

**BOSCH**

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Mumbai – 400 001  
Scrip code:500530

The Manager  
Listing Department  
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.  
Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G  
Bandra-Kurla Complex  
Bandra (E)  
Mumbai – 400 051  
Scrip code: BOSCHLTD

26.10.2026

Dear Sir/Madam,

**Ref: Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements, 2015)**

**Sub: Newspaper Publication regarding notice of loss of Share Certificate(s)**

Please find enclosed copy of the newspaper advertisement published on 24.10.26 in the Business Standard (in English) inter alia informing about the loss of Share Certificate(s).

Kindly take the same on record.

Thanking you,

**Yours faithfully,  
for Bosch Limited,**

Venkatarama  
n Srinivasan

Digitally signed by  
Venkataraman  
Srinivasan  
Date: 2026.10.26  
17:11:39 +05'30'

**V. Srinivasan  
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

Enclosed: as above

QUICKLY.

**BPCL Q2 net profit falls 22% to ₹4,863 crore**

**New Delhi:** State-run Bharat Petroleum Corporation (BPCL) on Friday reported an almost 22 per cent year-on-year (y-o-y) decline in its consolidated net profit at around ₹4,863 crore in Q2 FY27 as higher refinery margins were offset by losses from sale of petrol, diesel and liquefied petroleum gas (LPG). The company had incurred a loss of around ₹1,873 crore on a quarter-on-quarter (q-o-q) basis. Its consolidated total income during the September quarter stood at ₹1.58 lakh crore compared to ₹1.61 lakh crore in Q1 FY27 and ₹1.23 lakh crore in Q2 FY26. Total expenses during Q2 FY27 stood at around ₹1.52 lakh crore against ₹1.66 lakh crore in Q1 FY27 and ₹1.15 lakh crore in Q2 FY26. As on September 30, 2026, BPCL's cumulative under recoveries on LPG stood at ₹17,334.40 crore (March 31, 2026: ₹12,318.52 crore). Domestic sales stood at 13.47 mt in Q2 FY27 against 13.62 mt in Q1 FY27 and 12.67 mt in Q2 FY26. Export volume stood at 0.59 mt in Q2 FY27. **OUR BUREAU**

**Forex reserves decline \$5 b to \$721 b: RBI data**

**Mumbai:** The country's forex reserves dropped by \$5.011 billion to \$721.016 billion during the week ended October 16, the Reserve Bank of India said on Friday. In the previous reporting week, the kitty declined by \$8.578 billion to \$726.027 billion. **PTI**

RBI updates leverage ratio framework for banks

**Our Bureau**  
Mumbai

Domestic systemically important banks (D-SIBs) and other domestic commercial banks must maintain a minimum leverage ratio of 4 per cent and 3.5 per cent, respectively, as per the RBI's updated leverage ratio framework.

The aforementioned reserve norms, prescribed in RBI (Commercial Banks – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Eleventh Amendment Directions, 2026, are aimed at ensuring alignment with the latest leverage ratio framework ('leverage ratio 2017 standard') issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. They will take effect from April 01, 2027.

Leverage ratio is defined as a bank's capital measure (numerator) divided by its total exposure measure (denominator), expressed as a percentage.

EXPOSURE MEASURE

A bank's total leverage ratio exposure measure is the sum of the following exposures: (i) On-balance sheet exposures (excluding on-balance sheet derivative and Securities financing transactions/SFT exposures); (ii) derivative exposures; (iii) SFT exposures; and (iv) off-balance sheet (OBS) items.

