.26	4.44%	-
9	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Net Profit After Tax	Revenue from operations	6.84%	12.11%	-43.51%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the company.

Sr. No.	Ratios	Nume-rator	Deno-minator	31-Mar -26	31-Mar -25	% Vari-ance	Reason for variance
10	Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Earnings before interest and tax	Capital employed = Net worth + Long term borrowings -Deferred tax assets	10.20%	22.81%	-55.30%	The decrease is mainly on account of increase in dues for consultancy fee for the services related to the software applications purchased by the company and additional depreciation expense for the software purchased by the company.
11	Return on Investment (in %)	Interest income on bank deposits	Bank Fixed Deposits	4.51%	4.81%	-6.21%	-

- (ii) The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.
- (iii) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (iv) The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a willful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
- (v) There are charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the Statutory Period.
- (vi) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (vii) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries), or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (viii) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (ix) The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- (x) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

Note 38:**Prior Period of Comparative**

The previous figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year.

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

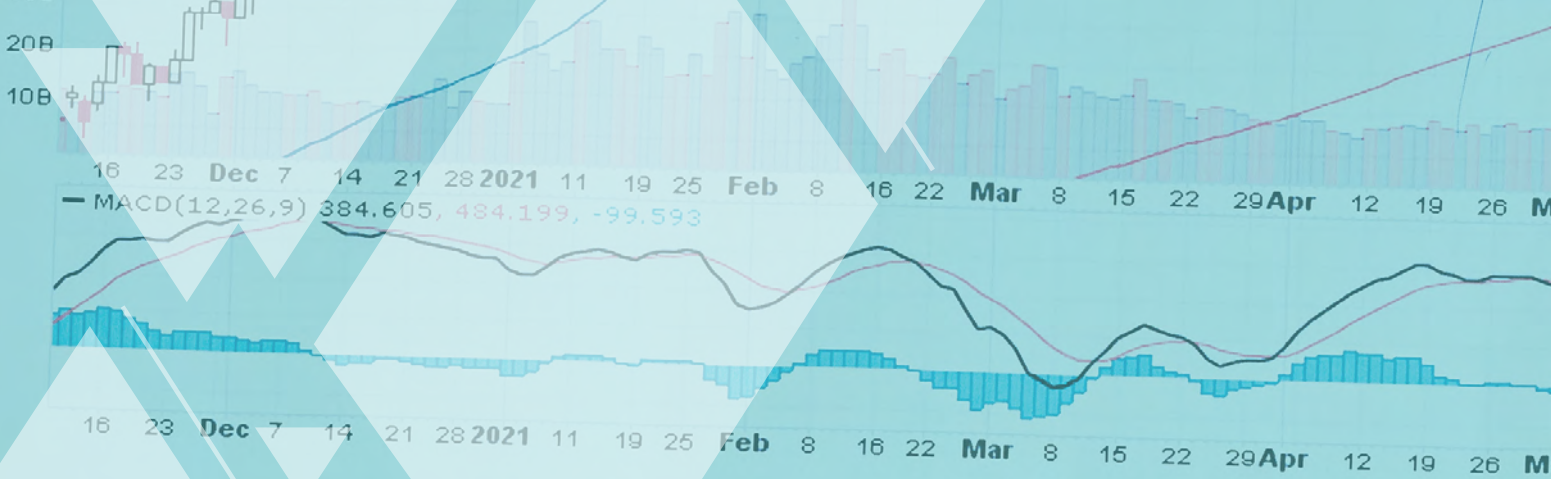
Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

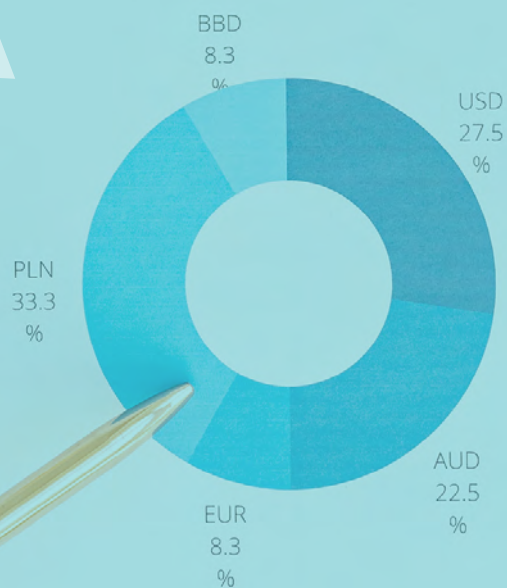
DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary



FINANCE REVIEW





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONSOLIDATED)

To the Members of
SecMark Consultancy Limited

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of SecMark Consultancy Limited (hereinafter referred as the Holding Company) and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the Group) its subsidiaries, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the Consolidated Financial Statements)

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2026, and their consolidated loss, their consolidated other comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

There are no key audit matters to be disclosed.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report, Shareholders' Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act, that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Accounting Standard and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement,



whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial



statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We have not audited the financial statements of two subsidiaries whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 2.19 Lakhs as at March 31, 2026, total revenues of Rs. 0.12 Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors

Our opinion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate consolidated financial statements and the other financial information of a subsidiary as noted in the



'other matter' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditors.
- c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules there under.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group companies are disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2026 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the other financial information of the subsidiaries as noted in the Other matter paragraph:
 - i) The consolidated financial statements does not have any pending litigations which has impact on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There is no amount to be transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries during the year ended March 31, 2026.



- iv) (a) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (Intermediaries), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v) The Holding Company has not declared/paid dividend during the year.
- vi) 1) The Holding Company and its subsidiaries have used accounting software(s) for maintaining its books of account for the year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software(s). Further, during the course of audit, we have not come across any instance of the audit trail features being tempered with and has preserved the audit trail for the prior financial year in compliance with statutory



record retention requirements.

