

ISO 9001 : 2015, ISO 14001 : 2015 and
BS OHSAS 18001 : 2007 Company
CIN : L26942MH1983PLC265166

Anjani Portland Cement Ltd

(A Subsidiary of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd.)



August 11, 2020

The BSE Ltd (BSE),
Corporate Relationship
Department
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai- 400 001
Scrip Code: 518091

National Stock Exchange of India Ltd (NSE),
Listing & Corporate Communications Dept.,
"Exchange Plaza", Bandra-Kurla Complex,
Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051
Symbol: APCL

Dear Sir/Madam,

**Sub: Intimation under Regulation 47 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015**

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed the newspaper cuttings of Extract of the Unaudited Financial Results of the Company for the First quarter / three months ended on June 30, 2020, published in the Business Standard(English) (All Editions) and NavShakti (Marathi), on Tuesday, August 11, 2020.

Request you to kindly take the above mentioned information on your records.

Thanking you,
Yours faithfully,
For Anjani Portland Cement Limited,

ROHIT
NARENDRA
A TAPARIA

Digitally signed by ROHIT
NARENDRA TAPARIA
DN: cn=ROHIT NARENDRA
TAPARIA, o=ANJANI PORTLAND CEMENT
LIMITED, ou=Personal,
email=rohit.narendra@anjanicement.com,
c=India
Date: 2020.08.11 12:22:56 +05'30'

Rohit Taparia
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
Membership – A35756



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4th Floor, Quena Square, Off Taj Deccan Road,
Erramanzil, Hyderabad - 500 082. Telangana.
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Balance of payments will be very strong, says Goyal

Says overseas companies must stop having an ‘assembly workshop’ approach

VIVEAT SUSAN PINTO
Mumbai, 10 August

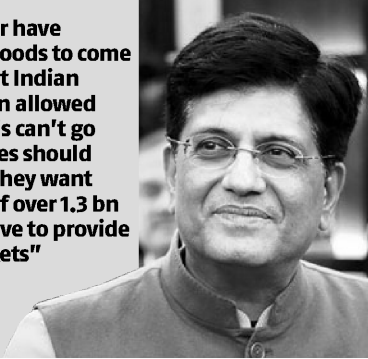
Commerce and Industry Minister Piyush Goyal on Monday said India’s balance of payments would be “very, very strong” in the current financial year, on the back of higher-than-expected exports and a fall in imports. “Exports have shown a good turnaround. We are in July at about 91 per cent export level of the corresponding period last year. While imports in July are 70 per cent of last year’s level,” he said during the inaugural session of the India Virtual FMCG Supply Chain Expo 2020, organised by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (Ficci).

India posted a trade surplus of \$790 million in June, its first in over 18 years, with imports plunging as the Covid-19 pandemic depressed domestic demand for crude oil, gold, and other industrial products.

He came down hard on those criticising him for promoting domestic industry as part of the government’s ‘Atmanirbhar’ programme. Goyal said there was need for

“FTAs done earlier have permitted foreign goods to come easily into India. But Indian goods have not been allowed reciprocal entry. This can’t go on for long. Countries should understand that if they want access to a market of over 1.3 bn people, they will have to provide access to their markets”

PIYUSH GOYAL
Commerce and Industry minister



a “fair and reciprocal” approach to Indian goods and that business should be done among equals. “I get to hear these days that we are going back to the licence raj, whenever I promote domestic industry. All these years, I heard that there was no level playing field among local and global players. Now when we are attempting to correct this, criticism is mounting,” he said.

India has been increasing curbs on imports of products and parts, especially from China, as part of its ‘Atmanirbhar’ programme.

Last week, a notification issued by the Directorate General of Foreign Trade (DGFT) had put television sets

of different screen sizes in the restricted list of items for imports. These were earlier in the free import category.

The restrictions meant that imports of these items would have to follow a process of verification and scrutiny by the ministry before permission was granted for their entry. The latest checks on imports followed the Centre’s earlier decision to make its approval mandatory for foreign investments from countries that shared land borders with India including China.

Goyal, who is also the railway minister, said the government was reviewing all free-trade agreements (FTA) done between 2009 and 2011 and

found most of them to be “asymmetrical”.

