



**JTEKT INDIA LIMITED**

12<sup>th</sup> February, 2026

**The BSE Limited**

Department of Corporate Services  
Floor 1, New Trading Ring  
Rotunda Building, P.J. Towers  
Dalal Street, Fort  
Mumbai 400 001.

**Scrip Code - 520057**

**National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.**

Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor,  
Plot No. C/1, G Block  
Bandra – Kurla Complex  
Bandra (E)  
Mumbai 400 051.

**Symbol – JTEKTINDIA; Series – EQ**

**Sub : Publication of Unaudited Financial Results for the third quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2025, in the newspapers.**

Dear Sir,

With reference to our letter dated 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2026, under the cover of which we had furnished to you the Unaudited Financial Results for the third quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2025, we are enclosing herewith the copies of the newspaper cuttings of the aforesaid Financial Results published by the Company in Business Standard Newspaper (English – All Editions as well as Hindi – Delhi Edition) on 12<sup>th</sup> February, 2026.

You are requested to please take the same on record.

The same will also be available on the website of the Company at <http://www.jtekt.co.in/>.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,  
For **JTEKT India Limited**

**Saurabh Agrawal**  
Company Secretary

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**Regd. Office :** UGF-6, Indra Prakash, 21, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi – 110 001, India.

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**CIN :** L29113DL1984PLC018415, Website : [www.jtekt.co.in](http://www.jtekt.co.in)

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IMAGING: AJAYA KUMAR MOHANTY

# After FY27 Budget, the unfinished business of IP

The Union Budget backs skilling across animation, gaming and comics. But creators and studios confront a hard question: who owns what comes next?

AYUSHI SINGH  
New Delhi, 11 February

Most of the Union Budget 2026-27 read as expected, but one section stood out beyond its usual readership.

The animation, visual effects, gaming and comics (AVGC) sector featured in the document with a ₹250 crore allocation for AVGC content creator labs, signalling a policy push towards a segment that has long sat at the edges of official recognition.

The proposed labs are to be rolled out across 15,000 secondary schools and 500 colleges, with implementation support from the Indian Institute of Creative Technologies in Mumbai. Folded into the creative, or 'orange', economy, the emphasis was firmly on skilling, talent pipelines and expanding production capacity across the creative industries.

What remains harder to organise is what comes after production. Questions of ownership across multiple platforms, and of whether a created work can sustain relevance and commercial life beyond its initial release, tend to surface later in the value chain, often after scale has already been achieved.

### Where the value sits

This is where intellectual property, or IP, comes in. It refers to the ownership of characters, narrative universes or formats that allow those properties to move across media, products and time, remaining commercially relevant beyond a single release.

Globally, ownership rather than mere content creation carries significant economic weight. The character licensing industry is estimated to generate more than \$300 billion annually worldwide. Hello Kitty, created in 1974 by Japan's Sanrio, for instance, is estimated to generate around \$4-5 billion annually, largely through consumer products rather than screen-led franchise cycles.

### Omnipresent

India has never lacked AVGC characters. They have appeared across comic books, afternoon television slots, animated blocks, dubbed series, cinema halls and, more recently, OTT platforms, making recognition widespread. But commercial depth remained limited

because characters were built for reach rather than returns. They travelled widely, but rarely beyond their original formats, functioning more as cultural references than as properties with long commercial lives.

"India historically built familiarity, but not fandom-led consumption," said Deepesh Kothari, vice-president of Amar Chitra Katha, which publishes Indian-themed comic books built around mythological as well as historical characters — from the Ramayana and Mahabharata to Akbar and Gandhi and fictional favourites such as Shikari Shambhu. The early focus, he said, was access — reaching households across languages and income groups at a time organised retail and licensing infrastructure barely existed.

That approach helped build scale and trust, but it also meant characters were rarely conceived with long commercial lives in mind. "The ecosystem required to monetise IP at scale was largely absent," Kothari said. "Licensing never developed as a professional discipline, retail remained fragmented, and stories largely stayed where they were born."

That legacy of trust and reach, Kothari said, is now being repurposed as organised retail, e-commerce and digital discovery have expanded in India, allowing older IPs to extend beyond print into products, formats and partnerships.

### Where stories stalled

From an industry-wide perspective, character IP in India often struggles to translate when stories are expected to move across formats, said Ajitesh Sharma, president of the Indian Comics Association. The world's largest franchises, such as the Marvel Cinematic Universe, he noted, did not begin as spectacles but evolved gradually, often starting in comic books and being allowed to age before they were scaled. India missed much of that conversion window through the 1990s and early 2000s, Sharma noted. Comics did not reliably become games, games did not become films, and stories rarely renewed themselves, even as recognition endured.

The imbalance is visible globally. The Netflix supernatural horror serial Stranger Things, for instance, has gen-

erated more than \$1 billion in cumulative merchandise and licensing revenue since its launch, according to industry estimates. Much of that value has come not from new episodes but from demand across consumer products and live experiences, including themed events and immersive fan exhibitions.