- 2) With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the Order/ CARO) issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company and its subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports

For D. Kothary & Co
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Mehul N. Patel
Partner
Membership No. 132650
UDIN: 26132650ULYYNT9529

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2026



ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SecMark Consultancy Limited (the Company) as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the Group) for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company, internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial control system with reference to consolidated



financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial control system with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its Subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system with reference to consolidated financial statements and such



internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements established by the respective companies, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For D. Kothary & Co
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 105335W)

Mehul N. Patel
Partner
Membership No. 132650
UDIN: 26132650ULYYNT9529

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 13, 2026



MAIN CHALLENGES ASSOCIATED WITH REMOTE WORK: ERGONOMICS AND LIVING CONDITIONS

69%
I can't have a shower, must work at 11 PM

35%
You must people in my house, must work at the same time

25%
I don't have a desk, must take a nap

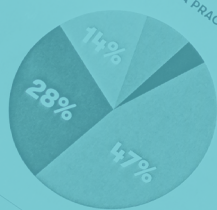
21%
I don't have a workspace, must work at home

13%
I don't have a workspace, must work at home

12%
The house is not suitable for remote work

THE FUTURE OF REMOTE WORK: EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYER PERSPECTIVES

PERSPEKTYWA PRACOWNIKA



PERSPEKTYWA PRACODAWCY



Adam Skłodowski
+48 50 306 64 23, Fax
SA, Oddział i Poczta, ul. Kilińskiego 7, 43
52 8 0000 0202 0158 1669, BIC-SWIFT: BPKOPLPW

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	192.47	160.33
(b) Capital Work In Progress	3	-	29.02
(c) Other Intangible Assets	4	1,231.24	861.03
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	5	-	-
(ii) Other Financial Assets	6	11.16	15.13
(e) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	7	-	66.62
(f) Other Non Current Assets	8	135.65	135.65
		1,570.52	1,267.77
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	9	232.31	287.56
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	3.19	2.38
(iii) Bank Balance other than (ii) above	11	2,755.34	1,645.16
(iv) Loans	12	2.94	3.15
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	13	181.25	141.32
(c) Other Current Assets	14	72.22	36.37
		3,247.25	2,115.94
TOTAL		4,817.77	3,383.71
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	15	1,044.70	1,041.06
(b) Other Equity	16	1,296.47	1,010.03
		2,341.17	2,051.09

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	7	22.84	-
(b) Provisions	17	53.24	43.88
		76.08	43.88
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	1,285.48	655.74
(ii) Trade Payables	19		
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro and Small Enterprise		-	-
Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprise		596.28	360.49
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	396.70	203.84
(b) Other Current Liabilities	21	116.59	66.85
(c) Provisions	22	5.47	1.82
		2,400.53	1,288.74
TOTAL		4,817.77	3,383.71
Material accounting policies	2		0.00
The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements			

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Note	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
1	Income			
	(a) Revenue from Operations	23	3,753.72	3,511.31
	(b) Other Income	24	128.74	89.23
	(c) Total Income ((a)+(b))		3,882.47	3,600.54
2	Expenses			
	(a) Employee Benefits Expenses	25	1,096.16	788.14
	(b) Finance Costs	26	23.61	38.85
	(c) Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	3,4	461.13	414.18
	(d) Other Expenses	27	1,955.39	1,791.63
	(e) Total Expenses ((a) to (d))		3,536.28	3,032.80
3	Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax		346.18	567.74
4	Exceptional Items		-	-
5	Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax (3-4)		346.18	567.74
6	Tax Expense:			
	(a) Current tax			
	(b) Deferred Tax		89.46	138.35
	Total Tax Expenses		89.46	138.35
7	Profit / (Loss) for the period (5-6)		256.72	429.39
8	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Re-measurement Profit on Defined Benefit Plans (net of tax)		6.94	0.70
9	Total Comprehensive Income		263.67	430.08
10	Earnings per equity share of par value Rs 10 each fully paid up	28		
	Basic (Rs)		2.46	4.13
	Diluted (Rs)		2.42	4.12
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.				

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
A	Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
	Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax		346.18	567.74
	Adjustments :			
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses		461.13	414.18
	Interest Income		(124.34)	(79.16)
	Interest Expenses		23.50	38.76
	Provision /(Reversal) for Doubtful Debts		-	(4.30)
	Employee Compensation Expenses (ESOP)		11.85	9.06
	Profit on sale of Asset		-	(1.51)
	Other Comprehensive Income		6.94	0.70
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		725.26	945.46
	Movements in Working Capital			
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Trade Receivables		55.25	(189.10)
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Current Loans		0.21	(2.22)
	Decrease/ (Increase) in Other Current Assets		(35.85)	5.28
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Trade Payables		235.79	58.17
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities		192.86	159.92
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities		49.74	20.30
	Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions		13.01	13.52
			511.01	65.88
	Cash Generated from Operations Activities		1236.27	1011.34
	Income taxes paid (net of refunds)		(39.93)	(29.82)
	Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities	(A)	1196.34	981.53
B	Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(834.46)	(45.26)
	(Decrease)/ Increase in Fixed Deposits		(1,110.17)	(566.82)
	(Purchase)/ Sale of Investments (net)		-	25.10
	Sale of Fixed Assets		-	1.72
	Interest Received		124.34	79.16
	(Increase)/Decrease in Security Deposit		3.96	2.00
	Net Cash Generated from Investing Activities	(B)	(1,816.33)	(504.10)

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
C	Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
	(Repayment) / Proceed of borrowings from financial institutions/Others		629.75	(449.99)
	Proceeds from allotment of ESOP		14.55	11.40
	Interest Paid		(23.50)	(38.76)
	Net Cash Used in from Financing Activities	(C)	620.80	(477.35)
	Net Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C)	0.81	0.07
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of year		2.38	2.31
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of year		3.19	2.38

Notes:

- The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'
- Reconciliation of financial liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes	As at 31st March 2026
Current Borrowings (Bank OD)	655.74	629.75	-	1,285.48
Total Borrowings	655.74	629.75	-	1,285.48

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

CIN No. L67190MH2011PLC220404

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

(a) Equity Share Capital

Balance as at April 01, 2025	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2025	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance As at March 31, 2026
1,041.06	-	1,041.06	3.64	1,044.70

Balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2025
1,038.21	-	1,038.21	2.85	1,041.06