“Our observation is that FTAs done earlier have permitted foreign goods to come easily into the country. But Indian goods have not been allowed reciprocal entry. This can’t go on for long. Countries should understand that if they want access to a market of over 1.3 billion people, then they will have to provide access to their markets as well,” he said.

Goyal cited examples of Indian steel, medicines, and tyres that were not permitted entry into foreign markets. European countries, for instance, have opposed technical standards imposed by India on import of tyres, even as they have restricted export of tyres from India, he said.

Goyal said firms investing in the country must stop having an “assembly workshop” approach that has typically characterised manufacturing here. “It is time to focus on India for India, where indigenisation is taken up seriously rather than importing parts or semi-knocked down units for assembly. The quality standards of Indian goods also need to improve,” he said.

Land bank for small businesses on cards



PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 10 August

Union Minister Nitin Gadkari (pictured) on Monday said the government was working on the idea of a land bank and a social microfinance institution to help people run small shops and businesses.

Addressing a virtual MSME conclave organised by the Ficci Karnataka State Council, the minister said there was a need to think how India could increase exports and reduce

import dependence. Speaking about Chinese exports, Gadkari said 30 per cent of the entire global manufacturing is based in China and there are 10 major export categories that comprise 70 per cent of its overall exports, including fields like electrical machinery and equipment.

“Now is the time... we should identify the fields where we can make import substitution, how we can develop MSMEs and the industry by taking advantage of the economic situation in the world,”

said Gadkari, who is also the road transport and highways minister.

He suggested that to make India an economic superpower, “we have to think in the direction of how to raise exports from areas like agriculture, agro processing industries, handloom, and handicraft industries”. “We are working on the idea of a land bank and social microfinance institution, which will be very helpful for entrepreneurs and people who want to run small shops and businesses,” he said.

Throwback to SEZ era: Realty makes room for data centres

SUBHOMOY BHATTACHARJEE
New Delhi, 10 August

Setting up data centres has become the new playground for the battered real estate sector in India, harking back to the early years of the special economic zone (SEZ) era. The central government ministries, too, are getting into the act on behalf of the sector.

At the height of the SEZ era, the commerce and finance ministries had squared off over benefits to the real estate companies entering SEZ development.

Expansion of data centres — the digital back-office for companies — promises big returns. Global investments are expected to touch \$42 billion in three years as the world switches to digital mode, said Gartner. More than a quarter of that spend, or about \$11 billion, is expected to be concentrated in the Asia Pacific region, mainly China, Hong Kong, Singapore, Australia, and India. Of this, India will reach \$3.2 billion by the end of 2020, despite the Covid-19 pandemic, stated the report.

Data centres need massive built-up space. This is where the real estate sector comes in. The sector consequently wants the government to offer fiscal sops to reel in the industry. The Union Ministry of Information Technology (IT) is willing to cooperate and expects to come up with a data centre policy soon. In a rerun of the SEZ policy, the take-off for investments depends on the finance ministry and the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) to offer financial support.

“We have approached the finance ministry to offer fiscal support,” said Jyoti Arora, special secretary in the IT ministry. It can either be in the form of concessions on land pricing or tax sops to make up for the perceived high cost of power needed to run these facilities non-stop.

For the RBI, the big ask from the industry is to classify the data centre business as an infrastructure sector like the logistics sector, so that developers can avail of loans at rates that can make a difference of at least 100 basis points from those available for sectors like IT and IT-enabled services.

While Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman had promised in Budget 2020-21 plans to set up parks across the country, the industry wants more. It wants her to announce income-tax set-offs to build the parks, which the revenue department is disinclined to accept.

Almost every week, interest groups organise road shows to proffer the benefits of the data centre business. Last week, the

FUTURE IS IN THE CLOUD



Associated Chambers of Commerce and Industry of India (Assocham) organised a virtual space interaction of the industry with the IT ministry. This week, real estate consultancy Anarock Property Consultants issued a report on the subject. More are expected in the coming weeks.

In June, Hiranandani Group announced setting up of a digital technology venture to grab a share of the real estate business surrounding the Cloud economy. The group plans to invest ₹15,000 crore in the sector through its special purpose vehicle, Yotta Infrastructure, which opened its first hyperscale data centre in Mumbai.