### Fandom without follow-through

Consumer behaviour reinforced the pattern, Sharma said. Comics and games were long treated as indulgences rather than environments to inhabit, with parents tolerating them but rarely encouraging deeper immersion, while video games were actively discouraged until the rise of esports.

But then the world of distribution began shifting: Railway station bookstalls disappeared, independent bookstores shut and large-

format retail shrank, narrowing the physical spaces where characters were discovered.

There was also a creative ceiling. Much of India's character ecosystem was built primarily for children, Sharma said, which allowed it to work early on but limited its ability to grow with audiences over time. By contrast, American superhero characters are continually reinterpreted, with new writers and artists reshaping them across successive comic runs and adaptations, so the characters grow with the readers.

From a licensing perspective, the constraint has been less about demand and more about range, said Gaurav Marya, chairman of License India, an industry platform focused on brand licensing, merchandising and IP monetisation. While character licensing in India has grown in recent years, it has been built around a small number

of properties, limiting how value multiplies over time. For licensing to compound, the same IP needs to reappear across multiple product categories and price points over time, allowing consumers to return to it repeatedly rather than encounter it once.

"The issue is not whether licensing works," Marya said. "It's that we don't yet have enough Indian-origin IPs created with licensing, retail and consumer products in mind from the outset."

He added that while content creation in India has scaled rapidly, monetisation through licensing is rarely built into IPs at the creation stage, restricting how far characters travel beyond their first format.

Marya said many Indian companies still do not view their own brands and characters as licensable assets, which continues to limit the depth and diversity of India's licensing ecosystem.

### Capacity first

This is the terrain the Budget is now acting on.

Government and industry estimates suggest India will need close to two million AVGC professionals by the end of the decade, driven by gaming, which has emerged as the largest revenue earner within the cluster, with India's market estimated at \$6 billion in 2025. Skilling initiatives are likely to expand the talent pool and production capacity, but questions around ownership and how to build value remain unresolved.

What remains structurally underbuilt, industry experts said, is the layer between creation and visibility, where marketing, publishing and early losses determine whether new IPs ever get seen enough to endure.

### Learning from repetition

Some new studios are approaching that gap cau-

tiously, watching where IP already appears to hold before deciding how to build it.

At New Delhi-based Omoi Studio, founder Aditya Ganguly began noticing character-led businesses overseas that remained visible without relying on films or series. One reference point was Crybaby, a pouty, teary-eyed character built as collectibles, owned by Chinese designer toy company Pop Mart, which also owns IPs such as Labubu, a wide-eyed, sharp-toothed doll with exaggerated features, and Molly, a childlike figure with oversized eyes and a fixed, expressionless gaze.

Designed primarily as physical collectibles, these characters circulate through blind-box toys — mystery packages — Pop Mart's retail stores, online platforms and licensed consumer products rather than through films or television. "What stood out wasn't scale," Ganguly said. "It was how often people were encountering the same characters."

That observation shaped how Omoi approached its first IP. Rather than beginning with a show or narrative universe, the studio began with a digital product, with characters designed to sit quietly on a user's desktop during the workday. Omoi's first set of characters, called Odies, are being developed across digital

products, games and, eventually, collectibles, with the studio testing whether familiarity can be built through repetition rather than spectacle.

It remains an early experiment. "You're absorbing costs before you know whether the attachment will deepen," Ganguly said. The attempt sits somewhere between legacy IP and mass entertainment — like a test case for how character ownership might be built

## In comparison

- India's licensing market is nearly 2% of Pokémon's lifetime value
- India's animation sector is 6-7% of MCU's box office
- Pop Mart alone is nearly the size of India's entire character licensing ecosystem
- India has 500 mn+ gamers, but captures only

- about 2% of global gaming revenue
- India represents less than 1% of global licensing retail sales
- Global animation is 200x larger than India's animation industry
- India contributes well under 1% of global animation value

## Mind the global gap

IP ownership strength (in \$ bn)

Gaming Licensing Animation/character industry

Country	Gaming	Licensing	Animation/character industry
US	48	170	100
Japan	22	30	25
China	45	20	15
South Korea	8	5	5
Canada	4.5	3	5
India	3.5	1.8	2

Sources: Newzoo; Licensing International; FICCI-EY M&E Report; AJA Anime Industry Report; KOCCA; Box Office Mojo; Pop Mart Annual Report (2023).

incrementally.

### Owning the arena

For many Indian studios, the harder shift has been moving from execution for global platforms to owning the systems and audiences those platforms depend on.

Not everyone is approaching ownership through characters.

NODWIN Gaming, one of the country's largest esports and gaming companies and a key organiser of competitive gaming tournaments and broadcasts, frames ownership less around individual titles and more around formats. "While the world often defines gaming IP as ownership of the underlying game — the software and its code — we define it as the community and the arena," said Nishant Patel, senior vice-president.

Games are inherently hit-driven, Patel said, while formats tend to endure longer. NODWIN's focus has therefore been on building events, broadcasts and platforms that can travel across titles, rather than on developing a single breakout game.