Indian branches of global systemically important banks (G-SIBs) must maintain a 3.5 per cent minimum leverage ratio plus an applicable G-SIB leverage ratio buffer prescribed by their

Economy anchored by solid macros despite global shocks

**GROWING CONCERN.** West Asia crisis pushing up oil prices, inflation risks: RBI Bulletin

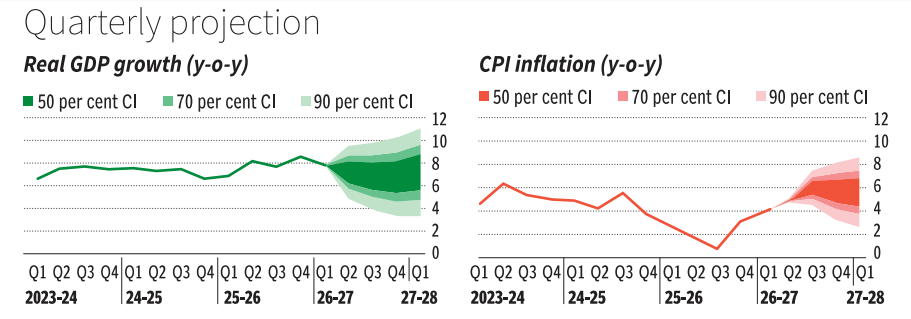
**Our Bureau**  
Mumbai

While the global economy is currently passing through a rough phase with multiple shocks, the Indian economy has been anchored by solid macroeconomic fundamentals and policy interventions to cushion downside risks, according to the 'State of the Economy' report in the RBI's latest monthly bulletin.

Despite being a net energy importer, GDP growth (7.8 per cent in Q1:2026-27) has been supported by sustained domestic demand and services, RBI officials said.

They observed that the headline Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation edged up over the months (to a 23-month high of 5.5 per cent year-on-year in September 2026 from 4.8 per cent in the previous month), driven by a broad-based increase in food, fuel, and core component. Weak monsoon conditions, El Nino-related weather disruptions, and spikes in prices of cereals, pulses, edible oils, sugar and onions have added pressure on household budgets. Rising crude oil prices, triggered by tensions in West Asia, have further increased concerns about imported inflation.

Further, it showed signs of greater generalisation across



Ct: Confidence interval

commodities calling for a commensurate change in the monetary policy stance.

GLOBAL OUTLOOK

The officials noted that although IMF has revised upwards the global economic outlook for 2026 and 2027, the prospect remains clouded by significant downside risks.

"Rising inflationary pressures induced by West Asia crisis and recurrent trade tensions, alongside multi-decade-high sovereign bond yields, elevated public debt, and broader fiscal sustainability concerns are looming large. Some silver linings are evident in the form of positive technology shocks and related dividends from AI," they said.

The officials highlighted that while the retail prices of petrol, diesel, and domestic LPG remained unchanged in October so far (till 19th), the

price of the Indian basket crude oil increased to \$121.3 per barrel in October (till 16th) from \$114.6 per barrel in September (till 18th).

The Indian economy continues to grow at a high rate despite a challenging global environment characterised by geopolitical conflicts, high and volatile crude oil prices, trade policy related uncertainties and tighter global financial conditions, per the report.

Th officials highlighted that the IMF in its World Economic Outlook for October 2026, revised India's projected growth for 2026-27 upward to 7 per cent citing stronger-than-expected momentum, driven by resilient domestic demand and robust services activity

Retail prices of petrol, diesel, and domestic LPG remained unchanged in October so far (till 19th) (Table III.6). The price of the Indian

basket crude oil45 increased to US\$ 121.3 per barrel in October (till 16th)

The officials noted that reserve money (adjusted for the Cash Reserve Ratio) expanded at a robust pace with growth in currency in circulation recording its highest print over the past five years as on September 30, 2026.

Growth in reserve money (adjusted for the first-round impact of changes in CRR) stood at 12.1 per cent (y-o-y) as on September 30, 2026, as compared with 12.2 per cent (y-o-y) as on August 31, 2026. Reserve money includes currency in circulation, Banks' deposit with RBI and other deposits with RBI.

Growth in money supply (total volume of money available in the economy at a given point of time) also rose to 16.9 per cent (y-o-y) as on September 30, from 16.7 per cent (y-o-y) as on August 31, 2026.

FSDC calls for vigilance amid ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, AI boom

**Shishir Sinha**  
New Delhi

The Financial Stability and Development Council (FSDC), under the Chairpersonship of Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman, on Friday called for vigilant especially in view of the ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, AI boom and steep rise in global bond yields. It also took note of the financial sector cyber security strategy (FSCSS).

This call is being made at a time, when yield on US 10-year Treasury is close to 5 per cent causing heavy outflow from stock markets of emerging economies like India. At the same time, no end in sight for war in West Asia and in Russia-Ukraine war.

Meanwhile, the issue of FSCSS is critical as SBI on Thursday reported a suspected cyber breach involving 3,897 customer records containing personally identifiable information that has been exposed on the dark web.

The FSDC met in the capital and was attended by all the financial sector regulators and senior officials of the Finance Ministry.

According to an official statement, the Council took cognizance of the emerging trends from domestic and global macro-financial situation and stressed upon the need to be vigilant especially in view of the ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, AI boom and steep rise in global bond yields. "The Council recognised the need for proact-



**TAKING STOCK.** Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman at the 30<sup>th</sup> meeting of the FSDC in New Delhi **ANI**

ive efforts to mitigate potential risks to financial stability while adopting adequate safeguards for financial system's resilience. The members decided to strengthen the inter-regulatory coordination for wider development of the financial sector," the statement added.

CYBER SECURITY

On the issue of cyber security, the Council reviewed the cyber resilience of the Indian financial sector and took note of the FSCSS formulated by an Inter-Ministerial Group (IMG). "The implementation of the FSCSS is expected to strengthen the overall resilience of the Indian financial sector," it said, while adding that the discussions also covered India's preparedness to protect the critical information infrastructure and resilience of protection systems and improving cybersecurity preparedness of regional rural banks.

The Council recognised the need for proactive efforts to mitigate potential risks to financial stability while adopting adequate safeguards

for financial system's resilience. The members decided to strengthen the inter-regulatory coordination for wider development of the financial sector.

The Council deliberated on issues related to macro financial stability and India's preparedness to deal with them. Considering the importance of regulatory improvisation and digital modernization in the financial sector, the FSDC discussed measures towards promoting innovation in the Fintech sector and exploring the prospects of tokenisation of financial assets and other real-world assets.

It took cognizance of the emerging trends from domestic and global macro-financial situation and stressed upon the need to be vigilant especially in view of the ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, AI boom and steep rise in global bond yields.

UNCLAIMED ASSETS

During the meeting the Minister urged the regulators and stakeholders concerned to expedite the process of refund of unclaimed assets (banks deposits, dividends, shares, post office accounts, insurance and pension funds etc.) to their rightful owners.

The FSDC noted the success undertaken by stakeholders under "Your Money, Your Right" campaign at the district level to refund the existing unclaimed financial assets and guided Ministries and regulators to pursue additional efforts for timely refund to rightful owners.

Remittances towards overseas equity, debt more than double y-o-y in Aug

**Sindhu Hariharan**  
Chennai

Outflows towards investment in equity and debt led the outward remittance in August and are now a much bigger part of the LRS basket compared to last year, RBI data released on Friday show.

Outward remittances by Indians under the Liberalised Remittance Scheme (LRS) reached \$2738.58 million in August 2026, a 3.6 per cent growth y-o-y and 6 per cent up from July, as per the RBI bulletin released on Friday.

Remittances for investment in overseas equity and debt more than doubled, rising 111 per cent from \$152.18 million in August 2025 to \$321.53 million. However, on a month-on-month basis, the total outflow in this category posted a 7 per cent decline.

Investment in equity and debt abroad hit an all-time high of \$460 million in June. In August 2026, the category accounted for about 11.7 per cent of total LRS outflows in August 2026, up from 5.8 per cent a year earlier. Analysts note that beyond

Overseas investment appetite continues surge (in \$ million)

|                                    | Aug-25   | Aug-26   | y-o-y growth (in %) |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| Total outward remittance under LRS | 2,642.91 | 2,738.58 | 4                   |
| Deposit                            | 42.75    | 50.78    | 19                  |
| Towards investment in equity/debt  | 152.18   | 321.53   | 111                 |
| Towards gift                       | 190.43   | 215.72   | 13                  |
| Towards travel                     | 1,618.81 | 1,630.26 | 1                   |
| Maintenance of close relatives     | 272.05   | 275.43   | 1                   |

Source: RBI

foreign equity markets, there has also been an increased appetite for dollar-linked fixed income investments given the depreciation of the rupee.

Excluding the outflow due to investment in equity/debt, the LRS remittances would have declined about 3% year on year.

TRAVEL CATEGORY

Travel, another major category under the LRS, was flat y-o-y but strong m-o-m.

Travel accounted for \$1630.26 million, or roughly 59.5 per cent of the total in August 2026. This grew by just about 1 per cent from a

year ago but climbed 11.4% from July's \$1463.11 million. On a month-on-month basis, business travel zoomed by almost 5x from \$10.9 million in July to \$51 million in August.

Among the other smaller heads, remittance towards deposits rose 18.8 per cent year-on-year to \$50.78 million and gifts abroad also grew 13.3 per cent to \$215.72 million.

Remittances for medical treatment were up 21.3 per cent year on year at \$4.84 million, and people spent 1.2 per cent higher towards maintenance of relatives abroad at \$275.43 million.

Trade, agriculture, housing gain most from RBI rate cuts

**Our Bureau**  
Mumbai

Trade, agriculture and housing were the major beneficiary of the 125-basis points repo rate cut by the Reserve Bank of India during the February 2025-March 2026 easing cycle.

According to an RBI study, of the cumulative 125 bps reduction in the repo rate translated into a 93-bps point decline in the weighted average lending rate (WALR) of scheduled commercial banks. Of this, 80 basis points came from the direct transmission of lower lending rates, while another 13 bps resulted from shifts in the composition of bank lending across sectors.

Among the major beneficiaries, trade recorded the strongest transmission, with lending rates declining by 18 bps. Both lower interest rates and favourable credit allocation contributed equally to the reduction. Agriculture followed with a 16 bps decline, while housing loans and other personal loans saw borrowing costs fall by 15 bps.

The findings suggest that banks directed a larger share of lending towards some of these sectors, amplifying the effect of repo-rate cuts. In agriculture, only four basis points of the overall decline

came from lower lending rates, while 12 bps were driven by changes in credit allocation. Housing displayed a similar pattern, with the composition effect playing a larger role than the direct impact of rate cuts.

MSME & INFRA

Transmission for MSMEs and infrastructure was muted despite being policy priorities. Lending rates fell by 12-13 basis points for both the sector.

Meanwhile, large industry presented a contrasting picture. While the interest-rate effect reduced lending rates by 22 bps, shifts in the composition of lending offset part of that benefit by nine basis points, resulting in net transmission of 13 bps. The data suggest that the gains from monetary easing for large industrial borrowers were partly diluted by changes in the sector's share of bank credit.

Other segments saw more modest gains. Credit cards and infrastructure loans recorded overall transmission of 13 bps, while vehicle loans and rupee export credit saw declines of eight basis points each. Education loans saw the weakest pass-through, with borrowing costs declining by just one basis point despite the 125-basis-point repo rate cut.

LPG under recovery rises to ₹327/cylinder in November: HPCL

**Rishi Ranjan Kala**  
New Delhi

The under recovery in liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) has risen by almost 34 per cent on a monthly basis to ₹327 per 14.2 kg domestic cylinder.

In a post-result analyst call, Vikas Kaushal, Chairman of Hindustan Petroleum Corporation (HPCL), said that under-recoveries on LPG have risen from ₹245 per cylinder in October to ₹327 a cylinder in November.

The company's total under recovery in Q2 FY27 was roughly ₹18,049 crore. This is on account for selling LPG to consumers below the prevailing market rates. Under recovery during March 31, 2026 and September 30, 2025 was around ₹12,798.67 crore and ₹14,240.64 crore, respectively.

On an industry basis, the under-recovery was around ₹721 per cylinder in June, which fell to roughly ₹500 a cylinder a month later. The under recovery per cylinder stood at about ₹188 in August, which rose to roughly ₹210 a cylinder in September. The cumulative under recovery of PSU OMCs — Indian Oil Corporation (IOCL), HPCL and Bharat Petroleum Corporation (BPCL) — rose from roughly ₹51,000 crore in June to over ₹62,000 crore in August.

Samudra Manthan: Govt to partially underwrite drilling risks

**Rishi Ranjan Kala**  
New Delhi

Releasing operational guidelines of its flagship exploration and production (E&P) scheme, Samudra Manthan, the Oil Ministry said that it is offering capital to de-risk early-stage high-uncertainty investment to encourage operator-led funding in the sector.

Public-private collaboration is an organising principle of Samudra Manthan, or the National Offshore Exploration Scheme, the Ministry emphasised.

COMMERCIAL DISCIPLINE

For accelerating offshore oil and gas exploration, the gov-

ernment will partially underwrite drilling risks while operators retain majority capital exposure and full operational responsibility, thereby preserving commercial discipline, the guidelines said.

Similarly, for 3D seismic data acquisition and National Data Repository (NDR) data reprocessing, as well as implementing AI tools, the multi-client agency co-invests with the government and recovers its investment through non-exclusive data licensing, aligning commercial incentives with basin-wide neutral data coverage.

In the case of infrastructure-led deepwater production and exploration, the



Oil Secretary Neeraj Mittal

funding under the scheme is limited to common infrastructure, while all upstream field development, tie-ins and production facilities remain operator-financed, accessed on a non-discriminatory tolling basis.

Oil Secretary Neeraj Mittal pointed out that the scheme rests on two mutually reinforcing components. "The first builds a basin-wide, high-quality seismic and subsurface data backbone, harnessing advanced technologies and artificial intelligence, so that every drilling decision is better informed and every rupee of exploration capital is better directed," he added.

CAPITAL RISK

The second shares the high geological and capital risk of deepwater and ultra-deepwater drilling with operators through structured milestone-linked funding, supporting common hub infrastructure that unlocks

stranded discoveries, and establishing dedicated manufacturing and services zones to anchor a domestic oil and gas ecosystem, Mittal said.

A Samudra Manthan Offshore Operations Monitoring System will be created within six months of notification of the operating guidelines.

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CIN:L85110KA1951PLC000761

**PUBLIC NOTICE FOR LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATE(S)**

Notice is hereby given that following equity Shares Certificate(s) of the Company have been reported as lost/misplaced and the registered Equity Shareholder's/Claimants have applied to the Company for issuance of duplicate equity share certificate(s) in accordance with applicable provisions.

| Shareholder's Name                                                         | Folio Number | Share Certificate Number's | Distinctive Numbers | Number of Shares of Rs.100/- each |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Brij Bhushan Gupta (Deceased) Jointly with Shashi Gupta and Preeti Chandra | G02044       | 00168389                   | 3085235 - 3085239   | 05                                |
|                                                                            |              | 00168390                   | 3085240 - 3085244   | 05                                |
| Smita Vinaykumar Joshi Jointly with Poorva Vinaykumar Joshi                | J01882       | I0001370 - I0001374        | 649561 - 649565     | 05                                |

The Public is hereby warned against purchasing, transacting in or otherwise dealing with the aforesaid securities in any manner.

Any person(s) having any claim/objection or interest in respect of the said Equity Shares Certificate(s) are requested to inform by furnishing the necessary documents to Integrated Registry Management Services Pvt Ltd, the Company's Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent ("RTA"), at email ID [irg@integratedindia.in](mailto:irg@integratedindia.in) or at their office No.30, Ramana Residency, 4th Cross, Malleswaram, Bengaluru, Pin-560003 or the Company at email ID [corp.Secretarial@in.bosch.com](mailto:Secretarial@in.bosch.com) for further assistance.

If no claim or objection is received within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice, the Company shall proceed to issue duplicate equity shares certificates /credit of shares/ issuance of the entitlement letter in accordance with applicable laws.

Please note that no claims will be accepted by the Company or the RTA with respect to original Equity Shares Certificate(s) after the issue of duplicate thereof.

**For Bosch Limited,**  
V. Srinivasan  
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Place: Bengaluru  
Date : 23.10.2026