The market was so long dominated by firms like CtrlS, GPX Global Systems, and NTT. Adani Group, too, has plans to invest ₹70,000 crore in data parks in Andhra Pradesh. So does Bengaluru-based Salarpuria Sattva, reports Anarock.

Data centres can be built by a real estate company or a wholesale data centre operator. It has largely been the latter in India, but more realty companies want in. Within the facility, there can be a wide range of options for companies to choose from, including renting the IT infrastructure to house their digital operations to putting up their own machines in a part or the whole building. The builders can offer a wide menu on a pay-as-you-go model, ranging from basic colocation services for small firms to top-level application management services, where the IT infrastructure is also managed by them.

These centres need three main ingre-

- Introduction of 5G will push demand for data centres
- In the first half of 2020, there has been over 25% increase in use of data centre capacity
- An expected 24% CAGR of the market since half of India Inc is yet to outsource (world market is growing at 12%)
- India second-largest market in Asia Pacific; Mumbai, Chennai, Bengaluru, and Hyderabad see maximum demand
- Data centres occupy 7.5-million square feet space in top 8 cities
- Another 10 mn sq feet new space to be added over next 2-3 years
- Key challenges: Land, power, water, and connectivity

dients to work: Land to set up towers, an assured supply of power, and water to filter the air conditioners to keep the machines cool and working 24 hours. Of these, land is as usual the most complicated. The centres have to be located near large cities to source the national fibre grids, and tap into trained labour.

Manu Sharma, chief financial officer of Pi Datacenters, said the choice of locations could impact costs by up to 30 per cent. “It is unfair to expect domestic companies to compete with global giants, unless some of these costs are neutralised,” he said at the Assocham event.

Power supply is also crucial to a data centre. The capacity of a centre is usually measured in megawatts (Mw).

CtrlS, for instance, measures one of its latest towers in Mumbai as a 24-Mw facility, the one in Bengaluru as a 12-Mw one and so on, according to Samuel J Varghese, vice-president, global marketing, CtrlS. Its upcoming 250-million square feet facility in Mumbai will need a corresponding large share of land and an assured supply of 250 Mw. Given the patchy record of most Indian states to ensure reliable and adequate power supply, many of the companies are turning to solar. Or else, they would prefer open access from the grid, which means the right to choose their own power supplier.

It works out cheaper for them. But cash-strapped state electricity distribution companies are loath to let them do so.

In compliance with promoter stake reduction requirement: Kotak Bank

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 10 August

Private sector lender Kotak Mahindra Bank on Monday said it had achieved compliance with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) norms in respect of dilution of promoter Uday Kotak’s shareholding.

The bank was required to bring down the promoter’s shareholding to 26 per cent. “In relation to the matter of dilution of promoters’ shareholding in the bank, the bank has achieved compliance with the promoter shareholding reduction requirement set out in the RBI’s letters dated January 29, 2020, and February 18, 2020, on August 10, 2020, within the timeline prescribed by the RBI,” the bank said in a regulatory filing.

In February this year, the bank had informed that the RBI had given its approval in relation to dilution of promoters’ shareholding in the bank. On January 30, 2020, the lender and the RBI had reached an agreement over the stake dilution, as the matter had reached court.

As a consequence to that, Kotak Mahindra Bank had also informed that it was moving towards withdrawing a case it had filed against the RBI in the Bombay High Court over the matter.

According to the agreement reached between the RBI and Kotak Mahindra Bank, promoters’ voting rights in the bank was to be capped at 20 per cent of paid-up voting equity share capital until March 31, 2020.

Afterwards, promoters’ voting rights in the bank were to be capped at 15 per cent from April 1, 2020, onwards and promoters’ shareholding in the bank was supposed to be reduced to 26 per cent within six months from the date of final approval of the RBI.

Thereafter, the promoters will not purchase any further paid-up voting equity shares of the bank till the percentage of their shareholding reaches 15 per cent.

Shareholding of Uday Kotak in the bank stood at 25.82 per cent as on June 30, according to the BSE data. Stock of Kotak Mahindra Bank closed at ₹1,360.35 apiece on the BSE, up 1.36 per cent from the previous close.

According to RBI’s bank licence norms, a private sector bank’s promoter will need to pare holding to 40 per cent within three years, 20 per cent within 10 years, and to 15 per cent within 15 years.