(b) Other Equity

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders					Total
	Reserves and Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income	
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	ESOP Out-standing	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Actuarial Gain/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans	
Balance as at March 31, 2024	0.21	776.70	12.70	(223.61)	(3.67)	562.33
Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-	-	429.39	-	429.39
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	0.70	0.70
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax)	-	-	-	429.39	0.70	430.08
Addition /(Deduction) during the year	-	15.50	2.11	-	-	17.61
Balance as at March 31, 2025	0.21	792.20	14.81	205.78	(2.97)	1,010.03
Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-	-	256.72	-	256.73
Addition /(Deduction) during the year	-	24.74	(1.97)	-	-	22.76
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	6.94	6.94

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders					
	Reserves and Surplus				Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	ESOP Out-standing	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Actuarial Gain/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans	
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year (net of tax)	-	24.74	(1.97)	256.72	6.94	286.43
Dividends Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	0.21	816.94	12.84	462.50	3.97	1,296.46

*Exchange Fluctuation Reserve: Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation

The accompanying notes are an integral part of Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 (CONSOLIDATED)

Note 1:

General Information and Material Accounting Policies

Company Overview

SecMark Consultancy Limited (SecMark or The Company) was originally incorporated as a Private Limited Company on August 03, 2011, under the provision of Companies Act, 1956 and subsequently converted into Public Limited Company pursuant to a shareholders' resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on January 28, 2020.

Name of the Company was changed from SecMark Consultancy Private Limited to SecMark Consultancy Limited and fresh Certificate of Incorporation dated March 02, 2020, was issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra. The Corporate Identification is L67190MH2011PLC220404 and its registered office is situated at Plot No 36/227, RDP-10, CTS-1C/1/640, Sector-6, Charkop, Near Amba Mata Mandir, Kandivali-West Mumbai - 400067.

The Company offers services Consulting, Technology and Outsourcing services to financial market participants in the areas of Compliance, Operations, Software Development, Risk Management and other areas to financial market participants.

Clients include leading Brokerage Houses, Depository Participants, Stock Exchanges, Wealth Managers, Research Analyst, Corporate Agents, Portfolio Managers, Investment Advisors, NBFCs, Banks, etc.

Note 2:

Material Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards Amendment) Rules 2016 and other provisions of the Act to the extent notified and applicable.

2.2 Basis of Preparation & Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

These Consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented under historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values or at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between the market participants at the measurement date.

The statement of financial position (including statement of changes in equity) and the statement of profit and loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. The cash flow statement has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 Cash Flow Statements. The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss, as prescribed in Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of accounts along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out under Ind AS and in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in Cash and Cash Equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs unless otherwise indicated. Per share data are presented in Indian Rupees.

2.3 Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements relate to the Group. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities. Interest in associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. The financial statements of entities are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences and until the date on which control ceases. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the following bases.

- (a) The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are consolidated by combining like items of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses and cash flows after fully eliminating intra group balances and intra group transactions resulting in unrealized profit or loss in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 110 Consolidated Financial Statements as referred to in the Indian Accounting Standards Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.
- (b) Investments in subsidiaries are eliminated and differences between the costs of investment over the net assets on the date of investment or on the date of the financial statements immediately preceding the date of investment in subsidiaries are recognized as Goodwill or Capital Reserve, as the case may be. Investment in associates and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Consolidated Financial Statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (OCI) of equity accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases. When the Group's share of loss in an equity accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.
- (c) The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared using uniform Accounting Policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as far as possible, as the standalone financial statements of the Company.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of Consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition & measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported balances of Assets

and Liabilities, Disclosure relating to Contingent Liabilities as at date of financial statements and reported statement of Income and Expense for the period presented. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements pertaining to, useful life of property, plant and equipment including intangible asset, provision for Income tax, valuation of deferred tax assets and other provisions and contingent liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible asset:

The Company reviews the useful life and residual value of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Type of Asset	Useful Life
Buildings	5 to 20 Years
Office Equipments	1 to 5 Years
Computers	1 to 3 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	1 to 10 Years
Software	1 to 5 Years

Income Taxes:

The Company provides for tax considering the applicable tax regulations and based on probable estimates. The recognition of deferred tax assets is based on availability of sufficient taxable profits in the Company against which such assets can be utilized.

Recognition of Deferred Tax:

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the Deferred Tax Asset can be utilized.

Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions and contingent liabilities are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Fair Value Measurements

When the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities recorded or disclosed in the Financial Statements cannot be measured at quoted price in the active markets, their fair value is measured using the valuation techniques. The input to these valuation techniques are taken from observable markets, wherever possible, but where these is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values.

2.5 Revenue Recognition

Revenue from software services is recognized either on time and material basis or fixed price basis, as the case may be. Revenue on time and material and job contracts is recognized as and when the related services are performed (units delivered, efforts expended, number of transactions processed etc.) and Unbilled revenue is accounted on estimate basis in respect of contracts where the contractual right to consideration is based on completion of contractual milestones and other technical measurements. Revenue on fixed price contracts is recognized where performance obligations are satisfied over time and there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration on the percentage of completion method. Efforts and costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion since there is direct relationship between input and productivity. Revenue recognised for any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Revenue from sale of licenses Product, where the customer obtains a right to use the licenses is recognized at the point in time when the related license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses / hardware where the customer obtains a right to access is recognized over the access period.

Arrangements to deliver software products generally have three elements: license, implementation and annual maintenance. In accordance with the principles of Ind AS 115, when implementation services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement, the license and implementation have been identified as two separate performance obligations. The transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligations based on their respective selling prices. Maintenance revenue in respect of software products and other products/equipment is recognised on pro rata basis over the period of the underlying maintenance agreement. Revenue is net of discounts/ price incentives which are estimated and accounted based on the terms of the contracts and excludes applicable indirect taxes.

Unearned and deferred revenue represents contractual billings/money received in excess of revenue recognised as per the terms of the contract.

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.

2.6 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and cost incurred for bringing the asset to its present location and condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Individual assets costing up to Rupees five thousand are depreciated in full in the period of purchase.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of PPE is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively.

2.7 Intangible Assets

Separately purchased intangible assets are initially measured at cost. Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite

or indefinite. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues, if not, it is impaired or changed prospectively basis revised estimates.