The Budget, he added,

strengthens the front-end of the ecosystem by proposing allocations for expanding talent and production capacity. What remains more fragile is the go-to-market risk, particularly the capital required to ensure that new IPs are seen, sustained and are able to compound over time.

### Remaining gaps

The picture remains incomplete, however. The Budget has moved decisively on capacity, but ownership is still being worked out unevenly across the ecosystem, with studios experimenting at different points in the value chain.

One test is the time it takes for recognition to turn into revenue. If that gap remains unaddressed, new IPs risk stalling after production, repeating a cycle where scale arrives faster than staying power.

India does not lack output. What remains uncertain is which characters, formats or worlds will stay in circulation long enough to be owned, renewed and compounded over time.

**STAR PAPER MILLS LIMITED**  
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**Special Window for Transfer and Dematerialisation of Physical Shares**

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. HO/38/13/11(2)/2006-MIRSD-POD//3750/2026 dated 30th January, 2026, Shareholders of the company are hereby informed that another Special Window has been opened for a period of one year from 5th February, 2026 to 4th February, 2027 to facilitate transfer and dematerialisation of physical shares which were sold/purchased prior to April 1, 2019 and such transfer requests which were submitted before April 1, 2019 and were rejected, returned or not attended to due to deficiencies in documents/process or otherwise. Further, the shares so transferred shall be mandatorily credited to transferee only in demat mode and shall be under lock-in for a period of one year from the date of registration of such transfer. Such shares shall not be transferred/lien-marked/pledged during the said lock-in period.

Eligible shareholders may submit their requests along with requisite documents to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA)-KFin Technologies Limited, Selenium Tower-B, Plot No.-31&32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad - 500 032. Toll Free no.: 1800-309-4001; E-mail: einward.ris@kfin.tech.com.

**for STAR PAPER MILLS LIMITED**  
sd/-  
Saurabh Arora  
Company Secretary

Date : 11th February, 2026  
Place: Saharanpur(U.P)

**DAR CREDIT & CAPITAL LTD.**  
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Phone : 033 40646495, E-mail : co.secretary@darcredit.com

**EXTRACT OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR QUARTER ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2025**  
[Regulation 52 (8), read with Regulation 52(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR Regulations)]  
(Amount in INR)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 31.12.2025	Corresponding Qtr. for the previous year ended 31.12.2024	Year ended 31.03.2025
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	12,60,90,182	10,39,79,000	41,39,29,211
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	3,35,25,073	2,37,65,000	9,05,02,366
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	3,35,25,073	2,37,65,000	9,05,02,366
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	2,51,88,100	1,79,54,000	7,04,42,242
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	2,51,88,100	1,79,54,000	7,04,42,242
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital	14,27,60,000	10,00,00,000	10,00,00,000
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	86,48,75,977	61,58,42,000	63,51,51,050
8	Securities Premium Account	48,52,40,337	30,80,00,000	30,80,00,000
9	Net worth	1,00,76,35,977	71,58,42,000	73,51,51,050
10	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	14,27,60,000	1,47,43,32,000	1,44,49,64,210
11	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	NA	NA	NA
12	Debt Equity Ratio	1.58	2.06	1.97
13	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	1.77	1.80	7.04
	2. Diluted:	1.77	1.80	7.04
14	Capital Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA
15	Debt Redemption Reserve	NA	NA	NA
16	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.88	1.40	2.64
17	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	1.57	1.49	1.47

Note :  
a) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the National Stock Exchange(NSE) under Regulation 52 of SEBI(Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the National Stock Exchange (https://www.nseindia.com/) and the Company (https://www.darcredit.com/)  
b) Pertinent disclosures w.r.t the additional information on the financial results referred to in Regulation 52(4) of SEBI(Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (National Stock Exchange) and can be assessed on the website of, National Stock Exchange (https://www.nseindia.com/) and the Company (https://www.darcredit.com/)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Dar Credit & Capital Ltd.  
sd/-  
Ramesh Kumar Vijay  
Chairman  
DIN : 00658473

Date : 11/02/2026  
Place : Kolkata

**JTEKT**  
**JTEKT INDIA LIMITED**  
(CIN - L29113DL1984PLC018415)  
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**STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025**  
(₹ in lakhs, except per equity share data)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Nine months ended		Year ended
		31.12.2025	30.09.2025	31.12.2024	31.12.2025	31.12.2024	31.03.2025
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total income	68,857.41	64,271.89	59,351.65	1,90,617.97	1,75,761.14	2,40,900.65
2.	Net profit for the period before tax (before exceptional items)	3,065.10	2,498.37	2,220.60	7,017.15	6,785.04	10,160.62
3.	Net profit for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	2,712.84	2,498.37	2,220.60	6,664.89	6,858.82	10,234.40
4.	Net profit for the period after tax (after exceptional items)	2,035.60	1,822.77	1,625.87	4,939.97	5,061.76	7,526.31
5.	Total comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	2,002.52	1,801.80	1,622.03	4,840.71	5,050.27	7,345.44
6.	Paid up equity share capital (Face value of ₹ 1/- per share)	2,773.97	2,773.97	2,542.80	2,773.97	2,542.80	2,542.80
7.	Other equity as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet (excluding revaluation reserve)	-	-	-	-	-	85,445.03
8.	Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Face value of ₹ 1/- per share) (not-annualised for the quarter) (refer note 4)						
	(a) Basic	0.73	0.68	0.63	1.84	1.95	2.90
	(b) Diluted	0.73	0.68	0.63	1.84	1.95	2.90