Disclosure: Entities controlled by the Kotak family have a significant holding in Business Standard Pvt Ltd

CRISIL DRIP ALL-INDIA RAINFALL HEALTHY...

... but DRIP scores show some stress for three states and three crops

IT HAS BEEN POURING IN MOST PARTS OF THE COUNTRY even as we enter the third month of the current southwest monsoon season. Healthy and well-spread rainfall this year raises hope amid the woes stemming from the Covid-19 pandemic. Nevertheless, as the monsoon season progresses, select regions are experiencing a shortage in rainfall, while others have to deal with an abundance of it.

For the country as whole, rains have been normal (or 0 per cent deviation from the long period average) as of August 8 this season.

Region-wise, rainfall continues to be relatively abundant in the southern peninsula (with rains at 20 per cent above normal), while it is normal in the east and northeast and central India (8 per cent above normal and 3 per cent below normal, respectively). In the northwest, though, rains have turned deficient (at 23 per cent below normal) since the last week of July. At the regional level, rains are considered normal if they are less than 20 per cent below or above normal.

In the northwest among major kharif producers, Rajasthan is experiencing rainfall deficiency for the last three weeks, with the latest reading at 27 per cent below normal. In contrast, other than Bihar, Andhra Pradesh, and Tamil Nadu are seeing excess rains for nearly a month now.

Sowing is progressing at a healthy pace, though there is some moderation compared with the start of the season. As of August 7, sowing stood 10 per cent higher on-year and about 91 per cent of total kharif acreage had been covered. Sowing has progressed the fastest in rice and oilseeds (about 16-17 per cent higher on-year so far for both). This seeds hope that agriculture can help Indian economy from sinking too low this fiscal year.

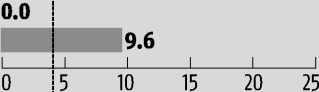
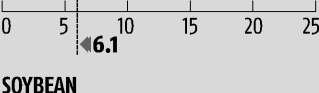
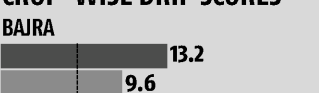
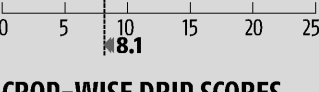
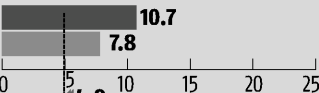
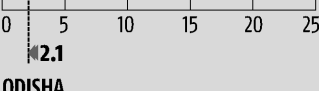
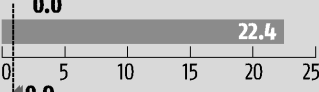
CRISIL’s Deficient Rainfall Impact Parameter (DRIP) score for Rajasthan is both, higher on-year and higher than the last five-year average.

In Madhya Pradesh (MP) and Odisha, rainfall remains within the ‘normal’ band, but rains have moderated somewhat in recent weeks. Given the relatively lower irrigation cover, their DRIP scores have risen to above average levels. In Gujarat, too, the DRIP score rose in the last week and

STATE-WISE DRIP SCORES

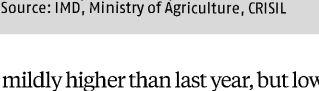
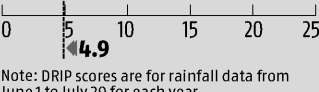
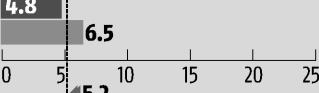
June 1 to August 5

■ 2019 ■ 2020 ◀ Average of last 5 yrs



Note: DRIP scores are for rainfall data from June 1 to July 29 for each year

Source: IMD, Ministry of Agriculture, CRISIL



Note: DRIP scores are for rainfall data from June 1 to July 29 for each year

Source: IMD, Ministry of Agriculture, CRISIL

is mildly higher than last year, but lower than the average of the last five years. Among crops, DRIP scores are high for bajra (Rajasthan, Gujarat, and MP are producers), soybean (grown in MP, Rajasthan, and Odisha) and maize (MP and Rajasthan). In these states, scores are higher than both, last year and average of the past five years.