Finite-life intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of their expected useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite-life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Computer Software is amortised over a period of 5 years or over license period, whichever is lower.

2.8 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a Lessee

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office spaces and certain equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

2.9 Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax return with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding tax base used for computation of taxable Income.

A deferred tax liability is recognised based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in OCI or in equity).

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability

on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allowances and disallowances which are exercised while determining the provision for income tax. Tax on income for the current period is determined basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

2.10 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.11 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transactions. Net exchange gain or loss resulting in respect of foreign exchange transactions settled during the year is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency which are outstanding as at the year-end, are translated at the year-end at the closing exchange rate and the resultant exchange differences are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

Non-monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost.

2.12 Employee Benefits

i. Short-Term Employee Benefits

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of availing employee service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits includes salaries and wages, bonus and ex- gratia and compensated absences. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits to be paid in exchange of employees services are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

ii. Long Term Employee Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays specified contributions to a separate entity and has no obligation to pay any further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and

prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

When the calculation results in a benefit to the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs and the present value of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Remeasurement which comprise of actuarial gain and losses, the return of plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised in OCI.

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a Lessee

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office spaces and certain equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Upon exercise of the vested options, the proceeds received, together with the balance lying in the Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account relating to such options, are transferred to equity share capital and securities premium, as applicable.

Options that lapse or expire unexercised after vesting are transferred from the Employee Stock Options Outstanding Account to retained earnings (or another appropriate component of equity), with no impact on the Statement of Profit and Loss. In the case of forfeiture of unvested options due to failure to satisfy vesting conditions, the cumulative expense recognised in respect of such options is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of forfeiture.

Where modifications to the terms of the share-based payment arrangements increase the fair value of the equity instruments granted, or are otherwise beneficial to the employees,

the incremental fair value is recognised over the remaining vesting period. Cancellations and settlements of share-based payment arrangements are accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 102.

The Company had instituted an Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019 ('ESOP 2019') as approved by the Board on December 20, 2019 and Shareholders on January 28, 2020 for issuance of stock option to eligible employees of the Company. The maximum number of equity shares was 5,00,000/- at that time. The Company has issued Bonus shares in the ratio of 3:2 as per the approval in Annual General Meeting dated September 29, 2022. Accordingly, the maximum number of shares under the ESOP Pool were increased to 12,50,000 equity shares (Class A).

The Company has granted 1,99,200 equity shares on April 28, 2025 (Class B). The options would vest on achievement of defined performance parameters as determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee. The performance parameters are based on operating performance metrics of the company as decided by Nomination and Remuneration committee. Each of the performance parameters will be distinct for the purpose of calculation of the quantity of the shares to vest based on performance. The instruments generally vests within three years from grant date. Each option carries with a right to purchase one equity share of the Company at exercise price determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee at the time of grant.

2.13 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers net profit after tax and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when result will be anti - dilutive. Dilutive potential equity Shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

2.14 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Company creates a provision where there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent Assets are disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

2.15 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and cash on deposit with banks and corporations. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

2.16 Impairment of Assets

i) Non-Financial Assets

The Company tests the assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or

changes in circumstances indicate that they may be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at the end of each reporting period.

ii) Financial Assets (other than a fair value)

The Company assesses expected credit losses on trade receivables based on historical credit loss experience, the ageing of receivables and other relevant factors. Based on historical experience and the subsequent realisation of trade receivables, the loss on collection of receivables has not been material and accordingly no additional loss allowance has been recognised.

2.17 Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign exchange forward contracts.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement of Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values for the financial instruments. The Company has an established control framework with respect to measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified. When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of fair value hierarchy, then fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of fair value

hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

(A) Financial Assets

(i) Financial Assets At Amortised Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless they are measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Investment in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Venture

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture at cost less impairment loss, if any.

(v) Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flow on the financial assets in a transaction in which substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

B) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost. Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(i) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

C) Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments recognised by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost.

D) Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Offsetting of financial instruments Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

2.18 Recent Pronouncement

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendment to the existing standards under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

Note 4: Other Intangible Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Com-puters	Office Equip-ment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Building	Total	Capital Work In Progress	Software
Gross Carrying value								
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	50.03	8.77	69.93	25.17	138.35	292.25	7.78	1,952.05
Additions	15.43	3.66	4.93	-	-	24.02	21.24	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(4.25)	-	(4.25)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	65.46	12.43	74.86	20.91	138.35	312.02	29.02	1,952.05
Additions	17.34	3.54	41.60	-	-	62.48	7.94	801.00
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36.97)	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2026	82.80	15.98	116.46	20.91	138.35	374.50	-	2,753.05
Accumulated Depreciation / Amortisation								
Balance as at 31 March, 2024	38.19	6.40	48.06	12.78	26.54	131.97	-	700.61
Depreciation / Amortisation	6.57	0.99	6.77	2.87	6.57	23.77	-	390.41
Eliminated on disposal of assets	-	-	-	(4.05)	-	(4.05)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March, 2025	44.76	7.39	54.82	11.61	33.12	151.69	-	1,091.02
Depreciation / Amortisation	11.68	1.24	9.14	1.71	6.57	30.34	-	430.79
Deductions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2026	56.44	8.63	63.96	13.32	39.69	182.03	-	1,521.81
Net Carrying value								

Particulars	Com-puters	Office Equip-ment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Building	Total	Capital Work In Progress	Software
As at 31 March, 2025	20.70	5.04	20.04	9.31	105.23	160.33	29.02	861.03
As at 31 March 2026	26.36	7.35	52.50	7.60	98.66	192.47	-	1,231.24

3 (a): Capital Work in Progress ageing schedule

(Amount in Lakhs)

Projects in progress	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less Than	1 to 2	2 to 3	More than	
	1 Year	Years	Years	3 years	
As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	29.02	-	-	-	29.02

3 (b): Capital Work in Progress completion schedule

(Amount in Lakhs)

Projects in progress	To be completed in				Total
	Less Than	1 to 2	2 to 3	More than	
	1 Year	Years	Years	3 years	
As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	29.02	-	-	-	29.02

The title deeds of immovable properties as shown above are held in the name of the company.