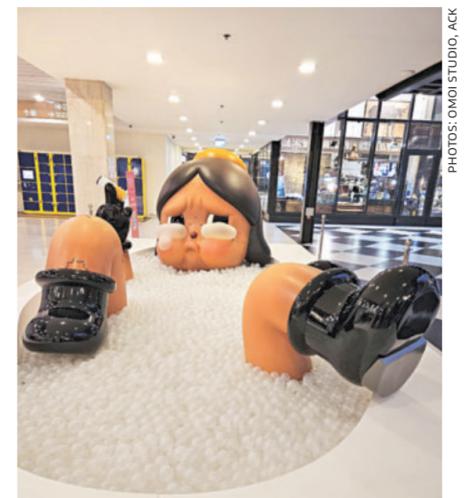
**Notes :**

- The above Statement of Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter and nine months ended 31 December 2025, were reviewed by the Audit Committee at their meeting held on 11 February 2026 and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 11 February 2026. The said results along with the limited review report of the Statutory Auditors are available on the BSE Limited ("BSE") website (URL: www.bseindia.com), the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") website (URL: www.nseindia.com) and on the Company's website (URL: www.jtekt.co.in). The financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- The Company does not have any subsidiary/associate/joint venture company(ies), as on 31 December 2025.
- The Board at its meeting held on 23 May 2025 considered and recommended a final dividend of ₹ 1,779.96 lakhs @ 70% i.e. ₹ 0.70 per equity share of ₹ 1.00 each for the financial year 2024-25. The same has been approved by the Shareholders at their Annual General Meeting held on 28 August 2025.
- a) During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company had decided to surrender its vacant leasehold land at Sanand to the lessor. Owing to the said decision, the written down value of the investment property amounting to ₹ 443.51 lakhs had been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss and corresponding lease liability amounting to ₹ 412.29 lakhs had been derecognised. Additionally, amount recovered for the scrap value of the building amounting to ₹ 105.00 lakhs had been credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Accordingly, the Company had recorded the net gain of ₹ 73.78 lakhs on above adjustments as "Exceptional Item".  
b) During the quarter ended 31 December 2025, a voluntary separation scheme ("VSS") was offered to the workmen and the Company has incurred cost of ₹ 352.26 lakhs. Accordingly, the Company has recorded the VSS cost as an "Exceptional Item".
- During the quarter ended 30 September 2025, the Company completed a Rights Issue of 23,116,407 equity shares at ₹ 108.1 per share (including a premium of ₹ 107.1 per share), aggregating ₹ 24,988.84 lakh. The equity shares were allotted on 13 August 2025. Consequently, the paid-up equity share capital increased from ₹ 2,542.80 lakhs (representing 254,280,483 equity shares of ₹ 1 each) to ₹ 2,773.97 lakhs (representing 277,396,890 equity shares of ₹ 1 each). The proceeds are being utilized for the specified Objects of the Rights Issue.  
Pursuant to Ind AS 33, basic and diluted earnings per share for the quarter ended 31 December 2024, nine months period ended 31 December 2024 and year ended 31 March 2025 have been restated for the bonus element in respect of the right issue.
- The Government of India has notified the four Labour Codes - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 on November 21, 2025, consolidating 29 existing labour laws. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has also published draft Central Rules and FAQs to facilitate assessment of the financial impact arising from changes in regulations. Over the past few years, the Company has proactively undertaken initiatives in its systems, processes, and work force policies in accordance with the emerging requirement of labour codes. The associated costs have been recognized in the Company's financial results as and when such measures were implemented. Based on the steps taken to date and the latest available guidance, the Company has recognized the estimated impact of the Labour Codes in these financial results under employee benefits expense. The Company will continue to monitor the finalization of the Central and State Rules and make further policy alignments as necessary. Any additional impact arising from such developments will be recognized in the financial results as required.