ANJANI PORTLAND CEMENT LIMITED

CIN:L26942MH1983PLC265166

Regd Office : A-610, Kanakia Wall Street, 6th Floor, Andheri Kurla Road, Chakala Junction,
Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093 Tel No: +91-22-62396070 Website : www.anjaniment.com

Extract of Un-Audited Financial Results for the Quarter / Three Months ended 30th June, 2020 (Rs in Lakhs except for EPS)

Sl.No.	Particulars	Three Months Ended		Year Ended
		30-06-2020	30-06-2019	31-03-2020
		Un-Audited	Un-Audited	Audited
1	Total income from Operations	8,012	12,283	40,893
2	Net Profit for the period (before tax, Exceptional/Extraordinary Items)	2,044	2,586	6,356
3	Net Profit for the period Before Tax, (after Exceptional/Extraordinary Items)	2,044	2,586	6,356
4	Net Profit for the period After Tax (after Exceptional/Extraordinary Items)	1,913	1,660	4,035
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit for the period after tax and Other comprehensive income after tax)	1,931	1,666	3,989
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital	2,529	2,529	2,529
7	Reserves Excluding Revaluation Reserve	26,794	23,302	24,863
8	Earnings per Share (EPS) (Basic & Diluted)	7.57	6.56	15.96

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the BSE Ltd and NSE Ltd under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The full format of the Results is available on the Stock Exchange website (www.bseindia.com), (www.nseindia.com) and the Company's website (www.anjaniment.com).

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Anjani Portland Cement Ltd.,**

Place : Chennai
Date : 10.08.2020

N.Venkat Raju
Managing Director
(DIN 08672963)

KALYANI CIN: L27104MH1973PLC016350 Regd. Office : Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036 Phone : 020 66215000 Fax : 020 - 26821124 Website : www.kalyanisteels.com E-mail : investor@kalyanisteels.com					
EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (₹ in Million)					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
		Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended	
		June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2020
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from operations	1,312.24	2,793.13	3,482.64	12,221.91
2	Profit for the period (before tax, Exceptional items)	116.34	333.26	550.29	1,679.03
3	Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional items)	116.34	333.26	550.29	1,679.03
4	Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional items)	87.69	229.85	366.08	1,371.18
5	Total Comprehensive Income after tax (comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	86.37	120.11	365.64	1,259.91
6	Equity Share Capital	218.64	218.64	218.64	218.64
7	Other Equity	----	----	----	----
8	Earnings Per Share : (of ₹ 5/- each) Basic and diluted (not annualised)	2.01	5.27	8.39	31.41
Note :					
The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as modified by Circular No. CIR/CFD/FAC/62/2016 dated July 5, 2016. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com and also on Company's website at www.kalyanisteels.com					
For KALYANI STEELS LIMITED					
Date : August 10, 2020 Place : Pune		R. K. Goyal Managing Director			

FIBERWEB (INDIA) LIMITED							
Registered Office: Air port Road, Kadarva, Nani Daman, Daman (U.T.) - 396210. Website: www.fiberwebindia.com, E-mail ID: fiberweb@fiberwebindia.com, Tel. Ph. No: 0260-222459, Fax No.: 0260-2220758 CIN NO.: L25209DD1995PLC004694							
Statement of Standalone & Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the 1 st Quarter and Three Months ended 30/06/2020							
Particulars	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED			(Rs. in lakhs)
	Quarter ended 30/06/2020 Unaudited	Year-to-date figures/ Previous Year ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Quarter ended 30/06/2020 Unaudited	Year-to-date figures/ Previous Year ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30.06.2019 Unaudited	
1. Total income from operations (including Other income)	2893.73	9936.37	1723.98	2893.73	9936.37	1723.98	
2. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	515.96	1195.24	167.80	515.96	1195.24	167.80	
3. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items)	515.96	1195.24	167.80	515.96	1195.24	167.80	
4. Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax, after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items	415.96	1018.24	167.80	415.96	1018.24	167.80	
5. Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after Tax), and Other Comprehensive Income (after Tax))	415.96	1018.24	167.80	415.96	1018.24	167.80	
6. Equity Share Capital	2879.17	2879.17	2879.17	2879.17	2879.17	2879.17	
7. Reserves Excluding Revaluation Reserve (Reserves) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year							
8. Earnings per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) For continuing and discontinued operations							
(a) Basic	1.44	3.54	0.58	1.44	3.54	0.58	
(b) Diluted	1.44	3.54	0.58	1.44	3.54	0.58	

Notes:

1. The above statement of standalone and consolidated unaudited financial result was reviewed by the audit committee and taken on record at the Board Meeting held on 10.08.2020. The statutory Auditors have carried out limited review of the Unaudited Financial Results for the 1st quarter and three months ended 30.06.2020.