Note 5: Non- Current Investments

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Equity instruments in associate companies carried at cost (unquoted and fully paid up)		
2,500 (31 March 2024: 2,500) fully paid-up ordinary equity shares of par value INR 100 each in Trakiot Solutions Private Limited	-	20.80
Less: Share of (loss)/profit from Associates	-	(20.80)
Less: Sale of Investment		
	-	-
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	-

Information as required under paragraph 17 (b) of Ind AS 27 for investments in subsidiaries :

(Amount in Lakhs)

The name of the investees	Country of incorporation	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investments in subsidiaries		Proportion of the ownership interest	
Sutra Software Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Markets on Cloud Private Limited	India	100%	100%

Note 6: Other Financial Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Security Deposits	11.16	15.13
	11.16	15.13

Note 7: Deferred Tax Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(A) Deferred Tax Assets		
Related to Timing Difference on Depreciation/Amortisation on PPE/ Other Intangible Assets	(81.92)	(103.21)
Related to Employee Benefit Provisions		
On account of 43B & 35D & Losses	59.08	169.83
Related to Provisions for Doubtful Debts		
Net Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liabilities)	(22.84)	66.62

Management judgement considered in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income for the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(B) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
(i) Current Income Tax	-	-
(ii) Deferred Income Tax Charge/ (Credit)	89.46	138.35
Tax Expense for the year	89.46	138.35
(C) Reconciliation of Tax Expenses		
Profit Before Tax	346.18	567.74

Particulars		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Applicable Tax Rate	25.168%	25.168%
	Computed Tax Expenses	87.13	142.89
	Add/ (Less) :Tax effect of		
	Effect of expenses disallowed for tax purpose	116.06	104.24
	Effect of expenses allowed for tax purpose	(94.77)	(88.86)
	Current Tax Provision (i)	-	-
	Incremental Deferred Tax Credit on account of Tangible and Other Intangible Assets	21.29	19.68
	Incremental Deferred Tax Credit on account of Other Assets/ Liabilities	(110.75)	(158.03)
	Deferred tax Charge/ (Credit) (ii)	89.46	138.35
	Income Tax Expenses (i+ii)	89.46	138.35

Note 8: Other Non Current Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good)		
Capital Advances	135.65	135.65
	135.65	135.65

Note 9: Trade Receivables

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good unless otherwise mentioned)		
Considered Good	178.29	287.56
Considered Doubtful	-	-
Less : Provision for Doubtful Receivables	-	-
Unbilled Revenue	54.02	
	232.31	287.56

Ageing of Trade Receivable Outstanding as at March 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	< 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	178.29	-	-		-	-	178.29
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
	178.29	-	-		-	-	178.29
Less: Allowance for doubtful Trade Receivable	-	-	-		-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue							54.02
Total							232.31

Ageing of Trade Receivable Outstanding as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	< 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	287.42	0.14	-	-	-	-	287.56
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-		-	-	-
	287.42	0.14	-		-	-	287.56
Less: Allowance for doubtful Trade Receivables	-	-	-		-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue							

The Movement in allowance for doubtful receivable is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Provision made/ (reversed) during the year (net of reversals)	-	-
Bad debts written off	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	-

Note 10: Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Bank balance		
(i) In Current accounts	0.76	0.72
(ii) Fixed Deposit for less than 3 month maturity	-	-
Cash in Hand	2.43	1.66
	3.19	2.38

Note 11: Bank Balance other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Other Bank Balance		
(i) Fixed Deposit for more than 3 month maturity	-	-
(i) Fixed Deposit held as security against borrowings*	2,755.34	1,645.16
	2,755.34	1,645.16

* The Company has pledged fixed deposits with the bank for bank overdraft facilities.

Note 12: Loans

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured and Considered good)		
Loans to Related Parties	-	-
Loans to Employees	2.94	3.15
	2.94	3.15

Note 13: Current Tax Asset (Net)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance tax & TDS Receivable (Net of Provision)	181.25	141.32
	181.25	141.32

Note 14: Other Current Assets

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance With Government authorities	68.48	20.06
Prepaid Expenses	1.46	10.12
Advances for Expenses	2.27	6.19
	72.22	36.37

Note 15: Share Capital

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised Capital		
1,50,00,000 (Previous Year 1,50,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,500.00	1,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up		
1,04,47,000 (PY 1,04,10,625) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	1,044.70	1,041.06
	1,044.70	1,041.06

i) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Secmark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.03	75,25,000	72.28

ii) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii) Bonus Shares

62,22,300 Shares were allotted as Bonus Shares in the last five years:

On October 13, 2022 (deemed allotment date), the Allotment Committee of the Board of Directors 62,22,300 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10 each as Bonus Shares in the proportion of 3 Bonus Equity Shares for every 2 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10 held on record date October 12, 2022 (end of day).

iv) Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number	(Amount in Lakhs)	Number	(Amount in Lakhs)
At the beginning of the year	1,04,10,625	1,041.06	1,03,82,125	1,038.21
Add: Equity shares issued on exercise of Employee Stock Options (ESOPs)	36,375	3.64	28,500	2.85
At the end of the year	1,04,47,000	1,044.70	1,04,10,625	1,041.06

v) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters/ Promoter Group in Equity Shares as follow:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Name of Promoter/ Promoter Group	Equity Shares Held by Promoters		Equity Shares Held by Promoters		% Change during the year
	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025		
	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	
SecMark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.03	75,25,000	72.28	(0.25)
Minakshi Vijay Ramaiya	1,10,000	1.05	1,10,000	1.06	(0.01)
Priyanka Vinit Purecha	1,05,000	1.01	1,05,000	1.01	-
Trupti Ravi Ramaiya	70,040	0.67	32,500	0.31	0.36
Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	20,000	0.19	-	-	-
Snehal Ramesh Indurkar	5,000	0.05	5,000	0.05	-
Indira Ramaiya	-	-	-	-	-
Ila Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Total	78,35,040	75.00	77,77,500	74.71	

(Amount in Lakhs)

Name of Promoter/ Promoter Group	Equity Shares Held by Promoters		Equity Shares Held by Promoters		% Change during the year
	As at March 31, 2025		As At Mar 31, 2024		
	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	
SecMark Holdings Private Limited	75,25,000	72.28	75,25,000	72.48	(0.20)
Minakshi Vijay Ramaiya	1,10,000	1.06	1,10,000	1.06	-
Priyanka Vinit Purecha	1,05,000	1.01	1,05,000	1.01	-
Trupti Ravi Ramaiya	32,500	0.31	32,500	0.31	-
Shardul Jashwantlal Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Snehal Ramesh Indurkar	5,000	0.05	5,000	0.05	-
Indira Ramaiya	-	-	-	-	-
Ila Shah	-	-	-	-	-
Total	77,77,500	74.71	77,77,500	74.91	

Note 16: Other Equity

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Capital Reserve	0.21	0.21
Opening and Closing Balance	0.21	0.21
Securities Premium		
Opening Balance	792.20	776.70
Add: on ESOP Allotment of Equity Shares	10.91	8.55
Add: Trasferred from ESOP outstanding on account of exercise of options	13.82	6.95
Less : Transferred to Capital as Bonus Issue	-	-
Closing Balance	816.94	792.20
Surplus in Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	205.78	(223.61)
Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	256.72	429.39
Less: Appropriation of Dividend	-	-
Closing Balance	462.51	205.78
Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening Balance	(2.97)	(3.67)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Additions during the year	6.94	0.70
Closing Balance	3.97	(2.97)
ESOP Outstanding		
Opening Balance	14.81	12.70
Additions during the year	11.85	9.06
Less: trf to security premium	(13.82)	(6.95)
	12.84	14.81
	1,296.47	1,010.03

Note 16.1

(i) Capital Reserve

The Company recognise profit and loss on sale, purchase and cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments to capital reserve.

(i) Securities Premium

Securities Premium is used to record premium on issuance of shares. The reserve shall be utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

ii) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

iii) Other Comprehensive Income

Other Comprehensive Income refers to items of income and expenses that are not recognised as a part of the profit and loss account.

Proposed dividend on equity shares is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting and not recognised as liability as at the Balance Sheet date

Note 17: Provisions -Non Current

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for Gratuity	53.24	43.88
	53.24	43.88

Note 18: Borrowings

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured		
Loan repayable on demand		
Loan from Financial Institution	-	-
Bank Loan Secured against Fixed Deposits*	1,285.48	655.74
	1,285.48	655.74
Current Maturities of Long-Term Borrowings		
From Bank		
From Banks (unsecured)		
From Financial Institution		
	-	-
Total	1,285.48	655.74

*(a) Term of Loans:

- (i) Bank Overdraft is secured against Bank deposit. Please refer note 11 for details of assets pledged.

(b) Tenor of Repayment:

- (i) Bank overdraft is repayable on demand

(c) Interest Rate:

- (i) For Bank overdraft, interest rate is FD Rate + Spread (0.5%). Interest is payable monthly basis on the last date of each month.

Note 19: Trade Payables

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Total outstanding due to Micro and Small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding due to others	596.28	360.49
	596.28	360.49

Ageing of Trade Payables as on March 31, 2026

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	596.28	-	-	-	596.28

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	596.28	-	-	-	596.28

Ageing of Trade Payables as on March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	< 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	360.49	-	-	-	360.49
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	360.49	-	-	-	360.49

Note 19.1: Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days to 180 days credit term.

Note 19.2: Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)

Disclosures under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (as amended)

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid	-	-
(ii) Interest amount remaining unpaid	-	-
(iii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv) Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006	-	-
(v) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
(vi) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises	-	-

Note: Identification of micro and small enterprises is basis intimation received from vendors

Note 20: Other Financial Liabilities

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Employee Payable	67.71	51.75
Provision for Expenses	328.99	152.09
	396.70	203.84

Note 21: Other Current Liabilities

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unearned and Deferred Revenue	29.86	-
Deposit from Customer	1.50	1.50
Statutory Dues Payable	73.21	64.39
Other Payable	12.01	0.96
	116.59	66.85

Note 22: Provisions

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provisions for Gratuity Current	5.47	1.82
	5.47	1.82

Note 23: Revenue from Operations

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Sale of Services	3,753.72	3,511.31
	3,753.72	3,511.31

Note 24: Other Income

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Interest on Fixed Deposit on Bank & Others	124.34	79.16
Other Income	4.40	5.77
Gain on sale of investment in associates		4.30
	128.74	89.23

Note 25: Employee Benefits Expense

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Salary, wages, bonus and allowances	983.19	696.68
Gratuity Provided	21.25	14.21
Employee Compensation Expenses (ESOP)	11.85	9.06
Employee welfare and other amenities	79.87	68.19
	1,096.16	788.14

Note 26: Finance Costs

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Interest Expense on		
- Borrowings	23.50	38.76
Other Finance Charges	0.11	0.10
	23.61	38.85

Note 27: Other Expenses

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Payments to Auditor (Refer note 29)	3.85	3.85
Business Promotion Expenses	8.35	5.62
Professional Fees Paid	713.00	914.90
Software Support Expenses	1,031.60	716.73

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Conveyance & Travelling Expenses	23.94	12.07
Insurance charges	0.04	0.24
Repairs & Maintenance	8.32	3.81
Receivables Not Recoverable	-	0.10
Rent, Rates & taxes	52.21	46.11
Contract Charges	77.16	66.38
Stationery & Printing Expenses	3.29	2.01
Telecommunication Charges	1.53	1.48
Miscellaneous Expenses	32.10	18.33
	1,955.39	1,791.63

Note 28: Earnings Per Share (EPS)

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
	Basic and Diluted EPS		
(a)	Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs. in lakhs)	256.72	429.39
(b)	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Basic and Diluted)		
	Number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,04,10,625	1,03,82,125
	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Basic)	1,04,31,254	1,03,97,195
	Effect of Dilution:		
	Share options	1,71,950	31,250
	Weighted average number of Equity Shares (Diluted)	1,06,03,204	1,04,28,445
(c)	Earnings per Share		
	- Basic Earnings per Share of Rs 10 each (in Rs)	2.46	4.13
	- Diluted Earnings per Share of Rs 10 each (in Rs)	2.42	4.12

Note 29: Auditors Remuneration and Reimbursement

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Statutory Audit Fees	2.85	2.85
Tax Audit Fees	1.00	1.00
	3.85	3.85

Note 30:

The Company does not have any Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment

Note 31:**Segment Reporting**

As the Company operates in only one Segment i.e. of Software Consultancy Services, details regarding Segment Reporting is not applicable pursuant to Ind AS 108.

Note 32:**Fair Value measurement****Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Financial Instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the company based on parameters such as interest rate and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

Fair value hierarchy

The financial instruments, if any, are categorized into three levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

(i) The carrying values of the financial instruments by categories were as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Measurement Basis	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
		Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	Cost	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	Amortised Cost	232.31	287.56
(iii) Cash and Bank Balance	Amortised Cost	2,758.53	1,647.55
(iv) Loans	Amortised Cost	2.94	3.15
(v) Other Financial Assets	Amortised Cost	11.16	15.13
		3,004.94	1,953.38
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	Amortised Cost	1,285.48	655.74
(ii) Trade Payables	Amortised Cost	596.28	360.49
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	Amortised Cost	396.70	203.84
		2,278.47	1,220.06

(ii) Fair Value Hierarchy

(Amount in Lakhs)

Financial Assets & Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount	Level 1, 2, 3	Amount
Financial Assets				
(i) Investments	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-
(iii) Cash and Bank Balance	-	-	-	-
(iv) Loans	-	-	-	-
(v) Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
		-		-
Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	-	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-
		-		-

Note 33: Financial Instruments**(i) Capital Risk Management**

Equity share capital and other equity are considered for the purpose of Company's capital management. The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital.

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i)	Debt	1,285.48	655.74
	Less : Cash and Cash equivalents	3.19	2.38
	Net Debt (A)	1,282.29	653.36
(ii)	Equity (B)	2,341.17	2,051.09
	Capital Gearing Ratio (A/B)	54.77%	31.85%

(ii) Financial Risk Management

The Company's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk

The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payable and other liabilities to manage its operation and the financial assets include trade receivables, deposits, cash and bank balances, other receivables etc. arising from its operation.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: Foreign currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations and investments in debt instruments including debt mutual fund. The Company's interest-bearing financial instruments are reported as below:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Variable rate borrowings	1,285.48	655.74
Fixed rate borrowings	-	-
Amount disclosed under borrowings	1,285.48	655.74

Fair Value Sensitivity Analysis for Fixed-Rate Instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Sensitivity:

The below table demonstrate the sensitivity of the company's profit before tax to a reasonable possible change in interest rate with all other variables being constant.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points	0.23	0.39
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points	(0.23)	(0.39)

Equity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments which is not material

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable.

Trade Receivables

Our historical experience of collecting receivables is that credit risk is low. Hence, trade receivables are considered to be a single class of financial assets. Credit risk has always been managed by each business segment through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Other Financial Assets

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and/or domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units, quoted bonds issued by Government and Quasi Government organizations and certificates of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to risk of financial distress or extra ordinary high financing cost arising due to shortage of liquid funds in a situation where business conditions unexpectedly deteriorate and require financing. The Company's objective is to maintain at all times optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. Processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management and management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturities based on their contractual maturities for:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	Less than 1 year	1-2 years
(i) Borrowings	1,285.48	1,285.48	-
(ii) Trade Payables	596.28	596.28	-
iii) Other Financial Liabilities	396.70	396.70	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	Less than 1 year	1-2 years
(i) Borrowings	655.74	655.74	-
(ii) Trade Payables	360.49	360.49	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	203.84	203.84	-

Note 34: Related Parties

(A) List of Related Parties : where control exists

- (i) Name of the Holding Company
SecMark Holdings Private Limited

- (ii) Name of the Subsidiary Companies
- Direct Subsidiary Companies
1. Sutra Software Private Limited
 2. Markets on Cloud Private Limited
- (iii) Key Managerial Person (KMP)
- Ravi Vijay Ramaiya (CEO & Managing Director)
 - Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki (CFO & Director)
 - Sunil Kumar Bang (Company Secretary)
- (iv) Other Directors & Other Related Party
- Binod Chandra Maharana (Independent Director)
 - Priti Nigam Gandhi (Independent Director)
 - Michael Nanson D'souza (Executive Director)
 - Shardul Jashwantlal Shah (Non executive)
 - Hiral Shah (Relative of Shardul Shah)
 - Trupti Ramaiya (Relative of Director)
 - Usha D'souza (Relative of Michael D'souza)
 - Kajal Oriya (Relative of Director)
- (v) Persons / entities in which directors and/or KMP are interested
- M/S Shah & Ramaiya

(B) Transactions during the year with Related Parties

(Amount in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary Companies	KMP/ Individual	Other Directors	Other Related Party	Total
1	Professional Fees Paid / Software Development Cost					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	-	28.17	28.17
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	-	24.37	24.37
2	Rent Paid					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	-	19.20	19.20
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	-	19.20	19.20
3	Managerial Remuneration*					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	207.76	-	-	207.76
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	153.48	-	-	153.48
4	Salaries and Allowances*					
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	-	-	24.15	14.00	38.15
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	-	-	24.86	6.00	30.86

*As the liability for gratuity is provided on actuarial basis for the Company, as a whole, amounts accrued pertaining to Key Management Personnel and other related parties are not included above

(C) Balance Outstanding with Related Parties at the year end

(Amount in Lakhs)

Sr. No	Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary Companies	KMP/ Individual	Other Directors	Other Related Party	Total
1	Other Financial Liabilities					
	As at March 31, 2026	-	5.98	1.53	-	7.51
	As at March 31, 2025	-	6.20	1.58	1.00	8.77
2	Trade Payable					
	As at March 31, 2026	-	-	-	2.06	2.06
	As at March 31, 2025	-	-	-	2.01	2.01

Note 35 : Employee Benefits**Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employee salaries, in respect of qualifying employees towards provident fund, ESIC and other funds which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligations other than to make the specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as they accrue.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company has a scheme for payment of gratuity to all its employees as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Company provides for period end liability using the projected unit credit method as per the actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuary. The gratuity plan is a funded plan.

The movement in the defined benefit liability over the year is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Gratuity	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(i)	Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation		
	As at 1st April	45.70	32.19
	Interest Cost	3.05	2.23
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Current Service cost	18.20	11.98
	Benefits Paid	(1.30)	-
	Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on the obligation	(6.94)	(0.70)
	As at 31st March	58.71	45.70
(ii)	Change in plan assets		
	As at 1st April	-	-
	Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-

	Particulars	Gratuity	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
	Employer's Contribution	-	-
	Benefits Paid	-	-
	Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on the Plan Assets	-	-
	As at 31st March	-	-
	Net as at 31st March	58.71	45.70
(iii)	Expense Recognised in Profit or Loss Statement		
	Current Service Cost	18.20	11.98
	Past Service Cost	-	-
	Net Interest Cost	3.05	2.23
	Total	21.25	14.21
(v)	Amount Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
	Actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in other comprehensive income	(6.94)	(0.70)
	Expected return on plan assets	-	-
	Total	(6.94)	(0.70)

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Gratuity	
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(vi)	Assumptions		
	Interest rate	7.25%	6.80%
	Estimated return on plan assets	NA	NA
	Salary growth rate	7.00%	7.00%

The estimates, of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

(vii) Sensitivity to Key Assumptions

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change
Discount Rate Sensitivity				
Increase by 0.5%	56.07	-4.50%	43.47	-4.88%
Decrease by 0.5%	61.56	4.86%	48.12	5.29%
Salary growth rate Sensitivity				

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change	(Amount in Lakhs)	% change
Increase by 0.5%	60.57	3.16%	47.43	3.79%
Decrease by 0.5%	56.78	-3.29%	43.79	-4.18%
Withdrawal rate (W.R.) Sensitivity				
W.R. x 110%	58.85	0.24%	45.73	0.05%
W.R. x 90%	58.50	-0.36%	45.65	-0.12%

Note 36: Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019

The Company had instituted an Employee Stock Option Scheme 2019 ('ESOP 2019') as approved by the Board on December 20, 2019 and Shareholders on January 28, 2020 for issuance of stock option to eligible employees of the Company. The maximum number of equity shares was 5,00,000/- at that time. The Company has issued Bonus shares in the ratio of 3:2 as per the approval in Annual General Meeting dated September 29, 2022. Accordingly, the maximum number of shares under the ESOP Pool were increased to 12,50,000 equity shares (Grant A). The Company has granted 199200 equity shares on April 28, 2025 (Grant B). The options would vest on achievement of defined performance parameters as determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee. The performance parameters are based on operating performance metrics of the company as decided by Nomination and Remuneration committee. Each of the performance parameters will be distinct for the purpose of calculation of the quantity of the shares to vest based on performance. The instruments generally vests within three years from grant date. Each option carries with a right to purchase one equity share of the Company at exercise price determined by Nomination and Remuneration committee at the time of grant.

The summary of grants during the year ended March 31, 2026 and year ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025
Grant A	-	-
Grant B	199200	-

The fair value of the option is estimated on the date of grant using Black- Scholes-Merton model. The movement in the ESOP 2019 for equity settled share based payment transactions during the year ended March 31, 2026 and year ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026			
	Class A		Class B	
	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the Year	38,750	40	-	-
Granted during the Year	-	-	1,99,200	60
Exercised during the Year	(36,375)	40	-	-
Forfeited during the Year	(500)	-	(29,125)	-
Expired during the Year	-	40	-	60
Outstanding at the end of the Year	1,875	40	1,70,075	60
Exercisable at the end of the Year	-	-	-	-

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2025			
	Grant A		Grant B	
	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price	Shares	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the Year	76,875	40	-	-
Granted during the Year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the Year	(28,500)	40	-	-
Forfeited during the Year	(9,625)	-	-	-
Expired during the Year	-	40	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the Year	38,750	40	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the Year	-	-	-	-

The summary of the information about equity settled ESOPs outstanding as on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2026		For the Year Ended March 31, 2025	
	Grant A	Grant B	Grant A	Grant B
Weighted Average Exercise Price	40	60	40	-
Number of Options	1,875	1,70,075	37,875	-
Weighted Average remaining contractual life (year)	-	5 Years	1 Year	-

The employee stock compensation cost under ESOP 2019 has been computed by reference to the fair value of share options granted and amortised over the vesting year. For the year ended March 31, 2026, the company has accounted for employee stock compensation cost (equity settled) amounting to 11.85 lakhs (March 31, 2025: 9.06 Lakhs). (Refer note 25 Employee Benefit Expense).

Note 37:

Disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended Schedule III

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements

- (i) The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.
- (ii) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (iii) The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a willful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.
- (iv) There are charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the Statutory Period.

Amount (in lakhs)

Bank	Type of borrowing	Amount (in lakhs)	Remark
State Bank of India	Overdraft	1,285.48	Charge not created

Reason for non-creation

Company is in continuous follow up with the lending institutions for creation of charge, however, till date required digitally signed documents are not provided to the company for creation of charge

- (v) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year
- (vi) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities(intermediaries), with the understanding that the intermediary shall
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) , or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vii) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (viii) The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)

- (ix) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restrictions on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

Note 38:

Prior Period of Comparative

The previous figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year.

As per our report of even date

For D. Kothary & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration. No. 105335W

Mehul N. Patel

Partner

Membership No.: 132650

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SECMARK CONSULTANCY LIMITED

Ravi Vijay Ramaiya

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 03510258

Sagar Mansukhbhai Thanki

Executive Director & CFO

DIN : 08281489

Sunil Kumar Bang

Company Secretary





कर्मण्येवाधिकारस्ते मा फलेषु कदाचन।

Karmanye vadhikaraste ma phaleshu kada chana

To work you have the right, but not to the result



Services from SecMark bring along:

- Values and Integrity.
- Thorough domain expertise in functional areas of services.
 - Strong Technology Capabilities.
- Focused approach on serving Financial Market Participants.
 - First generation founders.
 - Young, dynamic and energetic team.
 - Desire of achieving customer delight.
 - Will to win.