Please scan the below QR code to view the full financial results:

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of JTEKT India Limited  
sd/-  
Minoru Sugisawa  
Chairman & Managing Director

Place : Gurugram  
Date : 11th February, 2026



Crybaby is a character built as collectibles whose IP is owned by Chinese designer toy firm Pop Mart





## आर सिस्टम्स इन्टरनेशनल लिमिटेड

[कारपोरेट पहचान संख्या : L74899DL1993PLC053579]

पंजीकृत कार्यालय : जीएफ-1-ए, 6, देविका टॉवर, नेहरू प्लेस, नई दिल्ली - 110019

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प्लॉट नं० 21, सेक्टर टेक जोन-IV, ग्रेटर नोयडा वेस्ट, गौतम बुद्ध नगर, उ०प्र०-201 306

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### दिसम्बर 31, 2025 को समाप्त वित्तीय वर्ष के अंकेक्षित (एकीकृत एवं संगठित) वित्तीय परिणाम

दिसम्बर 31, 2025 को समाप्त वित्तीय वर्ष के अंकेक्षित (एकीकृत एवं संगठित) वित्तीय परिणामों ("वित्तीय परिणाम") का आर सिस्टम्स इन्टरनेशनल लिमिटेड ("कम्पनी") के निदेशक मंडल द्वारा उनकी मंगलवार, फरवरी 10, 2026 को सम्पन्न बैठक में अनुमोदन किया गया।

वित्तीय परिणाम स्टॉक एक्सचेंजों की वेबसाइटों i.e. [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com), [www.nseindia.com](http://www.nseindia.com) एवं कम्पनी की वेबसाइट <https://www.rsystems.com/investors-info/quarterly-results/> पर उपलब्ध हैं। इसे नीचे दिये गये क्यूआर कोड को स्कैन करके भी प्राप्त किया जा सकता है।



निदेशक मंडल की ओर से  
कृते आर सिस्टम्स इन्टरनेशनल लिमिटेड

नीतेश बंसल  
(प्रबन्ध निदेशक एवं मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी)  
(DIN: 10170738)

स्थान : फ्रीको टीएक्स, यूएसए  
तिथि : फरवरी 11, 2026



ROTO PUMPS LTD.



Regd. Off.: 'Roto House', Noida Special Economic Zone, Noida - 201305

CIN : L28991UP1975PLC004152, Website: [www.rotopumps.com](http://www.rotopumps.com)

Tel.: 0120-2567902-05, Fax: 0120-2567911,

Email : [investors@rotopumps.com](mailto:investors@rotopumps.com)

## Extract of consolidated un-audited financial results for the third quarter and cumulative period ended December 31, 2025

Amount ₹ in Lakhs except EPS

Particulars	Quarter ended			Cumulative period		Year ended
	31-12-2025 Un-audited	30-09-2025 Un-audited	31-12-2024 Un-audited	31-12-2025 Un-audited	31-12-2024 Un-audited	31-03-2025 Restated
Revenue from operations	7,269.54	6,476.37	7,268.61	20,334.29	21,488.70	29,387.20
Net Profit/(loss) for the period before tax (after extraordinary items)	938.85	810.63	517.98	2,833.15	2,872.11	4,395.70
Net Profit/(loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and extraordinary items)	677.56	595.81	400.79	1,903.04	2,109.59	3,363.64
Total comprehensive Income for the period after tax	663.31	638.99	370.16	1,931.92	2,029.76	3,190.74
Paid-up Equity share capital (Face value ₹ 1 per share)	1,884.46	1,884.46	628.15	1,884.46	628.15	628.15
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year						21,496.96
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (not annualized) in ₹	0.36	0.32	0.21	1.01	1.12	1.78
<b>Key numbers of Standalone Financial Results</b>						
Revenue from operations	5,779.20	4,875.30	5,751.53	15,817.29	17,246.39	24,036.81
Profit before tax	818.83	530.51	468.26	2,355.86	2,535.51	3,977.88
Profit after tax	632.70	361.39	357.53	1,550.86	1,894.71	3,078.52

Note: The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full formats of the financial results are available on the Stock Exchanges websites- [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com) & [www.nseindia.com](http://www.nseindia.com) and on the Company website - [www.rotopumps.com](http://www.rotopumps.com).



For ROTO PUMPS LTD.

Sd/-

Harish Chandra Gupta  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN: 00334405

Place: New Delhi  
Date: 10-02-2026

## इकोस (इंडिया) मोबिलिटी एंड हॉस्पिटैलिटी लिमिटेड

(पूर्व की इकोस (इंडिया) मोबिलिटी एंड हॉस्पिटैलिटी प्राइवेट लिमिटेड)

पंजीकृत एवं कॉर्पोरेट कार्यालय: 45, प्रथम तल, कॉर्नर मार्केट, मालवीय नगर, नई दिल्ली, भारत - 110017

कारपोरेट पहचान संख्या: L74999DL1996PLC076375

फोन: +91 11 41326436 | वेबसाइट: [www.ecosmobility.com](http://www.ecosmobility.com) | ई-मेल: [legal@ecosmobility.com](mailto:legal@ecosmobility.com)

### 31 दिसंबर, 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही के लिए अलेखापरीक्षित वित्तीय परिणामों (स्टैंडअलोन और समेकित) का विवरण

कंपनी के निदेशक मंडल ने बुधवार, 11 फरवरी, 2026 को आयोजित अपनी बैठक में 31 दिसंबर, 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही के लिए कंपनी के अलेखापरीक्षित वित्तीय परिणामों (स्टैंडअलोन और समेकित) को स्वीकृति दे दी है।

सीमित समीक्षा रिपोर्ट के साथ परिणाम कंपनी की वेबसाइट [www.ecosmobility.com](http://www.ecosmobility.com) पर पोस्ट किए गए हैं और क्यूआर कोड को स्कैन करके इसे एक्सेस किया जा सकता है।

बोर्ड के आदेश से  
इकोस (इंडिया) मोबिलिटी एंड हॉस्पिटैलिटी लिमिटेड के लिए  
हस्ता./-  
राजेश लुंबा  
(अध्यक्ष एवं प्रबंध निदेशक)

स्थान: दिल्ली  
दिनांक: 11 फरवरी, 2026  
नोट: उपरोक्त सूचना सेबी (सूचीबद्धता दायित्व और प्रकटीकरण आवश्यकताएँ) विनियम, 2015 के विनियम 47(1) के साथ पठित विनियम 33 के अनुसार है।

अधिक जानकारी के लिए कृपया स्कैन करें:



## RAJNANDINI METAL LIMITED

Registered Office: Plot No. 344, Sector 3 Phase II, IMT Bawal - 123501 Haryana (India)

Phone: 01284-264194; Email: [cfo@rajnandinimetal.com](mailto:cfo@rajnandinimetal.com)

Website: [www.rajnandinimetal.com](http://www.rajnandinimetal.com)

CIN: L51109HR2010PLC040255

### STATEMENT OF STANDALONE UN-AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Quarter Ended			Nine Months Ended		Year ended
	31.12.2025	30.09.2025	31.12.2024	31.12.2025	31.12.2024	31.03.2025
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1 Total Income from Operations	6,184	7,116	23,272	20,688	82,505	1,03,358
2 Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	81	13	14	(152)	(314)	(272)
3 Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	77	13	14	(156)	(314)	(272)
4 Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and / or Extraordinary items)	51	3	9	(145)	(237)	(217)
5 Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	53	3	9	(123)	(235)	(215)
6 Paid up Equity Share Capital	2,765	2,765	2,765	2,765	2,765	2,765
7 Basic EPS (Face Value of Rs. 10/-)	0.02	0.00	0.00	(0.04)	(0.08)	(0.08)
8 Diluted EPS (Face Value of Rs. 10/-)	0.02	0.00	0.00	(0.04)	(0.08)	(0.08)

**Notes:**

- The above unaudited standalone financial results have been reviewed by the audit committee and taken on record by Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 11, 2026. The statutory auditors have carried out limited review of the financial results of the company for the quarter ended December 31, 2025 under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended.
- The above results are prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down and specified in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules framed thereunder and as per requirement of Regulation 33 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and according to applicable circulars issued by SEBI from time to time.
- During the last year, the business premises of the Company had been searched by the GST Authorities in connection with some information in their possession. As a result of the search, the GST Authorities had alleged that the Company had claimed fraudulent ineligible input credit of GST in earlier years and accordingly, passed an Order under Section 74 of the CGST Act, 2017 dated January 16, 2025 directing the Company to deposit the ineligible input credit of GST amounting to Rs 96.14 crores along with interest of Rs 98.42 crores and penalty aggregating to Rs 96.14 crores aggregating to total demand of Rs. 290.70 crores.

The Management is of the strong view that the Company had legitimately availed the GST input credit and that the allegation made by the GST Authorities is not tenable. The Company is in the process of seeking legal recourse against the demand and, in the interim, had filed a rectification application before the concerned authorities requesting deletion of the entire demand. The rectification application has been rejected, and the Management has filed an appeal. In the opinion of the Management, based on the facts and circumstances of the case, the full documentary evidence of entitlement to the input credit, and legal advice obtained, this liability will not crystallize. Accordingly, no provision for this liability has been considered necessary in these accounts.

- Pursuant to the notification issued by the Ministry of Labour and Employment, multiple existing labour legislations have been consolidated into a unified framework comprising four Labour Codes, collectively referred to as the "New Labour Codes" which became effective from November 21, 2025. The Company has reassessed its employee benefit obligations in accordance with the revised definition of wages. Accordingly, an incremental liability of Rs. 4.49 lakhs has been recognised as an "Exceptional item" during the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2025. The Ministry is in the process of notifying related rules to the New Labour Codes and impact of those will be evaluated and accounted for in the period in which they are notified.
- The Company has identified "Manufacturing and supplying of Copper Wires" as the single operating segment for the continued operations in the standalone financial results as per Ind AS 108- Operating Segments.
- The Company is not having any subsidiary, associate or joint venture; therefore it has prepared only standalone results as consolidated requirement is not applicable to the Company.
- The figures of the previous periods have been regrouped/rearranged/ and / or recast wherever found necessary to make them comparable.
- The above financial results are available on Company website [www.rajnandinimetal.com](http://www.rajnandinimetal.com)



By order of the Board  
For Rajnandini Metal Limited  
Sd/-  
Ashok Kalra  
Executive Director  
DIN: 09024019

Date: February 11, 2026  
Place: Bawal

## JTEKT

### जेटेक्ट इंडिया लिमिटेड

(CIN - L29113DL1984PLC018415)

पंजी. कार्यालय : यूजीएफ-6, इन्डप्रकाश, 21, बाराखन्ना रोड, नई दिल्ली - 110001.

फोन नंबर : 011-23311924, 23327205;

ई-मेल : [investorgrievance@jtekt.co.in](mailto:investorgrievance@jtekt.co.in); वेबसाइट : [www.jtekt.co.in](http://www.jtekt.co.in)

### 31 दिसम्बर, 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही और नौ माह हेतु अंकेक्षित वित्तीय परिणामों का विवरण

(₹ लाख में, सिवाय प्रति शेयर अर्जन डेटा)

क्र. सं.	विवरण	तिमाही समाप्त			नौ माह समाप्त		वर्ष समाप्त
		31.12.2025	30.09.2025	31.12.2024	31.12.2025	31.12.2024	
		अंकेक्षित	अंकेक्षित	अंकेक्षित	अंकेक्षित	अंकेक्षित	अंकेक्षित
1.	कुल आय	68,857.41	64,271.89	59,351.65	1,90,617.97	1,75,761.14	2,40,900.65
2.	अवधि हेतु कर पूर्व शुद्ध लाभ (अपवाद मदों से पूर्व)	3,065.10	2,498.37	2,220.60	7,017.15	6,785.04	10,160.62
3.	अवधि हेतु कर पूर्व शुद्ध लाभ (अपवाद मदों के पश्चात)	2,712.84	2,498.37	2,220.60	6,664.89	6,858.82	10,234.40
4.	अवधि हेतु कर पश्चात शुद्ध लाभ (अपवाद मदों के पश्चात)	2,035.60	1,822.77	1,625.87	4,939.97	5,061.76	7,526.31
5.	अवधि हेतु कुल समावेशी आय [जिसमें अवधि हेतु लाभ (कर पश्चात) तथा अन्य समावेशी आय (कर पश्चात) सम्मिलित हैं]	2,002.52	1,801.80	1,622.03	4,840.71	5,050.27	7,345.44
6.	प्रदत्त इक्विटी शेयर पूंजी (अंकित मूल्य ₹ 1/- प्रति शेयर)	2,773.97	2,773.97	2,542.80	2,773.97	2,542.80	2,542.80
7.	अन्य इक्विटी, जैसाकि अंकेक्षित तुलनपत्र में दर्शाया गया है (पुनर्मूल्यन संशोधन छोड़कर)	-	-	-	-	-	85,445.03
8.	प्रति शेयर अर्जन (ईपीएस) (अंकित मूल्य ₹ 1/- प्रति शेयर) (तिमाही हेतु वार्षिकीकृत नहीं) (नोट 4 देखें)						
	(क) मूल	0.73	0.68	0.63	1.84	1.95	2.90
	(ख) तनुकृत	0.73	0.68	0.63	1.84	1.95	2.90

**नोट्स :**

- दिनांक 31 दिसम्बर, 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही और नौ माह हेतु अंकेक्षित वित्तीय परिणामों का उपरोक्त विवरण, अंकेक्षण समिति द्वारा 11 फरवरी, 2026 को आयोजित उनकी बैठक में पुनरीक्षित किया गया था और निदेशक मंडल द्वारा दिनांक 11 फरवरी, 2026 को आयोजित उनकी बैठक में अनुमोदित किया गया था। उपरोक्त परिणाम सांख्यिक अंकेक्षणों की सीमित पुनरीक्षण रिपोर्ट सहित बीएसई लिमिटेड (बीएसई) वेबसाइट ([www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com)) नेशनल स्टॉक एक्सचेंज आफ इंडिया लिमिटेड (एनएसई) वेबसाइट ([www.nseindia.com](http://www.nseindia.com)) तथा कम्पनी की वेबसाइट ([www.jtekt.co.in](http://www.jtekt.co.in)) पर उपलब्ध है। ये वित्तीय परिणाम कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की धारा 133 के तहत निर्धारित भारतीय लेखांकन मानक (Ind AS) की मान्यता और माप सिद्धांतों के अनुसार तैयार किए गए हैं।
- दिनांक 31 दिसम्बर, 2025 को कम्पनी की कोई अनुपुंजी / सहयोगी / संयुक्त उद्यम कम्पनी (कम्पनियां) नहीं हैं।
- बोर्ड ने दिनांक 23 मई, 2025 को सम्पन्न इसकी बैठक में वित्तीय वर्ष 2024-25 के लिए ₹ 1.00 प्रत्येक के इक्विटी शेयर पर 70 प्रतिशत की दर पर अर्थात् ₹ 0.70 प्रति इक्विटी शेयर की दर पर भारतीय ₹ 1779.96 लाख का अंतिम लाभांश विचारित एवं संसृत किया है। यह दिनांक 28 अगस्त, 2025 को आयोजित शेयरधारकों की वार्षिक सामान्य बैठक में उनके द्वारा अनुमोदित किया गया है।
- क) 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के दौरान, कम्पनी ने साणद में अपनी खाली पट्टाधारित भूमि को अग्रपिपत करने का निर्णय किया था। इस के कारण, निवेश सम्पत्ति की ₹ 443.51 लाख के अपलिखित मूल्य को लाभ एवं हानि विवरण में प्रभासित किया गया था और ₹ 412.29 लाख की उससे जुड़ी पट्टा देयता को आमन्य कर दिया गया था। इसके अतिरिक्त, भवन के रूफ मूल्य के लिए वसूल की गई राशि ₹ 105.00 लाख को लाभ एवं हानि विवरण में क्रेडिट किया गया था। इसलिए, कम्पनी ने उपरिपरिणत समायोजन पर ₹ 73.78 लाख का शुद्ध लाभ "अपवादामक मद" के तौर पर रेकार्ड किया था।  
ख) 31 दिसंबर 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही के दौरान, कामगारों को एक वॉलंटरी सेपरेशन स्कैम ("वीएसएस") प्रस्तावित की गई थी और कम्पनी की ₹ 352.26 लाख की लागत आई है। इसलिए, कम्पनी ने वीएसएस लागत को "अपवादामक मद" के तौर पर रेकार्ड किया है।
- 30 सितंबर 2025 को समाप्त तिमाही के दौरान, कम्पनी ने ₹ 107.1 प्रति शेयर (₹ 107.1 प्रति शेयर के प्रीमियम सहित) पर 23,116,407 इक्विटी शेयरों का राइट्स इश्यू पूरा किया है, जिससे कुल ₹ 24,988.84 लाख प्राप्त हुए हैं। इक्विटी शेयर 13 अगस्त 2025 को आबंटित किए गए। फलतः, प्रदत्त इक्विटी शेयर पूंजी ₹ 2,542.80 लाख (1 प्रति शेयर के 254,280,483 इक्विटी शेयर) से बढ़कर ₹ 2,773.97 लाख (1 प्रति शेयर के 277,396,890 इक्विटी शेयर) हो गया। इस राशि का उपयोग राइट्स इश्यू में वर्णित उद्देश्यों के लिए किया जा रहा है।

Ind AS 33 के अनुसार, 31 दिसंबर 2024 को समाप्त तिमाही, 31 दिसंबर 2024 को समाप्त नौ माह की अवधि तथा 31 मार्च 2025 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए मूल और तनुकृत अर्जन प्रति शेयर राइट्स इश्यू के संबंध में बोनस तत्व हेतु पुनर्व्यक्त किया गया है।

- भारत सरकार ने 21 नवंबर, 2025 को चार श्रम संहिताएं - वेतन संहिता, 2019, औद्योगिक संबंध संहिता, 2020, सामाजिक सुरक्षा संहिता, 2020, और पेशागत सुरक्षा, स्वास्थ्य एवं कार्य पर्यावरण संहिता, 2020 अधिसूचित की हैं, जिससे 29 विद्यमान श्रम कानूनों को समेकित किया गया है। श्रम और रोजगार मंत्रालय ने नियमों में परिवर्तन से होने वाले वित्तीय प्रभाव का आकलन करने में सुविधा के लिए केन्द्रीय नियमावली और एफएएसयूज का प्रारूप भी प्रकाशित किया है। पिछले कुछ वर्षों में, कम्पनी ने श्रम संहिता की उपरती आवश्यकताओं के अनुसार अपनी प्रणाली, प्रक्रम और कार्य बल नीति में पहले से ही पहल की है। जब भी ऐसे उपाय लागू किए गए, कम्पनी के वित्तीय परिणामों में इससे जुड़े खर्चों को सम्मिलित किया गया है। अब तक उठाए गए कदमों और नवीनतम उपलब्ध मार्गदर्शन के आधार पर, कम्पनी ने इन वित्तीय परिणामों में कर्मचारी हित वय के तहत श्रम संहिता के अनुमानित प्रभाव को सम्मिलित किया है। कम्पनी केन्द्र और राज्य नियमावली को अंतिम रूप दिए जाने पर निकट दृष्टि बनाए रखेगी और आवश्यकता के अनुरूप आगे नीति में परिवर्तन करेगी। ऐसे घटनाक्रम से होने वाले किसी भी अतिरिक्त प्रभाव को वित्तीय परिणामों में आवश्यकता के अनुरूप मान्यता दी जाएगी।

पूर्ण वित्तीय परिणाम देखने के लिए कृपया नीचे दिया क्यूआर कोड स्कैन करें



कृते एवं हिते निदेशक मंडल  
जेटेक्ट इंडिया लिमिटेड

स्थान : गुरुग्राम  
दिनांक : 11 फरवरी, 2026

मिनोर् सुगिसावा  
अध्यक्ष एवं प्रबंध निदेशक