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results filed with the stock exchange under Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results is available on the Stock Exchange website (www.bseindia.com) and on the Company's website (www.fiberwebindia.com).

3. The above results are in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

4. The Company is operating in single segment i.e. "Polymer Processing" hence segment wise reporting as defined by IND AS 109, "Operating Segments", is not applicable.

5. The Company adopted Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) from 01.04.2017 and accordingly these financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the IND AS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules there under.

6. The figures for the corresponding previous quarter have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable.

7. Information in Investor complaints in pursuant to Regulation 13(1) SEBI (IODR) Regulation, 2015 for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020: Beginning 00; received 01; disposed off 01; and pending 00.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Fiberweb (India) Limited
Pravin V. Sheth
Director
DIN: 00135797

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10.08.2020

ANJANI PORTLAND CEMENT LIMITED			
CIN: L26942MH1983PLC265166			
Regd Office : A-610, Kanakia Wall Street, 6th Floor, Andheri Kurla Road, Chakala Junction, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093. Tel No: +91-22- 62396070 Website: www.anjaniment.com			
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		15.96	

Notes:

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the BSE Ltd and NSE Ltd under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The full format of the Results is available on the Stock Exchange website (www.bseindia.com), (www.nseindia.com) and the Company's website (www.anjaniment.com).

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Anjani Portland Cement Ltd.,

N.Venkat Raju
Managing Director
(DIN 08672963)

Place : Chennai
Date : 10.08.2020

Dhanlaxmi Fabrics Ltd.	
CIN: L17120MH1992PLC068861	
Regd. Off: at Shopar Village, Manpada Road, Dombivli (E), Thane, Maharashtra - 421204. Tel No: 0251-2870589 Email id: info@dfnl.net.in Website: www.dfnl.net.in BSE Code: 521151	
NOTICE	
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Regulation 29 (1) (a) read with 47 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, a Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company is scheduled to be held on Wednesday, 19th August 2020 at its Corporate office at 401/402, Kailash Corporate Lounge, Park Site, Vikroli (West) Mumbai- 400079 at 04.30 P.M., inter-alia to consider and adopt Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results of the company for the quarter & nine months ended 30th June, 2020.	
This information is available on the website of the Company at www.dfnl.net.in	
Date: 10.08.2020	For Dhanlaxmi Fabrics Limited
Place: Thane	Sd/- Vinod Jhawar (Managing Director)

राष्ट्रीय कंपनी कायदा न्यायासन मुंबई खंडपीठ	
कंपनी अर्ज क्रमांक सीपी १११४/२०१९	
कंपनी कायदा २०१३ चे कलम ६६ सोबत कलम ५२ वाचले असता आणि त्यात तयार केलेले नियम ह्या प्रकरणात आणि	
गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडचे (आधीचे नाव: गरवारे-वॉल रोय लिमिटेड) भाग भांडवल कपात करण्याच्या प्रकरणात ... अर्जदार कंपनी	
ह्याद्वारे सूचना दिली जात आहे की सन्माननीय राष्ट्रीय कंपनी कायदा न्यायासन मुंबई खंडपीठ ह्यांनी दिनांक १३ फेब्रुवारी २०२० रोजी दिलेल्या आदेशान्वये, गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडच्या भागधारकांनी १० फेब्रुवारी २०१९ रोजी टपाली मतदान केले. अ-मतदान करून भांडवल कपातीसाठी मंजूर केलेला खास ठराव कायम केला.	
सन्माननीय राष्ट्रीय कंपनी कायदा न्यायासन मुंबई खंडपीठाने मान्य केलेल्या ठरावानुसार, दिनांक १३ फेब्रुवारी २०२० रोजी दिलेला सदर आदेश खाली दिल्यानुसार आहे:	
ठरावांचे स्वरूप	
अ) गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडचे सर्व्हाइड, देय समभाग भांडवल रु. २१,८८,२०,६००/- (रुपये एकवीस कोटी अकराशे लाख वीस हजार सहस्रो फक्त) (ज्याची विभागणी प्रत्येकी रु. १०/- चे २,१८,८२,०६० (दोन कोटी अठरा लाख व्हाशेरी हजार साठ) समभागांमध्ये झाली होती) कमी होऊन ते इधून पुढे रु. २०,९३,५५,६००/- (रुपये वीस कोटी व्याणव लाख पंचावन हजार सहस्रो फक्त) (ज्याची विभागणी प्रत्येकी रु. १०/- चे २,०९,३५,५६० (रुपये दोन कोटी नऊ लाख पन्नास हजार पाचशे साठ) समभागांमध्ये झाली आहे) असे असेल.	
ब) गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडचे सिस्टिमेटरीज (शेअर) प्रिमियम खाते रु. ७७,००,१०,७९८/- (रुपये सत्तराव सोटी दहा हजार सातशे अठरा फक्त) असे होते ते, कमी होऊन इधून पुढे रु. ७३,९३,८१,४०९.९० (रुपये सत्तराव सोटी व्याणव लाख सहस्रो फक्त) असे असेल.	
ह्यापुढे कृपया नोंद घ्या की गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडने रजिस्ट्रार ऑफ कंपन्यां, पुणे, महाराष्ट्र ह्यांच्याकडे दिनांक १६ जुलै २०२० रोजी सदर आदेशाची प्रमाणित प्रत सादर केली आहे आणि रजिस्ट्रार ऑफ कंपन्यां, पुणे, महाराष्ट्र ह्यांनी दिनांक ५ ऑगस्ट २०२० रोजी ती नोंदवली आहे.	
गरवारे टेक्निकल फायबर्स लिमिटेडसाठी स्वाक्षरी/-	
स्थान : पुणे सुनिल अगरवाल	
दिनांक : ११ ऑगस्ट २०२० कंपनी सचिव	



SONATA SOFTWARE LIMITED
CIN: L72200MH1994PLC082110
Registered Office: 208, T.V. Industrial Estate, S.K. Ahire Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400 030.
Corporate Office: 1/4, A.P.S Trust Building, Bull Temple Road,
N.R. Colony, Bangalore - 560 019.



EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated			
	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended
	30-06-2020	31-03-2020	30-06-2019	31-03-2020	30-06-2020	31-03-2020	30-06-2019	31-03-2020
	Unaudited	Unaudited (Refer Note 3)	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Unaudited (Refer Note 3)	Unaudited	Audited
Total income from operations	18,215	22,178	20,877	87,684	95,244	92,868	87,463	374,326
Net profit / (loss) for the period before tax	4,533	8,862	5,207	26,875	6,757	8,243	9,362	37,949
Net profit / (loss) for the period after tax attributable to:								
Owners of the parent	3,345	7,908	3,716	21,126	4,992	6,179	6,705	27,693
Non - controlling interest					-	-	-	-
	3,345	7,908	3,716	21,126	4,992	6,179	6,705	27,693
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising of profit / (loss) for the period after tax and other comprehensive income after tax) attributable to:								
Owners of the parent	4,391	6,147	3,515	17,722	4,967	4,578	6,259	24,726
Non - controlling interest					-	-	-	-
	4,391	6,147	3,515	17,722	4,967	4,578	6,259	24,726
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the audited Balance Sheet	36,289	36,289	52,276	36,289	65,928	65,928	75,787	65,928
Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value ₹ 1/- each)	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039
Earnings per equity share (of ₹ 1/- each)								
Basic :	3.22	7.61	3.58	20.33	4.80	5.95	6.45	26.66
Diluted :	3.22	7.61	3.58	20.33	4.80	5.95	6.45	26.66

Notes:

1. The above is an extract of standalone and consolidated financials results prepared in accordance with Ind AS for the quarter ended June 30, 2020.

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results are available on the Stock Exchange websites 'www.bseindia.com' and 'www.nseindia.com' and on Company's website at 'www.sonata-software.com'.

3. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 are balancing figures arrived at based on audited results of the full financial year ended March 31, 2020 and published year to date unaudited figures for nine months ended December 31, 2019. The statutory auditors have performed a limited review on the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

4. The above results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on August 10, 2020.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Bengaluru
August 10, 2020

P SRIKAR REDDY
MANAGING DIRECTOR & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER