

ANNUAL REPORT

JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED



20TH ANNUAL
GENERAL MEETING

CORPORATE INFORMATION

20TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Mr. Manish Jalan Managing Director Mrs. Ritu Jalan Non-Executive Director Mrs. Meena Jalan Executive Director Mr. Anil Kumar Independent Director Mr. Sanjay Sharma Independent Director
REGISTERED OFFICE	206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market, Vivek Vihar, Delhi-11095 www.jalantransolutions.com
CORPORATE ADDRESS	2F-CS-38, Second Floor, Ansal Plaza, Vaishali, Ghaziabad, U.P-201010.
REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT	NIVIS CORP SERVE LLP. Corporate Office Address: STA Office-03, Shankar Vihar, 2nd Floor, Vikas Marg , Delhi -110092 Registered Address: F-111, Community Centre Preet Vihar Delhi -110092 Phone No.: 011-4520105 , Email: info@nivis.co.in , gm@nivis.co.in
SECRETARIAL AUDITOR	AMJ & Associates Company Secretaries F-2, Plot No. 299, Sector-4 Vaishali, Ghaziabad, U. P.-201010
STATUTORY AUDITOR	M/s Deepak Anya Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountant B-135, Surajmal Vihar Delhi-110092
COMPANY SECRETARY CUM COMPLIANCE OFFICER	Miss Kanchan Aggarwal compsec@jalantransolutions.com
EMAIL ID & WEBSITE	Investor Grievances- compsec@jalantransolutions.com Website- www.jalantransolutions.com
SHARES LISTED AT	National Stock Exchange (SM



JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

CIN: L63090DL2003PLC119773

**Registered Office: 206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market,
Vivek Vihar, Delhi-110095**

Corporate Office: 2F-CS-38, Second Floor, Ansal Plaza, Vaishali, Ghaziabad, Uttar- Pradesh-201010

Website: www.jalantransolutions.com; Email- info@jalantransolutions.com

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that the 20th Annual General Meeting of the Members of **Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited** will be held on **Wednesday, the 27th day of September, 2023 at 11:00 A.M.** through Video Conferencing ('VC')/ Other Audio Visual means ('OAVM') to transact the following business(es): -

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

Item No. 1- Adoption of Annual Audited Financial Statements of the company for the Financial Year 2022-2023.

The Members are requested to give their assent/dissent and if thought fit, to pass the following as Ordinary Resolution:

To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 and Reports of Board of Directors and Report of Auditors thereon.

Item No.2 Appointment of Statutory Auditor for F.Y 2023-2024.

The Members are requested to give their assent/dissent and if thought fit, to pass the following as Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provision of Section 139 (8) of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions, if any as amended from time to time or any other law for the time being in force the appointment of **M/S ASTHA AGRAWAL & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants, (FRN NO. 0277151C)**, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-2024 done by the Board in their meeting held on 01.09.2023 to fill up the casual vacancy caused due to resignation of **Deepak Anay Gupta & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (FRN 035605N)** be and is hereby approved and they shall hold office until the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting at the remuneration as determined by the board.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 139, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under **ASTHA AGRAWAL & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants, (FRN NO. 0277151C),** be and is hereby appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a **term of two consecutive Financial years (2023-2024 TO 2024-2025)** and the board of directors be and are hereby authorized to fix the remuneration.

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to sign, execute all such documents and do all such acts, deeds and things which may be necessary to bring into effect the above resolution.”

Date: 04-09-2023

Place: Ghaziabad

By order of the Board
For JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Registered Office:
206, Ajnara Bhawan,
D-Block Market,
Vivek Vihar, Delhi-
110095

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

NOTES:

1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated 08 April 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated 13 April 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05 May 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13 January 2021, Circular No. 19/2021 dated 08 December, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated 14 December, 2021, Circular No. 2/2022 dated 05 May, 2022 (“MCA Circulars”) and all other applicable circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time the Annual General Meeting can be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) and Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
2. In compliance with the aforementioned MCA Circulars Notice of the AGM is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2022-2023 will also be available on the Company’s website www.jalantransolutions.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and www.nseindia.com respectively, and on the website of NSDL <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com>.
3. Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended up to date, Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Company is pleased to provide its members the facility to exercise their right to vote on the resolutions proposed to be passed in the 20th Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services provided by NSDL.
4. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM therefore the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
5. The facility for joining Annual General Meeting through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) shall open 15 minutes before the time scheduled to start the meeting and shall close after the expiry of 15 minutes after such schedule time.
6. During the Annual General Meeting only those members will be allowed to cast their vote through remote e-voting who will be present in the Annual General Meeting and has not casted their vote on the resolution earlier.
7. Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses, so far, are requested to register their e-mail addresses, in respect of electronic holdings with the Depository through their

- concerned Depository Participants or with Company or with the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
8. Members attending the meeting through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of determining the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
 9. The documents related to resolutions shall be available at the Company's Corporate Office of the Company between 11:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. on all working days except Saturdays.
 10. The members are requested to send their queries, if any, at least 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting to the Company, so that the same will be answered satisfactorily at the meeting.
 11. The voting rights shall be as per the number of equity shares held by the member(s) as on 20 September, 2022. Mr. Manoj Jain Practising Company Secretary (Membership No. 5832) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize voting by remote e-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
 12. The remote e-Voting period commences on 24 September 2023 (9:00 A.M.) and ends on 26 September 2023 (5:00 p.m.). During this period shareholders of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 20 September, 2023, may cast their vote by remote e-Voting. The remote e-Voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the shareholder, the shareholder shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. The e-voting facility shall also be available to members during the Annual General Meeting.
 13. Any person, who acquire shares of the Company and becomes a member of the Company after dispatch of the notice of AGM and is holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 20 September, 2023 may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Ms Swapnil at info@nivis.co.in.
 14. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting and attend AGM through Video Conferencing ("VC") or other Audio Visual Means("OVAM").
 15. The company has engaged NIVIS CORP SERVE LLP for Video conferencing system through cisco webex and e voting services through NSDL. In case any member required help regarding e voting or joining of Meeting through VC or OAVM can contact with Nivis Corpserve llp , Ms Swapnil at info@nivis.co.in , or at 01145201005.
 16. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of the AGM, will first count the votes cast during the AGM, unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than 2 working days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidate Scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
 17. The Results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.jalantrasolutions.com.com and on the website of NSDL immediately after the declaration of results by the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing and the same be communicated to National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Sunday, September, 24, 2023 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on Tuesday, September, 26, 2023 at 5:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members/ Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. Wednesday September 20, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Wednesday , September 20, 2023.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
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Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.

1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under “IDeAS” section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider – NSDL and you will be re-directed to NSDL e-Voting website

for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

2. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <https://eservices.nsdl.com>. Select “Register Online for IDeAS” Portal or click at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp>

3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider - NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL

1. Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/loginor> www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.

2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.

3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration>

4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.

Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants. You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Once login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting

option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider-NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type Helpdesk details

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL

Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL

Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to

Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical Your User ID is:

a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.

8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID

For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.

b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.

16 Digit Beneficiary ID

For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****

c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.

EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company

For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:

a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.

b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.

c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?

(i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

(ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.

b) Physical User Reset Password?” (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.

c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.

d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to “Terms and Conditions” by selecting on the check box.

8. Now, you will have to click on “Login” button.

9. After you click on the “Login” button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.

2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC/OAVM” link placed under “Join General Meeting”.

3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.

4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.

5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.

6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.

7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies)

who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to manojfcs@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.

2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.

3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Amit Vishal at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to evoting@nsdl.co.in or SWAPNIL at NIVIS CORP SERVE LLP at info@nivis.co.in. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

4. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

5. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of “VC/OAVM link” placed under “Join General meeting” menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at compsec@jalantransolutions.com. The same will be replied by the company suitably.

General Instructions:-

- i. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM through ballot paper.
- ii. **Shri Manoj Kumar Jain, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. FCS-5832 & CP No. 5629)**, has been appointed for as the **Scrutinizer** for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- iii. The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting with the assistance of scrutinizer, for all those members who are present VC / OAVM at the AGM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility.
 - iv. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than three days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
 - v. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.jalantransolutions.com and on the website of NSDL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing and communicated to the NSE Limited.

Date:04-09-2023

Place: Ghaziabad

By order of the Board

For JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Registered Office:

206, Ajnara Bhawan,
D-Block Market,
Vivek Vihar, Delhi-
110095

Sd/-

Manish Jalan
Managing Director

DIN:00043040

Director's Report as per Sec. 134 of Companies Act, 2013

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors are pleased to present **20th Annual Report** of the Company ('**Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited**') along with the Audited Annual Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report thereon for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. The financial highlights for the year under review are given below.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial performance during the Financial Year 2022-23 are summarized below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	FIGURES FOR 31.03.2023	FIGURES FOR 31.03.2022
Revenue from operations	970.10	591.97
Other Income	14.95	5.96
Expenses and other Provisions	992.44	1151.74
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax	(7.39)	(553.81)
Exceptional item	(1340.12)	(887.31)
Profit/(Loss) before tax (PBT)	(1347.51)	(1441.12)
Provision for Tax- Current	0	0
Deferred Tax Liability	(26.85)	(24.76)
Profit/ (Loss)After Tax (PAT)	(1320.66)	(1416.36)

2. DIVIDEND

Your Directors do not propose any dividend on the Equity Shares for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

3. AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review the authorized capital of the company is same as previous year, there is no change in Authorized Capital.

4. Paid – Up SHARE CAPITAL

The Paid-up Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 14.53 crore. During the year under review, there has been no change in the Paid-up Share Capital of the Company.

5. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year under review, there has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

6. DEPOSITORY SYSTEM

All the 14537220 equity shares of the Company are in dematerialized form as on March 31, 2023. None of the share of Company is held in physical mode.

7. LISTING

The Company's securities are listed on the following stock exchange since May 30, 2017:

Name of Stock Exchange	Address	Scrip Code/Symbol
National Stock Exchange of India Limited (SME)	Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block-G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra(E), Mumbai, Maharashtra-400051	JALAN

8. TRANSFER TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

No unclaimed amount is pending to transfer in investor education fund.

9. SUBSIDIARY COMPANY & CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the year under review, the Company does not have any subsidiaries or joint ventures or associate companies as defined under Companies Act, 2013 therefore, no such information is required to be furnished.

10. AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

The Board of Directors of your Company at their meeting held on 29th May, 2023, approved the Audited Financial Statements for the FY 2022-23, which includes financial statements of the company and forms part of this report. The Audited Financial Statements of your Company for the FY 2022-23, have been prepared in compliance with applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) and SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

11. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company has neither invited nor accepted any fixed deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Act, read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

During the year under review, the Company did not grant any loan or provide any guarantee as per the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

13. BUSINESS RISK MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to section 134(3)(n) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has implemented an integrated risk management approach through which it reviews and assesses significant risks controls and mitigation in place. At present the Company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

14. MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN 31ST MARCH, 2023 AND 01ST SEPTEMBER, 2023 (DATE OF THE DIRECTOR'S REPORT)

During the year under review there is no material changes which could be affected the financial position of the company in between 31st March, 2023 and 01, September, 2023 (Date of Director Report).

The other material announcements are also available on the website of the company at www.jalantransolutions.com and on NSE at www.nseindia.com.

15. ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return of the company as on 31.03.2023 is available on the website of the company and can be accessed at www.jalantransolutions.com.

16. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information required under Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings Outgo forms an integral part of this Board's report and is annexed as **Annexure-II**.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During the year under review the company has not entered into any Related Party Transaction.

18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

During the year under review the **Company does not fulfill the criteria of net worth, turnover and profit for Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**. Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rule 3(2) of the Corporate Social Responsibility Rules, 2014 provides that:

Every company which ceases to be a company covered under subsection (1) of section 135 of the Act for three consecutive financial years shall not be required to comply with the provisions contained in sub-section (2) to (5) of the said section, till such time it meets the criteria specified in sub-section (1) of section 135.

Since the company has incurred Net losses in the immediately preceding three financial years i.e. 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23, the CSR Committee was dissolved by the board of directors of the company.

19. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL APPOINTED/ RESIGNED / RETIRED DURING THE YEAR.

During the year under review following appointments/ resignation /cessation were made in the board composition

<i>Name</i>	<i>Designation</i>	<i>Change</i>	<i>Date of Change</i>
*CS Aditi	Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer	Resignation	11/04/2022
*CS Kanchan Aggarwal	Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer	Appointment	07/12/2022
*Mr. Manish Jalan	Managing Director cum Interim Compliance Officer	Resignation	07/12/2022
*Mr. Manish Jalan	Managing Director	Appointment	07/12/2022
*Mr. Yogendra Jain & Associates	Internal Auditor	Appointment	27/03/2022
*Mr. Onkar Kapila	Chief Financial Officer	Resignation	15/05/2023
*Mr. Shantanu Kumar Ojha	Chief Financial Officer	Appointment	01/07/2023

- *CS Kanchan Aggarwal appointed on 07/12/2022*
- *After the appointment of CS Kanchan Aggarwal, Mr. Manish Jalan, Managing Director cum Interim Compliance Officer of the company will act as Managing Director only, instead of Managing Director cum Interim Compliance Officer.*

20. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1) (b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

21. BOARD MEETINGS

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company / Business policy and strategy apart from other Board business. The notice of board/committee meetings containing detailed schedule, agenda and notes to agenda is circulated among board/committee members minimum seven days before the meeting to facilitate them to plan

their schedule and to ensure meaningful participation in the meetings. However, in case of a special and urgent business need, the notice is sent on shorter period.

The Board of Directors duly met 8 (Eight) times during the financial year from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023. The dates on which the meetings were held are as follows:

S. No.	Types of Meeting	Date of Meeting
1.	Board Meeting	25/04/2022
2.	Board Meeting	19/05/2022
3.	Board Meeting	30/05/2022
4.	Board Meeting	05/08/2022
5.	Board Meeting	03/09/2022
6.	Board Meeting	04/11/2022
7.	Board Meeting	07/12/2022
8.	Board Meeting	27/03/2023

22. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various Committees in accordance with the Act and the Listing Regulations. The Company currently has 4 (four) Committees of the Board, namely **Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, and Independent Directors Committee.**

A. AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Your Company has a duly constituted Audit Committee and its composition is in line with the requirements of the Act and Listing Regulations. As on March 31, 2023, Audit Committee comprised of 2 (Two) Non-Executive-Independent Directors and 1 (One) (Executive Director, Managing Director).

Meetings during the Year

The members of Audit Committee duly met 5 (five) times during the financial year from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023. The dates on which the meetings were held are as follows:-

S. No.	Types of Meeting	Date of Meeting
1.	Audit Committee Meeting	30/05/2022
2.	Audit Committee Meeting	03/09/2022
3.	Audit Committee Meeting	04/11/2022
4.	Audit Committee Meeting	05/12/2022
5.	Audit Committee Meeting	25/03/2023

Composition of Audit Committee as on March 31, 2023

Name of Directors	Designation in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Sanjay Sharma	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director
Anil Kumar	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director
Manish Jalan	Member	Executive Managing Director

Terms of Reference

The powers, role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee covers the areas as contemplated under Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act as applicable along with other terms as referred by the Board.

1. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
2. Review and monitor the auditors' independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process;
3. Examination of the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon;
4. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
5. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
6. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
7. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
8. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.
9. Operate the vigil mechanism in the Company.

Apart from above, following are the terms of reference in accordance with the Listing Regulations:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- Reviewing with the management, the annual financial statements and auditors' report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
- Matters required forming part of in the Directors' Responsibility Statement forming part of in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Act;
- Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
- Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
- Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- Disclosure of any related party transactions;
- Qualifications in the draft audit report;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;

- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism; Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e. Chief Financial Officer or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

B. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Your Company has duly constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee, pursuant to the requirements of Section 178 of the Act read with rules notified thereunder and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

The Committee addresses issues relating to the Redressal of grievances of shareholders including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of annual report and other related issues etc. in order to provide timely and efficient service to the stakeholders.

Meetings during the Year

The members of Stakeholders Relationship Committee duly met 4 (four) times during the financial year from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023. The dates on which the meetings were held are as follows:-

The dates on which the meetings were held are as follows:-

S. No.	Types of Meeting	Date of Meeting
1.	Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting	20/04/2022
2.	Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting	25/07/2022
3.	Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting	04/10/2022
4.	Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meeting	09/01/2023

Composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee as on March 31, 2023

Name of Directors	Designation in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Ritu Jalan	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
Manish Jalan	Member	Executive Director, Managing Director
Anil Kumar	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee inter-alia, include the following:

1. Approve transfers, transmissions, issue of duplicate certificates, transpositions; change of names etc. and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as connected therein;
2. Monitor and review any investor complaints received by the Company or through SEBI, SCORES and ensure its timely and speedy resolution, in consultation with the Company Secretary, Compliance officer and Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company;
3. Monitor implementation and compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading;
4. Carry out any other function as is referred by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification/amendment or modification as may be applicable;
5. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.

C. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Your Company has a duly constituted Nomination & Remuneration Committee and its composition is in line with the requirements of the Act and Listing Regulations. As on March 31, 2023 Nomination & Remuneration Committee comprised of 2 (Two) Non-Executive-Independent Directors and 1 (One) Non-Executive Non-Independent Director.

Meetings during the Year

The members of Nomination and Remuneration Committee duly met 3 (Three) times during the financial year from 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023. The dates on which the meetings were held are as follows:-

S. No.	Types of Meeting	Date of Meeting
1.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	25/04/2022
2.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	07/12/2022
3.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	27/03/2022

Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on March 31, 2023

Name of Directors	Designation in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Anil Kumar	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director
Sanjay Sharma	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director
Ritu Jalan	Member	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee inter-alia, include the following:

1. To formulate and recommend to the Board of Directors the Company's policies, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees, criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director;
2. To formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
3. To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;
4. To carry out evaluation of every director's performance;
5. To devise a policy on Board diversity;
6. Deciding whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent Directors.

23. SEPARATE MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

In accordance with Schedule IV of Companies Act, 2013 a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on **26th December, 2022** to;

- (i) Review the performance of non-independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- (ii) Review the performance of the Chairperson of the company taking into account the views of executive Directors and Non-executive Directors;
- (iii) Assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

24. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) & 5 (2) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed as **Annexure-IV**.

25. POLICY ON DIRECTOR APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters provided under section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

26. TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Board of Directors has approved the terms and conditions for appointment of Independent Directors in the Company. The Terms and Conditions are available on the website of the company at www.jalantransolutions.com

27. ANNUAL EVALUATION BY THE BOARD

The evaluation framework for assessing the performance of Directors comprises of the following key areas:

- a. Attendance of Board Meetings and Board Committee Meetings.
- b. Quality of contribution to Board deliberations.
- c. Strategic perspectives or inputs regarding future growth of Company and its performance.
- d. Providing perspectives and feedback going beyond information provided by the management.
- e. Commitment to shareholder and other stakeholder interests. The evaluation involves Self-Evaluation by the Board Member and subsequently assessment by the Board of Directors. A member of the Board will not participate in the discussion of his / her evaluation.

28. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

During the year under review the National Stock Exchange imposed penalty on the company on Feb, 21, 2023 for the non-compliance under regulation 6(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, we have paid off timely as on Feb, 22, 2023.

29. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 the Vigil Mechanism and Whistle-Blower Policy is prepared and adopted by Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company has a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy ensures that strict confidentiality is maintained whilst dealing with concerns and also that no discrimination will be meted out to any person for a genuinely raised concern.

30. AUDITORS

STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Board of Directors of company has appointed M/s Deepak Anay Gupta as the Statutory Auditor of the company in Board meeting held on 15th May, 2021. Subsequently the members of the company in their 18th Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2021

has approved the resolution to appoint M/s Deepak Anay Gupta & Co., Chartered Accountants for a period of 5 (Five) years.

The Independent Auditor Report forms part of this Report and it is annexed as **Annexure-VIII**.

AUDITORS' REPORT

The Report of Auditors of the Company **M/s Deepak Anay Gupta & Co., Chartered Accountants** on the Audited Financial Statement of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023 forms part of this report. The Auditors Report contain qualified opinion on the standalone financial statement of the company. The Board's explanation on the Auditors' Qualification is as follow:

Auditors' Qualification	Directors' comment on qualification
<i>Material uncertainty related to Going Concern in respect of preparation of financial statements of the company on Going Concern basis the company has negative net worth of Rs 2471.10 lakhs and current liabilities exceed current assets by aggregating of Rs. 2752.06 lakhs. As stated in Note No. 7 of the financial results the OTS scheme which was approved by Union Bank in the year 2021-2022 on 4th of February 2022 has been cancelled by the Union Bank of India in January 2020 3 due to non-payment of Rs.8.71 crore due to till December 2022. Therefore, The loan waiver of Rs 1287.93 lakhs which has been credited to the profit and loss account in the year 2021-2022 has been reversed in the current financial year 2020-2023. The Company has provided interest rupees 50.57 lakhs on 30th September 2022 in the books as per the OTS Scheme. The same as the reversed an account of cancellation of OTS Scheme. The company has not provided any interest since long and interest will be provided at the payment of the final settlement of loan. These condition indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a Going Concern and therefore the company may be unable to realize its Assets and discharge is liability in the normal course of business we are unable to determine as to whether any adjustments that would have been necessary and required to be made in respect of trade receivable, trade payables, borrowing current liabilities, loans and advances and contingent liabilities as at 31st March 2023. And in respect of</i>	During the last couple of financial year due to high fuel prices and other adverse conditions in the market caused the increase in the working expenses of the company resulting in the losses to the company, due to which accumulated losses piled up. During last Financial Year company tried to raise fund through preferential allotment couldn't succeed. In near future Company shall once again try to raise fund through preferential allotment:

<i>corresponding possible impact of such items and associated elements on the statement for the year ended on that date. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements.</i>	
<i>In respect of property, plant and equipment to the standalone financial statements physical inspection was not conducted by any technical personnel and the fair value report of gross fixed assets of Rs. 2122.67 lakh rupees for Tangible Assets as at March 31st 2023 is not made available. The said Assets are not tested for the impairment and hence no provision for impairment has been made. In absence of any alternative Corroborative evidence, we are unable to comment on the recoverability of the same.</i>	Bank has seized all the offices and workshops premises, assets are in the possession of banks. Therefore, Physical inspection & fair Valuation of the fixed assets is not possible Management Remarks are self -explanatory.

M/s Deepak Anay Gupta & co. has been resigned as on 22nd August , 2023.

Report on Frauds U/S 143 (12) of the Act

The Auditors during the performance of their duties have not identified any offence of fraud committed by the Company or its officers or employees. Therefore, no frauds have been reported to the Central Government under Section 143 (12) of the Act.

INTERNAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of the Act and the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, during the year under review the Internal Audit of the functions and activities of the Company was undertaken by the Internal Auditors of the Company **M/S Yogendra Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN 021211C)** and their report reviewed by the audit committee from time to time.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors has appointed **M/s AMJ & Associates, Company Secretaries** (Membership No. 5832 and C.P. No. 5629) for conducting Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-23.

The Secretarial Audit Report forms part of this Report and it is annexed as **Annexure-IV**.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 issued by Secretarial Auditor contains the following observations:

- The Company is registered under Carriage by Road Act, 2007 and Carriage by Road Rules, 2011. As per the provisions of Section 3(7)(c), Company is required to file such information or return as prescribed within one hundred and twenty days after the thirty-first day of March every year but the Company has not filed any information or the required return annually.

- The Company has issued Share Capital during the year 2017-2018, but no proof of payment of stamp duty as required under the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 has been provided.
- The Internal Auditors of the Company M/s Jain Kumawat & Co, Chartered Accountants has resigned from the post of Internal Auditors on 24.11.2022. To fill the Casual Vacancy, Company has appointed M/s Yogendra Jain & Company as Internal Auditors of the Company w.e.f. 27.03.2023 as per the requirement of the provisions of the section 138 of Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- The Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer has resigned from their post on 11th April, 2022 the casual vacancy was filled on 7th December, 2022 by appointment of Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer.
- The Statutory Auditors, who have given the limited review reports and statutory audit report is not Peer Reviewed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India as per Regulation 33 (1) (d) of SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015.
- During the Year, the Company has defaulted in payment of cash credit with The Union Bank of India. The Union Bank of India (Previously known as Corporation Bank) has taken the physical possession of the secured properties of the Company u/s 13(4) of SARFASI Act.
- The Company has increased its authorized share capital from Rs. 15 Crore to Rs. 22 Crore for issue of 72,99,000 Equity Warrants convertible into Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each to Non-Promoters/ Public category on preferential basis. The above proposal has been approved by postal ballot through remote e-voting process. The above Equity Warrant issue has been cancelled on 19th May 2022 in urgent Board Meeting. The cancellation of proposal has an adverse impact on future fund requirements.
- Company is continuously defaulting in payment of loans and advances. All the Bank Facilities of the companies has been blocked during the year, Director's personal bank account and group companies account has been used to fulfill company's working fund requirements.
- Substantial amount of statutory dues has become overdue and remain unpaid outstanding more than a year.
- As per Statutory Auditors Remarks, Material uncertainty relating to going concern, in respect of preparation of financial statements of the company on going concern basis. The company has negative net worth and current liabilities exceeds current assets.

- During the period under review company received a Notice for Non-compliant with the provisions of the Regulation 6 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended on 31st December, 2022 as matters specified below:-

Sr. No.	Compliance Requirement (Regulations/ circulars / guidelines including specific clause)	Deviations	Observations/ Remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary
1.	Regulation 6 (1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. (A listed entity shall appoint a qualified company secretary as the compliance officer). Read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CI R/P/2020/12 dated January 22, 2020.	The Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer has resigned from their post on 11 th April, 2022 the casual vacancy was filled on 7 th December, 2022 by appointment of Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer.	A fine of Rs. 1000 per day was imposed on company by the National Stock Exchange on 21.02.2023. Total fine was imposed i.e. 1000 * 57 (i.e. Rs. 57,000) + 18% (GST i.e. Rs. 10260) = Rs. 67,260. The fine was paid by company on 22.02.2023.

31. ANNUAL SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

Your Company is listed on NSE EMERGE (SME) platform and in accordance with the Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, the compliance with the provision as specified in regulations 17, 17A, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 24A, 25, 26, 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 shall not apply on listed entity which has listed its specified securities on the SME Exchange.

Hence being an entity listed on SME Exchange, compliances under Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 are not applicable to the company.

32. CERTIFICATE FROM A COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE THAT NONE OF THE DIRECTORS ON THE BOARD OF THE COMPANY HAVE BEEN DEBARRED OR DISQUALIFIED FROM BEING APPOINTED OR CONTINUING AS DIRECTORS OF COMPANIES BY THE BOARD/MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS OR ANY SUCH STATUTORY AUTHORITY

As the Company is listed on NSE EMERGE (SME) platform and as per the Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, the compliance with the provision as specified in regulations 17, 17A, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,

24A, 25, 26, 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 shall not apply on listed entity which has listed its specified securities on the SME Exchange.

Hence being an entity listed on SME Exchange, compliances under Regulation 34 Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 i.e. Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority, is not applicable to the company.

33. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE BY MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Managing Director of the Company give annual certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board in terms of Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, copy of which is attached to this Report. The Managing Director also give half yearly certification on financial results while placing the financial results before the Board in terms of Regulation 33(2) of the Listing Regulations.

Compliance Certificate to be signed by Managing Director of the Company as we mentioned above our Chief Financial Officer had already resigned as on 15th May, 2023.

34. CERTIFICATE FOR TRANSFER OF SHARES AND RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Pursuant to Regulation 40(9) of Listing Regulations, certificates on half-yearly basis, have been issued by a Company Secretary-in-Practice with respect to due compliance of share transfer formalities by the Company.

35. RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT

This audit is carried out every quarter and report thereon is submitted to the stock Exchange as well as placed before the Board of Directors. The Audit Report confirms that the total issued is in agreement with the Paid up Capital of the Company.

36. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company maintains appropriate systems of internal controls, including monitoring procedures, to ensure that all assets and investments are safeguard against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Company policies, guidelines and procedures provide for adequate checks and balances and are meant to ensure that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly. M/s Yogendra Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants, Internal Auditors of the Company, submit their report periodically which is placed before the Board and reviewed by the Audit Committee.

37. COST AUDITORS

Provision of Cost Audit is not applicable on your Company. Accordingly, your Company is not required to conduct the cost audit for the financial year 2022-23.

38. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The detailed Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review as stipulated under Regulation 34 of Listing Regulations is presented in a separate section forming part of this Report as **Annexure-V**.

39. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India had revised the Secretarial Standards on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) with effect from 1st October 2017. The Company is in compliance with the revised secretarial standards.

40. POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company's Policy on Prevention of Sexual harassment at workplace is in line with the requirements of the Sexual harassment of women at workplace (Prevention Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (Prevention of Sexual harassment of Women at Workplace Act) and rules framed thereunder. As Under Section 4 of the POSH Act at all workplaces with 10 or more employees, the employer must form an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC). This is an obligation that must be adhered to by public and private organizations.

But In our Organization there are less than 10 employees, So there is no obligation to us to form an Internal Complaint Committee.

Although The Company has zero tolerance towards sexual harassment at the workplace. The Company is committed to providing a safe and Conducive work environment to all of its employees and associates.

During the year under review Company has not received complaints of sexual harassment from any employee of the Company. The policy on prevention of sexual harassment at the workplace as approved by the Board is uploaded on the website of the Company at www.jalantransolutions.com

41. CODE OF CONDUCT

The board of directors of the company at their meeting held on 25th April, 2022 has passed the board resolution to amend the code of conduct for directors and senior management of the company. The amended Code of Conduct is available on the website of the company www.jalantransolutions.com. All Board members and senior management personnel have affirmed the compliance with the code.

During the year under review no Board members and senior management personnel has violated the provision of Code of Conduct.

42. PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The board of directors of the company in their meeting held on 14th November, 2022 has considered and adopted the amendment to the code of conduct for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive information and Prevention of Insider Trading and code of

conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by the designated persons and immediate relatives of designated persons. The amended code of conduct for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information is available on the website of the company www.jalantransolutions.com.

The Code of Conduct is applicable to all the directors and such identified employees of the Company as well as who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information related to the company. The Code lays down guidelines, which advises them on procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made, while dealing with shares of Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited, and cautions them on consequences of violations.

43. POLICY FOR PRESERVATION OF DOCUMENTS

Pursuant to the requirements under Regulation 9 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has approved and adopted the policy for preservation of documents and archival policy prescribing the manner of retaining the Company's documents and the time period up to certain documents are to be retained. The amendment to the policy was approved by the board of directors on 14th November, 2022 and is available on the website of the company www.jalantransolutions.com. The Policy not only covers the various aspects on preservation of the Documents, but also the safe disposal/destruction of the Documents.

During the year under review the Company has complied with the provision of Policy for preservation of documents

44. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

During the year under review, your Company enjoyed cordial relationship with workers and employees at all levels.

45. SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVE

Your company is conscious of its responsibility towards preservation of Natural resources and continuously takes initiative to reduce consumption of electricity and water.

46. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that:-

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year 2022-23, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for the financial year;
- c) The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care to the best of their knowledge and ability for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act. They confirm that there are adequate systems and controls

for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

- d) The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) They have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating properly; and
- f) The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

47. APPRECIATIONS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would place on record their sincere appreciation to customers, business associates, government agencies & shareholders for their continued support.

Your Directors are also happy to place on record their sincere appreciation to the co-operation, commitments & contribution extended by all the employees of the Jalan Family & look forward to enjoying their continued support & co- operation.

For and on behalf of the Board
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Dated:01-09-2023
Place: Ghaziabad

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

Sd/-
Meena Jalan
Director
DIN: 00050277

Annexure I

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO ETC:

Particulars of Conservation of energy, Technology absorption and Foreign exchange earnings and outgo in terms of Section 134 (3) of the Act read with Rule, 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, forming part of the Directors' Report for the year ended March 31, 2023:-

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- i. the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy; The operations of your Company are not energy intensive. However, adequate measures have been initiated to reduce energy consumption by installing solar panel.
- ii. the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy – The operations of your company are not energy intensive.
- iv The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's – Nil

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

- i. the efforts made towards technology absorption – None.
- ii. the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution – Not applicable.
- iii. in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year
 - a) the details of technology imported : None
 - b) the year of import; : NA
 - c) whether the technology been fully absorbed; : NA
 - d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; :NA
- iv. the expenditure incurred on Research and Development – Nil

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Total Foreign Exchange Earned	Nil
Total Foreign Exchange Outgo	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Date: 03-09-2023
Place: Ghaziabad

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

Sd/-
Meena Jalan
Director
DIN: 0005027

Annexure –II
FORM AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso is given below:

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis ;

S NO.	PARTICULARS	DETAILS
(a)	Names of related Parties and nature of relationship	Nil
(b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions	Nil
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	Nil
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts / arrangements / transactions including the value, if any.	Nil
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts / arrangements / transactions.	Nil
(f)	Date of approval by the Board	Nil
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any.	Nil
(h)	Date on which special resolution was passed in General Meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	Nil

2. Details of material contracts / arrangements / transactions on Arm's length basis.

S NO.	PARTICULARS	DETAIL S	DETAILS
(a)	Name of related Party and Nature of Relationship	Nil	Nil
(b)	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Nil	Nil
(c)	Duration of Contract/ arrangements/ transactions	Nil	Nil
(d)	Salient terms of contract / arrangements / transactions including the value if any:	Nil	Nil
(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	Nil	Nil
(f)	Amount incurred during the year.	Nil	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Date: 01-09-2023
Place: Ghaziabad

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

Sd/-
Meena Jalan
Director
DIN: 00050277

ANNEXURE-III

Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Ratio of the remuneration of each Executive Director to the median remuneration of the Employees of the Company for the financial year 2021-22, the percentage increase in remuneration of Managing Director, Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and other Executive Director during the financial year 2022-23.

S. No.	Name of Director/KMP	Designation	% increase in Remuneration	Ratio of remuneration of each Director/KMP to median remuneration of Employees
1	Manish Jalan	Managing Director	Nil	N.A
2	Onkar Kapila	Chief Financial Officer	Nil	NA
3	CS Kanchan Aggarwal	Company Secretary	Nil	NA
4.	Meena Jalan	Director	Nil	NA
5.	Ritu Jalan	Director	Nil	NA

The above figures are calculated on the basis of gross salary paid to the Directors, KMPs and Employees.

Sitting fees paid to the below mentioned Directors			
	Name of Director	Designation	Amount
6.	Meena Jalan	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	No Sitting fees is paid to any Director
7.	Ritu Jalan	Non-Executive Independent Director	
8.	Anil Kumar	Non-Executive Independent Director	
9.	Sanjay Sharma	Non-Executive Independent Director	

In compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the Managing Director is not drawing any remuneration. The CFO was appointed on 15th March, 2022. Therefore, the said ratio of remuneration of each director to median remuneration of the employees of the company is not applicable.

& There is no increase in % of Remuneration of Managing Director, Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and other Executive Director during the financial year 2022-23.

The Company has 03 (Three) permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2023.

The Company has formulated a Nomination and Remuneration policy as required under section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the remuneration paid to employees are as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

During the year under review, there was no employee of the Company drawing remuneration of Rs. 1.02 Crore p.a. and above being employed throughout the financial year

During the year under review, there were no employees of the Company drawing remuneration of Rs. 8.5 Lakhs per month and above being employed for the part of the year.

For and on behalf of the Board

JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Date: September 01, 2023

Place: Ghaziabad

Sd/-

Manish Jalan

Managing Director

DIN: 00043040

Sd/-

Meena Jalan

Director

DIN: 00050277

ANNEXURE-IV
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
Form No. MR-3

For the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023

Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED
206, Ajnara Bhawan D-Block Market
Vivek Vihar, New Delhi - 110095.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provision and adherence to good corporate practice by **JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the **JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representative during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31st March 2023** ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provision listed hereunder and also that the company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter :

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on **31st March 2023** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act 2013 (The Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity Share) Regulations, 2021;(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period).
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulation, 2021; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period).
 - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period) and
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period).

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (a) Secretarial Standard issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board of Directors and General Meeting.
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on the test check basis, Company has complied with the following laws applicable specifically to the Company:

- a) Carriage by Road Act, 2007 and Carriage by Road Rules, 2011,

- b) Central Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 and Central Motor Vehicles Rules, 1989 (as amended from time to time).

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above ***subject to the following observations:***

- The Company is registered under Carriage by Road Act, 2007 and Carriage by Road Rules, 2011. As per the provisions of Section 3(7)(c), Company is required to file such information or return as prescribed within one hundred and twenty days after the thirty-first day of March every year but the Company has not filed any information or the required return annually.
- The Company has issued Share Capital during the year 2017-2018, but no proof of payment of stamp duty as required under the provisions of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 has been provided.
- The Internal Auditors of the Company M/s Jain Kumawat & Co, Chartered Accountants has resigned from the post of Internal Auditors on 24.11.2022. To fill the Casual Vacancy, Company has appointed M/s Yogendra Jain & Company as Internal Auditors of the Company w.e.f. 27.03.2023 as per the requirement of the provisions of the section 138 of Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- The Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer has resigned from their post on 11th April, 2022 the casual vacancy was filled on 7th December, 2022 by appointment of Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer.
- The Statutory Auditors, who have given the limited review reports and statutory audit report is not Peer Reviewed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India as per Regulation 33 (1) (d) of SEBI (LODR), Regulations 2015.
- During the Year, the Company has defaulted in payment of cash credit with The Union Bank of India. The Union Bank of India (Previously known as Corporation Bank) has taken the physical possession of the secured properties of the Company u/s 13(4) of SARFASI Act.
- The Company has increased its authorized share capital from Rs. 15 Crore to Rs. 22 Crore for issue of 72,99,000 Equity Warrants convertible into Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each to Non-Promoters/ Public category on preferential basis. The above proposal has been approved by postal ballot through remote e-voting process. The above Equity Warrant

issue has been cancelled on 19th May 2022 in urgent Board Meeting. The cancellation of proposal has an adverse impact on future fund requirements.

- Company is continuously defaulting in payment of loans and advances. All the Bank Facilities of the companies has been blocked during the year, Director's personal bank account and group companies account has been used to fulfill company's working fund requirements.
- Substantial amount of statutory dues has become overdue and remain unpaid outstanding more than a year.
- As per Statutory Auditors Remarks, Material uncertainty relating to going concern, in respect of preparation of financial statements of the company on going concern basis. The company has negative net worth and current liabilities exceeds current assets.
- During the period under review company received a Notice for Non-compliant with the provisions of the Regulation 6 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 for the quarter ended on 31st December, 2022 as matters specified below:-

Sr. No.	Compliance Requirement (Regulations/ circulars / guidelines including specific clause)	Deviations	Observations/ Remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary
1.	Regulation 6 (1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. (A listed entity shall appoint a qualified company secretary as the compliance officer). Read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CI R/P/2020/12 dated January 22, 2020.	The Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer has resigned from their post on 11 th April, 2022 the casual vacancy was filled on 7 th December, 2022 by appointment of Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer.	A fine of Rs. 1000 per day was imposed on company by the National Stock Exchange on 21.02.2023. Total fine was imposed i.e. 1000 * 57 (i.e. Rs. 57,000) + 18% (GST i.e. Rs. 10260) = Rs. 67,260. The fine was paid by company on 22.02.2023.

We further report that The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all the directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and

obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda item before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting Members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Further due to covid-19 pandemic and other related constraints in-depth analysis was not possible for the Auditors so Audit Report is based on the limited data analysis.

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and form an integral part of this report.

For AMJ & Associates

Company Secretaries

SD/-

Manoj Kumar Jain

(Proprietor)

C.P. No. : 5629,

FCS No. : 5832

UDIN: F005832E000908382

Place: Ghaziabad

Date: 01.09.2023

‘Annexure A’

**To,
The Members,
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED
206, Ajnara Bhawan D-Block Market,
Vivek Vihar, New Delhi - 110095.**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness about the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. We have relied on the Statutory Auditors Report for the period under review; hence we have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards, is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For AMJ & Associates
Company Secretaries
SD/-**

**Manoj Kumar Jain
(Proprietor)
C.P. No. : 5629,
FCS No. : 5832**

**UDIN: F005832E000908382
Place: Ghaziabad
Date: 01.09.2023**

ANNEXURE-V

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited, started its progressive journey in 2003 as a two-wheeler transport solution provider with a renowned Multinational Automobile Company. Over the years, the Company has emerged into one of the leading automobile transportation companies in Northern India and expanded its network across the country that allows it to deliver clients' shipment on time with greater safety and ease, through its IT enabled and value-added services, a fleet of about 35 Company Owned Trucks and extensive network. Company also provides Full Truck Load (FTL) & Less than Truck Load (LTL) services.

Majority of trucks are GPS enabled and centralized information technology network provides seamless real-time monitoring of our operations and consignment bookings and delivery status. Ability to provide timely delivery and quality service is the key to our reputation and further expansion of goods transportation business.

ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

Industry & Growth

Logistics is regarded as the backbone of the economy, providing efficient and cost effective flow of goods on which other commercial sectors depend. Logistic industry in India is evolving rapidly, it is the interplay of infrastructure, technology and new types of service providers, which defines whether the logistic industry is able to help its customers reduce their costs in logistic sector and provide effective services.

Global Economic

The pandemic time has changed the game for many economic activities and logistics is no different. Consumer demands are always on the rise. During the pandemic, there has been a hike in demand for goods with a shortage of supply. Thus, we can say that logistics is one sector that has the potential to see a substantial increase in 2023.

India is one of the countries with the largest population and an expansive geographical coverage which contributes to many of the factors that influence logistics in the country. The pandemic has seen a shift with countless challenges unique to each region. The logistics industry is seeing its fair share of ups and downs but trends suggest better growth for this sector in the coming year.

The year 2022 was a hit-and-miss for many of the key players in the industry. ICRA's reports suggested a growth rate of 14-17 % for the 21-22 fiscal year. Moreover, around 14.4 % of the GDP is accounted for by the logistics industry. A substantial amount of the population that are employed work in this sector.

The value of the logistics industry stands at \$250 billion as of 2021 and is expected to reach \$380 billion by 2025. This suggests there's a good potential for this industry to see robust growth if challenges are well handled.

India Economic

India's transportation and logistics industry is set to play a pivotal role in supporting the country's ambitious growth aspirations. According to a recent EY report titled "India@100: realizing the potential of a US\$26 trillion economy," India is expected to reach a staggering US\$26 trillion by FY 2048. As the nation gears up to achieve this milestone over the next 25 years, the transportation and logistics industry will be a key enabler.

Currently, India's freight movement is heavily dependent on road transportation, accounting for 66 percent of cargo in ton-kilometers. Rail transportation follows closely behind, with a share of 31 percent, while shipping and air transportation contribute three percent and one percent, respectively. However, freight transportation is unevenly distributed across different modes.

Efforts are underway to correct this imbalance by establishing integrated infrastructure, adopting a multimodal approach, and pursuing sustainable development.

Indian Logistic Sector

Technology, data, and infrastructure trends indicate that 2023 is a year of dynamic shifts for the logistics industry. Any period of change and transformation brings with it opportunities for businesses to leverage with the right tools and growth goals. Some of these include adopting cutting-edge technologies, harnessing the power of data, and fostering collaborative digital ecosystems to facilitate **supply chain streamlining**. These strategies are also creating space for niche start-ups as companies seek to outpace competitors and meet the ever-evolving expectations of customers.

Technological innovation

The integration of advanced solutions is revolutionizing logistics operations, enhancing efficiency, and unlocking new opportunities. Key technologies shaping the future of logistics include:

- **Artificial intelligence(AI)and machine learning:** AI-powered algorithms and machine learning models enable predictive analytics, demand forecasting, route optimization, and real-time decision-making. These tools empower businesses to optimize their supply chains, improve resource allocation, and deliver enhanced customer experiences.
- **Internet of things (IoT):** With the proliferation of IoT devices, logistics companies gain greater visibility and control over their assets and inventory. IoT sensors and connectivity facilitate real-time tracking, remote monitoring, and predictive maintenance, enabling proactive and efficient logistics operations.
- **Robotics and automation:** Automation technologies, such as robotic process automation (RPA) and autonomous vehicles, are reshaping warehouse operations and last-mile delivery. Robotics streamlines repetitive tasks, reduces errors, enhances speed, and improves safety, leading to cost savings and increased productivity.

Rise of cross-border e-commerce

The logistics industry has been significantly impacted by the rapid growth of e-commerce, which has led to an increase in demand for international goods and MSMEs selling internationally. This growth is driven by millennials who make up a large portion of the professional purchase decision market and expect online shopping interfaces. Therefore, efficient and reliable delivery services have become necessary, leading to the rise of cross-border digital markets that have seen significant economic growth.

To meet the challenges presented by cross-border delivery, such as customs and duty laws, language barriers, and payment options, businesses need to carefully plan their operations. Logistics firms with a robust network and digital infrastructure capable of providing end-to-end solutions and support for cross-border e-commerce will be best suited to serve these customers.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

The performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, is as follows:

- Total revenue from operations at Rs. 970.10 lakh for the year ended March 31, 2023, as against Rs. 591.97 lakh for the corresponding previous period,
- The cost of Raw Materials/Revenue for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 were Rs 759.19 lakh as against Rs 827.53 lakh for the corresponding previous period,
- The Employee expenses for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 were Rs 08.90 lakh as against Rs. 10.90 lakh for the corresponding previous period,
- The other expenses for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 were Rs. 33.23 lakh as against Rs 52.98 lakh for the corresponding previous period,

RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

The cash and cash equivalents at the end of March 31, 2023 were Rs. 1.87 lakh.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

The Company is in continuous process of strengthening its risk management framework which identifies and evaluates business risks and opportunities. The Company recognizes that risks need to be identified at the right time, managed adequately and mitigation plans needs to be prepared to protect the interest of the stakeholders. Managing these risks actively is also a pre-requisite to achieve business objectives and enable sustainable growth of the Company. The exercise to design the risk management framework is aimed at effectively mitigating the Company's various business and operational risks. The Company has a risk management policy for identification and assessment of risks which is monitored by the Audit Committee of the Company. The Committee closely monitors the process and suggests suitable measures to mitigate the risks. The risks may be caused due to the internal or external factor and necessary precautionary measures are taken by the Company to negate the impact of probable risk. The major risks of the Company are as follows:

Economic Risk

Company's business may be affected by interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation and other economic developments affecting India. The Company has defined conservative internal prudential norms. The Company ensures a favorable debt/equity ratio, moderate liquidity, strong clientele with timely payment track record and focus on select markets to minimize the impact in adverse conditions. The Company has geographically diversified thereby reducing its dependency on one market.

Trade Risk

Our business can be affected by the rise and fall in the levels of cargo in the country. Given the projected growth in the Indian economy and expected recovery in global trade, rising spending in the infrastructure and manufacturing space and increasing per capita and disposable income, it is estimated that demand will continue to rise steadily. The Company is also focusing on this business, a relatively high margin segment which is essentially dependent on timely delivery of cargo in India. Thus, we believe we have adequate mitigation in place for trade risk.

Regulatory Risk

If we are unable to obtain required approvals and licenses in a timely manner, our business and operations may be adversely affected. We require certain approvals, licenses, registrations and permissions for operating our business. We may encounter delays in obtaining these requisite approvals, or may not be able to obtain such approvals at all, which may have an adverse effect on our revenues. However, the Government has come up with several initiatives to boost the sector and has planned massive investments in the infrastructure sector. As all industry predictions suggest that this will be the trend in the future as well and given our own experience in obtaining such permissions, we do not expect this risk to affect us materially in the coming years.

Liability Risk

The liquidity risk may come in the way of smooth operation of the Company due to one or the other reasons. Whenever there is blockage of funds in the hands of customers, the liquidity crunch is likely to happen. Although wholehearted support from the bankers strengthen the hands of the Company to face the liquidity risk, the company leaves no stone unturned to avoid the possibility of liquidity risk.

Execution Risk

The Company has undertaken number of trips for customers in the last year and several more are in the pipeline. Execution is largely dependent upon project management skills and timely delivery. Any delay in implementation can impact revenue and profit for that period. Our implementation schedules are in line with the plans. Emergency and contingency plans are in place to prevent or minimize business interruptions. Therefore, we do not expect this risk to affect us materially in the future. Concerns like complex tax structure, infrastructure bottlenecks, retaining talent and unprecedented natural and man-made disasters and political/social turmoil which may affect our business, remain. However, these are threats faced by the entire

industry. With superior methodologies and improved processes and systems, the Company is well positioned to lead a high growth path.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

The most essential challenge faced by the industry today is insufficient integration of transport networks, information technology & distribution facilities. Regulations exist at a number of different tiers, is imposed by national, regional and local authorities. However, the regulations differ from city to city, hindering the creation of national networks.

Logistics sector in India is a highly disorganized sector, its perception as a manpower-heavy industry and lack of adequate training institutions has led to a shortfall in skilled management and client service personnel. There is a lack of IT standard, equipment and poor systems integration.

Whereas the Government gave emphasis on building world-class road networks and creation of logistics parks, the company had also converted its fleet's strength in specially designed fleets. Currently 100% fleets of Company are CMVR complied trucks and engineered to lift loads with minimum on road damages.

Transportation dominates supply chain management in automobile

Among the various segments of the supply chain, transportation accounts for about 75-80% of the total supply chain management market for automobiles. Transportation is used in both inbound as well as outbound part of the supply chain, as the vehicles as well as the components are required to be transported to and from several locations. However, warehousing (including VAS and in-factory logistics) which accounts for about 20-25% of the total supply chain management market for automobiles is majorly required in the inbound part of the supply chain rather than on the outbound.

The Indian Government to also focus on new transportation avenues

India's railways and roadways collectively accounted for approximately 87% of the total freight movement. Weighed down by the sheer load, the rail and road networks have been grappling with severe congestion. This has led the GOI to identify other alternatives to reduce congestion. Inland waterways and coastal shipping are both fuel and cost efficient, thereby reducing cost of logistics. The GOI is, therefore, promoting schemes such as Sagarmala and inland waterways as well as working towards developing an integrated, multi-modal logistics and transport policy for optimum and efficient utilization of all modes of transport. (Source: CRISIL Report.)

THREATS

- Competition from local and multinational players
- Execution risk
- Regulatory changes
- Attraction and retention of human capital

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ADEQUACY

The Company has initiated adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the nature of its business and size of its operations. The company has Audit committee constituted with two independents and one executive director. To conduct independent audit on quarterly basis, which covers all the key areas of operations our company has Internal Auditor. All significant audit observations and follow up actions thereon are reported to the audit committee. The Audit committee met as per the details provided in Directors' Report.

The Board of Directors of the Company have adopted various policies such as Related Party Transactions Policy, Whistle Blower Policy, Policy to determine the materiality of event and such other procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business for safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

Human resources are the most valued assets of the Company. They work individually and collectively contributing to the achievement of the objectives of the business. The relation between the employees and the Company remained cordial throughout the year. Your Company's corporate culture and the vision and values help unite the workforce and provide standards for how your Company conducts the business. The Company has 03 (Three) permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2023.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Estimate and expectations stated in this Management Discussion and Analysis may be "forward-looking statement" within the meaning of applicable securities, laws and regulations. Actual result could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make difference to your Company's operations include economic conditions in the government regulations, tax laws, other statutes and other incidental factors.

For and on behalf of the Board
JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Date:01-09-2023
Place: Ghaziabad

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

Sd/-
Meena Jalan
Director
DIN: 00050277

ANNEXURE-VI

Certification by Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company in terms of Regulation-33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the half year and year ended March 31, 2023.

I, Manish Jalan, Managing Director of the Company Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited, do hereby certify that, I have reviewed audited financial results of the Company for the half year and year ended March 31, 2023 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (i) The Financial results do not contain any false or misleading statement or figures and do not omit any material fact which may make the statements or figures contained therein misleading.
- (ii) These Results together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with the existing accounting standards and/or applicable laws/regulations.

The Certificate had not been able to be signed by the Chief Financial Officer as The Chief Financial Officer (Mr. Onkar Kapila) of the Company had been resigned on 15th May, 2023.

For **JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED**

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
Managing Director
DIN: 00043040

Date: 29.05.2023
Place: Ghaziabad

ANNEXURE-VII
Compliance Certificate by Managing Director of the Company in terms of Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2023.

I, Manish Jalan, Managing Director of the Company Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited, do hereby certify the followings:

- A. I have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - (1) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (2) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. These are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- C. I accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and I have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. I have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
 - (1) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (3) Instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

The Certificate had not been able to be signed by the Chief Financial Officer as The Chief Financial Officer (Mr. Onkar Kapila) of the Company had been resigned on 15th May, 2023.

For JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS (INDIA) LIMITED

Sd/-
Manish Jalan
(Managing Director)
DIN: 00043040

Date: 29.05.2023
Place: Ghaziabad

ANNEXURE-VIII

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS INDIA LIMITED ("the Company")**, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at **March 31, 2023**, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, , except for the possible effect of matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- a. Material uncertainty relating to going concern, in respect of preparation of financial statements of the company on going concern basis. The company has negative net worth of Rs. 2471.10 Lakhs and current liabilities exceeds current assets by aggregating Rs. 2752.06 Lakhs. As stated in Note 14 of the Financial Statement, The OTS scheme which was approved by Union bank in the Year 2021-2022 on 4th February 2022 has been cancelled by the Union Bank of India in January 2023 due to non-payment of Rs. 8.71 Crore due till December 2022. Therefore, The Loan waiver of Rs. 1287.93 Lakhs which has been credited to profit & Loss Account in the year 2021-2022 has been reversed in current financial year 2022-2023. Company has provided interest Rs. 50.57 Lakhs on 30th September 2022 in the books as per the terms of OTS Scheme, The Same has reversed on account of cancellation of OTS Scheme. The company has not provided any interest since long and interest will be provided at the time of payment/ final settlement of loan. These conditions indicate the existence of*

material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as going concern and therefore the company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of the business. We are unable to determine as to whether any adjustment that would have been necessary and required to be made in respect of trade receivables, trade payables, borrowings, Current liabilities, loans and advances and contingent liabilities as at 31st March 2023 and in respect of corresponding possible impact of such items and associated elements on the statement for the year ended on that date. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

- b.** *In respect of Property, Plant & Equipment to the Standalone financial statements, physical inspection was not conducted by any technical personnel and the fair value report of gross fixed assets of Rs. 2122.67 Lakhs for Tangible Assets as at March 31, 2023 is not made available. The said assets are not tested for of impairment and hence no provision for impairment has been made. In absence of any alternative corroborative evidence, we are unable to comment on the recoverability of the same.*

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

1. The Bank has been initiated recovery through sale of seized assets but no communication has been received/ provided to us. Further no confirmation of loan stated on balance sheet date has been provided to us. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying standalone financial statements.
2. We draw your attention to Note No. 37 of the Financial Statements, balances of "Trade Receivables", "Trade Payables", "Borrowings", "Advances from Customers", and "Advances Recoverable in Cash or Kind" etc. includes balances remaining outstanding for a substantial period. The balances are subject to confirmations and reconciliation. The reported Financials might have consequential impact which remains unascertained.

3. Company was in the process of issue 72,99,000 Equity Warrants convertible in to Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10 each to Non-Promoters/ Public category on preferential basis. The above proposal has been approved by postal ballot through remote e-voting process. The above Equity Warrant issue has been cancelled on 19th May 2022 in urgent Board Meeting. The cancellation of proposal has an adverse impact on future fund requirements.
4. Company is continuously defaulting in payment of loans and advances. All the Bank Facilities of the companies has been blocked during the year, Director's personal bank account and group companies account has been used to fulfill company's working fund requirements.
5. Substantial amount of statutory dues amounting to Rs. 130.46 Lakhs has become overdue and remain unpaid outstanding more than a year. Interest has been, penalty if any in respect of the defaults of statutory dues has remained unascertained and unaccounted for.
6. We draw your attention to Note No. 3 of the Financial Statement, Company has sold 21 trucks out of 63 trucks in the year 2022-2023 which have a significant influence on its operating revenue.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Other information

The company's management and board of directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditors report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our

report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) Except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) Except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) Except for the possible effect of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) The matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, may have adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended :

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, there is no remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year.

- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the financial position in the Standalone Financial Statements. Refer Note 33 to its standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There are no amounts outstanding which has to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The company has not proposed and declared any dividend in previous year as well as current year.

For-Deepak Anay Gupta & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.035605N

SD/-

Deepak Gupta

(Proprietor)

Membership No.506836

Place: Delhi

Date: 29/05/2023

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i.* (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
(b) The Physical verification of the Company is not possible. According to the management, the Physical possession of the offices has been taken by the Union Bank of India and material amount of assets lying in the premises. Therefore, the physical verification of the assets has not been done during the year.(Refer Note no. 3 and Note No. 38)
(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company. As referred in Note No. 38 of the accompanying standalone Financial Statement, immovable properties are in the possession of Union Bank on default payments of cash credit limit and overdue loans.
(d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii.* (a) The Company is a service company, primarily rendering goods of transport services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
(b) As per the financials and data made available to us, no new working capital limits have been sanctioned to the Company during the year and, hence, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investments in or provided security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has not provided guarantees or granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a),(b), (c),(d),(e) and (f) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither made any investments nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Company has not provided any security as specified under Section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities except Income tax and others refer Note no 41 of the standalone financial statement.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except Income tax and others refer note no 39 of the standalone financial statement.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues relating to GST, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Service Tax, or other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except note no 39 of the standalone financial statement.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) The Company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to lenders, refer Note no 12 and 14 of the standalone financial statement.

- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) During the year, the Company has not raised term loans. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) During the year, the Company has not raised funds on short term basis. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) During the year, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) During the year, the Company has not raised loans on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have not come across any instance of material fraud by or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by management.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.

(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. The Company has defaulted in repayment of the obligations to the lenders and installments of loan which is outstanding, has incurred losses during the period as well as during the previous periods, has reported negative net worth as at March 31, 2022 and previous periods, which indicates that material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report. The Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet. therefore, we are not in a position to comment whether the company would be capable of meeting it's liabilities existing as at the date of the balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. (a) The Company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, since there is no average profit in the last 3 years calculated as per the provisions of the Act. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the order is not required.
- (b) There are no unspent amounts under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act, pursuant to any ongoing project requiring transfer to special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- xxi. The clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Standalone Financial Statements.

For-Deepak Anay Gupta & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.035605N
SD/-
Deepak Gupta
(Proprietor)
Membership No.506836
Place: Delhi
Date: 29/05/2023

ANNEXURE - B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of JALAN TRANSOLUTIONS INDIA LIMITED. ("The Company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Disclaimer of Opinion

According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not established its internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements on criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. Because of this reason, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion whether the Company had internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and whether such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023. We have considered the disclaimer reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company, and the disclaimer does not affect our opinion on the Financial Statements of the Company.

For-Deepak Anay Gupta & Co
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.035605N
SD/-
Deepak Gupta
(Proprietor)
Membership No.506836
Place: Delhi
Date: 29/05/2023

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results

**I. Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023
(See Regulation 33 / 52 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015)**

Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
1.	Turnover / Total income	985.05	985.05
2.	Total Expenditure	2332.56	2039.05
3.	Net Profit/(Loss)	(1347.51)	(1347.51)
4.	Earnings Per Share	(9.08)	(9.08)
5.	Total Assets	2626.43	2626.43
6.	Total Liabilities	5067.43	5067.43
7.	Net Worth	(2441.00)	(2441.00)

II. Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):

a.	Details of Audit Qualification	<i>Material uncertainty related to Going Concern in respect of preparation of financial statements of the company on Going Concern basis the company has negative net worth of Rs 2471.10 lakhs and current liabilities exceed current assets by aggregating of Rs. 2752.06 lakhs. As stated in Note No. 7 of the financial results the OTS scheme which was approved by Union Bank in the year 2021-2022 on 4th of February 2022 has been cancelled by the Union Bank of India in January 2020 3 due to non-payment of Rs.8.71 crore due to till December 2022. Therefore, The loan waiver of Rs 1287.93 lakhs which has been credited to the profit and loss account in the year 2021-2022 has been reversed in the current financial year 2020-2023. The Company has provided interest rupees 50.57 lakhs on 30th September 2022 in the books as per the OTS Scheme. The same as the reversed an account of</i>
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		<i>cancellation of OTS Scheme. The company has not provided any interest since long and interest will be provided at the payment of the final settlement of loan. These condition indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a Going Concern and therefore the company may be unable to realize its Assets and discharge is liability in the normal course of business we are unable to determine as to whether any adjustments that would have been necessary and required to be made in respect of trade receivable, trade payables, borrowing current liabilities, loans and advances and contingent liabilities as at 31st March 2023. And in respect of corresponding possible impact of such items and associated elements on the statement for the year ended on that date. Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements.</i>
b.	Type of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion Disclaimer of Opinion Adverse Opinion	Qualified Opinion
c.	Frequency of qualification: Whether appeared first time / repetitive / since how long continuing	The qualification is disclosed as qualification for the Second time in our Audit Report for the financial year ending on 31 st March, 2023.
d.	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views	Not Quantified
e.	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor : (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification	(i) Not Quantifiable (ii) During the last couple of financial year due to high fuel prices and other adverse

	<p>(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:</p> <p>(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above</p>	<p>conditions in the market caused the increase in the working expenses of the company resulting in the losses to the company, due to which accumulated losses piled up.</p> <p>During last Financial Year company tried to raise fund through preferential allotment couldn't succeed. In near future Company shall once again try to raise fund through preferential allotment:</p> <p>(iii) Management Remarks are self-explanatory.</p>
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a.	Details of Audit Qualification	<i>In respect of property, plant and equipment to the standalone financial statements physical inspection was not conducted by any technical personnel and the fair value report of gross fixed assets of Rs. 2122.67 lakh rupees for Tangible Assets as at March 31st 2023 is not made available. The said Assets are not tested for the impairment and hence no provision for impairment has been made. In absence of any alternative Corroborative evidence, we are unable to comment on the recoverability of the same.</i>
b.	<p>Type of Audit Qualification:</p> <p>Qualified Opinion Disclaimer of Opinion Adverse Opinion</p>	Qualified Opinion
c.	Frequency of qualification: Whether appeared first time / repetitive / since how long continuing	The qualification is disclosed as qualification for the first time in our Audit Report for the financial year ending on 31 st March, 2023
d.	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views	Not Quantified

e.	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor :	
	(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification	(i) Not Quantifiable
	(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:	(ii) Bank has seized all the offices and workshops premises, assets are in the possession of banks. Therefore, Physical inspection & fair Valuation of the fixed assets is not possible Management Remarks are self-explanatory.
	(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above	(iii) Management Remarks are self-explanatory.

III. Signatories:

For Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Sd/-

Manish Jalan
Managing Director cum Compliance Officer

Sd/-

Sanjay Sharma
(Chairman of Audit Committee)

For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co.

Sd/-

Deepak Gupta
(Proprietor)
Chartered Accountants

Date: 29/05/2023

Place: Ghaziabad

<p style="text-align: center;">Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Regd. Office: 206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market, Vivek Vihar, Delhi-110095</p> <p style="text-align: center;">CIN: L63090DL2003PLC119773</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)</i></p>			
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant & Equipment	3	867.32	1,039.35
Other Intangible assets	3	0.05	0.06
Financial assets			
Investment	4	-	0.30
Other non current assets	5	9.79	25.66
Total Non-Current Assets		877.16	1065.37
Current Assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	6	1,709.45	2,009.33
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1.87	26.62
Bank balances other than above	8	-	-
Other current assets	9	37.95	205.72
Total Current Assets		1,749.27	2,241.67
Total Assets		2,626.43	3,307.04
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10	1,453.72	1,453.72
Other equity	11	(3,894.72)	(2,574.06)
Total Equity		(2,441.00)	(1,120.33)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	509.45	577.83
Provisions	18	-	1.35
Deferred tax liability (net)	13	56.65	83.50
Total Non-Current Liabilities		566.10	662.67

Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	14	3,695.86	2,232.59
Trade payables	15	438.46	477.22
Other financial liabilities	16	0.60	3.88
Other current liabilities	17	243.38	897.58
Provisions	18	123.03	153.42
Current Tax Liability (Net)		-	-
Total Current Liabilities		4,501.33	3,764.69
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,626.43	3,307.03
Notes to the Financial Statement The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements. As per our report of even date attached			
For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN NO- 035605N		For and on behalf of Board of Directors Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited	
CA Deepak Gupta Aggarwal (Proprietor)	Kanchan (Company Secretary)	Meena Jalan (Director)	Manish Jalan (Managing Director)
M.No.- 506836	M.No. - 70481	DIN : 00050277	DIN : 00043040
Place: Delhi Date : 29.05.2023			

<p style="text-align: center;">Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited Regd. Office: 206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market, Vivek Vihar, Delhi-110095 CIN: L63090DL2003PLC119773 Statement of Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended March 31, 2023 <i>(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)</i></p>				
S.No.	Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
I	Revenue from operations	19	970.10	591.97
II	Other income	20	14.95	5.96
III	Total Income (I+II)		985.05	597.93
IV	Expenses			
	(a) Cost of rendering of services	21	754.19	827.53
	(b) Employee benefit expenses	22	8.09	10.90
	(c) Finance costs	23	92.82	95.83
	(d) Depreciation and amortisation expenses (includes Adjustments)	3	104.11	164.50
	(e) Other expenses	24	33.23	52.98
	Total Expense (IV)		992.44	1,151.74
V	Profit/(Loss) before tax (III-IV)		(7.39)	(553.81)
VI	Exceptional items	25	(1,340.12)	(887.31)
VII	Profit/(Loss) after exceptional items and tax (V+VI)		(1,347.51)	(1,441.12)
VIII	Tax expense:			
	(a) Current tax		-	-
	(b) Deferred tax		(26.85)	(24.76)
IX	Profit (Loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		(1,320.66)	(1,416.36)
X	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
			-	-

XI	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (VII+VIII)Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other comprehensive Income for the period)	26		
			(1,320.66)	(1,416.36)
XII	Earnings per equity share of face value Rs. 10 each(in Rs.):			
	(1) Basic		(9.08)	(9.74)
	(2) Diluted		(9.08)	(9.74)
Notes to the Financial Statement The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements. As per our report of even date attached				
For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN NO- 035605N			For and on behalf of Board of Directors Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited	
CA Deepak Gupta (Proprietor)		Kanchan Aggarwal (Company Secretary)	Meena Jalan (Director)	Manish Jalan (Managing Director)
M.No.- 506836		M.No. - 70481	DIN : 00050277	DIN : 00043040
Place: Delhi Date : 29.05.2023				

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited
Regd. Office: 206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market, Vivek Vihar, Delhi-110095
CIN: L63090DL2003PLC119773

Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts ₹ in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
A	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	(1,347.51)	(1,441.12)
	Adjustments for non-cash transactions:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	104.11	164.50
	Loss/(profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5.52	5.42
	Allowances for (net of write offs)	-	15.91
	- bad and doubtful advances / deposits	122.89	2,187.39
	Bad debts written back		
	Amount written off		
	Interest income	(6.98)	(0.11)
	Loan Settlement	1,217.23	(1,300.08)
	Interest expenses	92.82	95.83
	Operating profit before working capital changes	188.08	(272.25)
	Increase /(decrease) in Short term Borrowing	246.03	(99.06)
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(38.77)	(32.95)
	Increase in financial and other liabilities	(3.29)	-
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(654.20)	273.05
	Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	(31.74)	0.00
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-	-
	(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	173.28	35.59
	(Increase) in loans and advances and other current assets	171.48	63.08
	(Increase)/decrease in other non-current assets	-	-

	(Increase)/decrease in Other non current assets	16.00	8.81
	Cash generated from operating activities	66.89	(23.73)
	Income tax (Refund)/paid	-	-
	Net cash generated from operations (A)	66.89	(23.73)
B	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment including movement in capital work-in-progress	-	(0.68)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	62.41	276.00
	Interest on Finance Lease	-	-
	Return of Security Deposit non-current investments	-	-
	Proceeds from sale of non-current investments	0.30	-
	Interest received	6.98	0.11
	Movement in fixed deposits (includes pledged) having maturity of more than three months	(0.14)	(0.00)
	Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	69.55	275.43
C	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings/ settlement of borrowings	-	-
	Repayment of loan	(68.37)	(142.07)
	Interest paid	(92.82)	(95.83)
	Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(161.19)	(237.90)
	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(24.75)	13.80
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	26.62	12.82
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year*	1.87	26.62
	* Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year Cash and cash equivalents include: (Refer Note 8)		
	Cash in hand	0.31	2.47
	Balance with banks		
	Current accounts	1.56	24.15
		1.87	26.62
Notes: The cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7, Statement of cash flows. The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements. As per our report of even date attached			

For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN NO- 035605N

CA Deepak Gupta

Kanchan Aggarwal

Meena Jalan

Manish Jalan
(Managing Director)

(Proprietor)

(Company Secretary)

(Director)

M.No.- 506836

M.No. - 70481

DIN : 00050277

DIN : 00043040

UDIN:

Place: Delhi
Date : 29.05.2023

	Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited
	NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
	NOTE - 1
1.1	Overview
	The Standalone financial statement comprise financial statement of Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited for the year Ended on 31st March, 2023. The company is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provision of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 8 of the companies incorporation rules 2014. . Its share listed on National Stock Exchange of India,Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited incorporated on 07.04.2003 is engaged in the transportation business. The registered Office of the company is located at 206, Ajnara Bhawan, D-Block Market, Vivek Vihar, Delhi -110095.
1.2	Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements
i)	Compliance with Ind AS
	The financial statements of Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited ('the Company') have been prepared in accordance with India Accounting Standards (Ind As) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read together with Rule 3 of the Companies (India Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions and amendments of the Act.
	The financial statements are presented in India Rupees which is also the company's functional currency. all amounts have been rounded off to the nearest rupees, unless otherwise indicated.
	All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III of the Act.

	The Accounting Policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of the previous year.
	The financial statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29th May, 2023.
ii)	Basis of Measurement
	The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> defined benefit plans-plan assets are measured at fair value; and certain financial assets and liabilities and contingent consideration that is measured at fair value.
1.3	Use of Estimates
	The preparation of the financial statements is in conformity with Ind AS which requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statement and reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimate involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements. Accounting estimate could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
	NOTE - 2
	Accounting Policies
	The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. The policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated. The presentation of financial statements require the use of certain accounting estimates. The areas where significant judgment and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements and their effects are disclosed.
(i)	Revenue
(a)	Revenue from the transportation business is recognized by reference to the stage of completion. When the contract outcome cannot be measured reliable, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered.
(b)	Interest Income
	Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.
(c)	Other Income
	Other income is recognized on an accrual basis only when there is certainty of collection.
(ii)	Property, Plant and Equipment

	Items of property, plant and equipment stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
	Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
	Depreciation and Amortisation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value
	Depreciation is charged on the assets as per Written Down Value method at rates worked out based on the useful lives and in the manner prescribed in the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The depreciation method, useful lives and residual value are reviewed at each of the reporting date. Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (upto) the date on which the asset is ready for use (disposed off). The residual values and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount
(iii)	Investment Properties
	Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.
	Investment properties to be depreciated in accordance to the class of asset that it belongs and the life of the asset shall be as conceived for the same class of asset at the Company.
(iv)	Intangible Assets
	Intangible assets are recognized, when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. An intangible asset shall be measured initially at cost. Intangible assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible does not include any software which is integral part of the related hardware.
	The Company should assess whether the useful life of an intangible asset is finite or infinite. A useful life is infinite, when based on all relevant factor analysis, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows. An intangible asset with a finite useful life is amortised and those with an infinite useful life are not amortised.
	The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at financial year end.
(v)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

	Provision is made when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there should be made a reliable estimate of an obligation. However, In case of the penal interest and overdue charges payable to borrower on account of overdue installment is being recognised at the time of final settlement of Loan.
	Contingent Liabilities are disclosed if a present obligation arising from a past event when it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes. If the possibility of an outflow of resources is remote, disclosure is not required.
	A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be Companyed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the Financial Statements. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is recognized. A contingent asset is disclosed, when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.
(vi)	Cash Flow Statement
	Cash flow are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profits before tax is adjusted for the effect of transaction of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities are segregated.
(vii)	Current versus Non- Current Classification
	The Company presents assets and liabilities in statements of financial position based on current/non-current classification. The Company classifies an asset as current when it is:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Held primarily for the purposes of trading • Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period or • Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
	All other assets are classified as non-current.
	The Company classifies a liability as current when:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle • It is held primarily for the purposes of trading • It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period or • There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
	The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.
	Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non- current assets and liabilities.
(viii)	Employment Benefits
(a)	Short Term Employee Benefits
	Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' service up to the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligation in the balance sheet.
(b)	Post-Employment Benefits

	Defined Contribution Plan:
	The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contribution are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.
	Defined Benefit Plan:
	<p>The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.</p> <p>The present value of the defined obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the year on government bonds that have terms approximating to the related obligation.</p>
(c)	Long Term Employee Benefits
	The liabilities for un-availed earned leaves are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Therefore, these are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the year using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the year that have terms approximating to the terms of assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.
(ix)	Taxation
	<p>Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 and other applicable laws.</p> <p>Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.</p> <p>Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date.</p> <p>Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realised. However, if there is unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their realisability.</p>
(x)	Trade and Other Payables
	Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within twelve months and if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.
(xi)	Inventories

	Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories are only includes stores and spares and which are essential for providing maintenance facility services. Inventories are determined on FIFO basis.
(xii)	Trade Receivables
	Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.
(xiii)	Cash and cash equivalents
	Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, at banks and deposits with banks with original maturity of 3 months or less.
(xiv)	Impairment of Assets
	An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An entity should assess at the end of each reporting period whether there exists any indication, the entity should estimate the recoverable amount of the asset. If there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, then the remaining useful life, the amortisation method and the residual value needs to be reviewed and adjusted even if no impairment loss is recognized for the asset.
(xv)	Earnings Per Share
	Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividend and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.
(xvi)	Segment Reporting
	Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS- 108, "Operating segment". Company's income and expenses including interest are considered as part of un-allocable income and expenses which are not identifiable to any business segment. Company's asset and liabilities are considered as part of un-allocable assets and liabilities which are not identifiable to any business.
(xvii)	Fair Value Measurement

	The Company measures financial instrument at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer or transfer liability takes place either:
	(a) In the principal market for the asset or liability ,or
	(b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.
	The Principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. The company uses valuation techniques that are more appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable input and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.
(xviii)	Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies
	The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets comprise trade and other receivables, and cash that arrive directly from its operations.
	The Company is exposed to credit risk and liquidity risk.
	The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks.
	The Management Committee reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:
	Credit Risk:
	The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trade Receivables
	Customer credit risk is managed by the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of the customer is assessed and individual limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cash Deposits
	Risk from balances with banks is managed by maintaining the balances with highly reputed commercial banks only.
	Liquidity Risk:
	The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds on a regular basis through cash forecast.

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited
Statement of changes in equity for the Year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

A Equity share capital*

Particulars	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Change in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Equity share capital	1,453.72	-	1,453.72

B Other equity*

	Reserves and surplus		Other comprehensive income - reserve	Total
	Retained earnings	Securities Premium	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(2,543.33)	1,385.64	-	(1,157.69)
Profit for the year	(1,416.36)	-	-	(1,416.36)
Previous Year Adjustments		-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(3,959.70)	1,385.64	-	(2,574.06)
Profit for the period	(1,320.66)	-	-	(1,320.66)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(5,280.36)	1,385.64	-	(3,894.72)

Notes to the Financial Statement

The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN NO- 035605N

For and on behalf of Board of Directors
Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

CA Deepak Gupta

(Proprietor)

M.No.- 506836

UDIN:

Kanchan Aggarwal

(Company Secretary)

M.No. -
70481

Meena Jalan

(Director)

Din:00050277

Manish
Jalan

(Managing
Director)

DIN :
00043040

Place: Delhi
Date : 29.05.2023

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

4 Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
In Equity Instruments		
In Other Companies (Unquoted)		
Fully Paid up Shares of Rs. 10 each - Yaree Logers Private Limited (Nil Shares Previous Year 3000 Share)	-	0.30
	-	0.30

5 Other non current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Accrued Interest on FDR's & Securities	0.22	0.09
	0.22	0.09
Other financial assets		
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Non-current bank balances	2.00	3.00
Security Deposit	7.57	22.57
	9.57	25.57
Total (a+b)	9.79	25.66

6 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Others		
Unsecured Considered good (Refer note Below)	1,709.45	2,009.33
	1,709.45	2,009.33

Note: Company has written off unrecoverable Trade Receivable amounting Rs. 126.61 Lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 1586.38 Lakhs). (Refer Note No. 37)

Trade Receivables ageing schedule

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good		
Less than 6 months	50.43	67.59
6 months -1 year	0.23	7.43
1-2 years	34.90	49.80
2-3 years	5.75	0.33
More than 3 years	1,618.14	1,884.19
Total	1,709.45	2,009.33

7 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(i) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand (Certified by the management)	0.31	2.47
Balances with scheduled banks - in current accounts	1.56	24.15
	1.87	26.62

8 Other bank balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months and but less than 12 months	-	-
Bank deposits with maturity more than 12 months	2.00	3.00
	2.00	3.00
Less : Amount disclosed as other financial assets	2.00	3.00
	-	-

9 Other current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured considered good, unless otherwise stated		
Balance with Government authorities	10.20	115.81
TDS Receivable (from Financers)	0.40	7.96
Prepaid expenses	5.91	9.65
Operational Advances given	11.88	10.66
Other Imprest	0.01	0.51
Staff advance	-	0.02
Unbilled Revenue	-	58.30
Other Current Assets	9.55	2.79
	37.95	205.72

Note: Company has written off the operational advances of Rs 580.58 lakhs in previous year 2021-2022 which is outstanding from so long time with concern personnel (Driver and Staff of vehicle) of Vehicle of company, Based on management assessment, Company believes that it is operational advances related to vehicle for operational expenses.

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited**Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023***(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)***10 Equity share capital**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	Amount (Rs.)	Number	Amount (Rs.)
Authorised, issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital at par value Authorised Equity shares of Rs. 10 each				
	2,20,00,000	2,200.00	2,20,00,000	2,200.00
	2,20,00,000	2,200.00	2,20,00,000	2,200.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in Cash				
	1,45,37,220	1,453.72	1,45,37,220	1,453.72
	1,45,37,220	1,453.72	1,45,37,220	1,453.72

A Reconciliation of numbers of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number of shares	Amount (Rs.)	Number of shares	Amount (Rs.)
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,45,37,220	1,453.72	1,45,37,220	1,453.72
Add : issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,45,37,220.00	1,453.72	1,45,37,220.00	1,453.72

B Rights, preference and restrictions to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

C Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number of shares	% of holding	Number of shares	% of holding

Equity share of Rs.10 each fully paid up				
Rajesh Jalan	39,71,010	27.32	39,71,010	27.32
Manish Jalan	17,31,780	11.91	31,71,780	21.82
Mahabir Tradeventures LLP	-	-	9,84,000	6.77

* Mr. Rajesh Jalan had died on 19th April 2021 but transfer of shares to legal heirs are pending to transfer.

11 Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Retained earnings	(5,280.36)	(3,984.45)
Securities Premium	1,385.64	1,385.64
Other comprehensive income	-	-
	(3,894.72)	(2,598.81)

Securities Premium

Securities Premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve will be utilised in accordance with the provision of the Act

Retained earnings

Retained earnings pertain to the accumulated earnings by the company over the years.

Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income represents balance arising on account of remeasurement of defined benefit plans.

12 Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Secured		
Term Loan- From Banks		
- Secured Against Hypothecation Of Commercial Vehicle (Trucks)	6.02	25.05
Term Loan- From Others Financial Institutions		
- Secured Against Hypothecation Of Commercial Vehicle (Trucks)	53.43	234.14
Unsecured		
Term Loan		
- From Other Financial Institutions	-	132.94
- From other Companies	-	136.07
From Directors and their Relatives *	450.00	49.62
	509.45	577.83

Nature of Security and terms of repayment for Long Term Secured Borrowings :-

Details of Loans	Terms & Conditions
Various Term Loans from Banks & Other Financial Institutions, Secured or Unsecured;	As per Terms & Conditions mentioned in their Sanction Letter and Agreements

Note : Loan repayable in respect of all the above Loans upto 31-03-2023 have been grouped under "Current maturities of Long Term Debt"(Refer Note 14)

***It consist of loan from Directors/Relatives and are interest free. Further, The Directors have certified that the loans are provided by the director from their own funds and not from borrowed funds**

13 Deferred tax liabilities/(assets)(net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deferred tax liability arising on account of :		
Depreciation/amortisation	56.65	83.50
Financial instruments measured at amortised cost	-	-
	56.65	83.50
Deferred tax liability/(assets)(net)	56.65	83.50

Movement in deferred tax liability/(assets)(net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Recognised in profit and loss	As at March 31, 2023
Assets			
Unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-
Liability			
Depreciation	83.50	(26.85)	56.65
Net	83.50	(26.85)	56.65

14 Borrowings (Current)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Secured		

Working Capital Loans Repayable on Demand from Banks: (Refer Note below and Note No. 38 & 39)		
- Restructured Term Loan*	2,847.92	1,625.00
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt :		
Term Loan- From Banks		
- Secured Against Hypothecation Of Commercial Vehicle (Trucks)	263.81	409.34
- Secured Against Hypothecation Of Land & Building	-	-
Term Loan- From Others Financial Institutions		
- Secured Against Hypothecation Of Commercial Vehicle (Trucks)	255.11	18.26
Unsecured Loan		
- From other Companies	329.02	180.00
- From Other Financial Institutions		
	3,695.86	2,232.59

*The OTS scheme which was approved by Union bank in the Year 2021-2022 on 14th February 2022 has been cancelled by the Union Bank of India in January 2023 due to non-payment of Rs. 8.71 Crore due till December 2022. Therefore, The Loan waiver of Rs. 1287.93 Lakhs which has been credited to profit & Loss Account in the year 2021-2022 has been reversed in current financial year 2022-2023. Company has provided interest Rs. 50.57 Lakhs on 30th September 2022 as per the terms of OTS Scheme, The Same has been reversed on account of cancellation of OTS Scheme. The company has not provided any interest since long and interest will be provided at the payment/ final settlement of loan. The Bank has been initiated recovery through sale of seized assets but no communication has been received/ provided to us. Further no confirmation of loan stated on balance sheet date has been provided to us. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

Cash Credit Limit from Union Bank of India (Earlier Corporation Bank) Bank along with Term Loan for Land & Building and Vehicle Loans from the Bank are secured by way of hypothecation of Book Debts, Stocks and other current assets including those in transit and first charge on company's property at Khewat No. 87, Khatoni No. 100, Village- Khijuri, Teh. Dharuchers, Dist.:- Rewari Haryana, Commercial Office bearing No. 29,30,311,313, Plot No. 4A&B, Commercial Complex, Devika Tower, Chander Nagar, Ghaziabad,U.P and Residetal Property of its Director Smt. Pushpa Jalan situated at C-68, Surya Nagar, Ghaziabad - 201011, and further guaranteed by Shri Rajesh Jalan, Shri Manish Jalan, Smt. Pushpa Jalan, Mrs. Ritu Jalan, Mrs. Meena Jalan.

The company has defaulted in payment of cash credit limit of amounting Rs. 2839.77 Lakhs and overdue installments of loans amounting Rs. 248.15 Lakhs/- of the Union Bank of India and the bank had taken physical possession of the secured properties of the company u/s 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act.

Union Bank of India (erstwhile Corporation Bank) has approved the one time settlement (OTS) with the company on 14th February 2022. The competent authority the Union Bank of India has approved OTS proposal at Rs. 18 Cr., payable within 12 months with simple rate of interest @ 1year MCLR+1% i.e. 8.25% at present on diminishing balance after 3months from the date of conveying of sanction subject to compliance of terms and conditions as mentioned in the OTS settlement letter. Further, default in payment of OTS amount with in stipulated period will render the OTS as failed and all reliefs and concessions shall lapse automatically and bank will be entitled to recover the entire dues as per documents/ prayer in the plaint, after adjusting the payment, if any, received. The forensic audit has been conducted before approval of OTS Scheme for the year from 1st April 2015 to 20th October 2018.

Company is continuously defaulting in payment of loans and advances. All the Bank Facilities of the companies has been blocked during the year, Director's personal bank account and group companies account has been used to fulfill company's working fund requirements.

The company has made Settlement with the borrower HDB Financial Services Limited, the total overdue is Rs. 66.37 Lakhs which has been settled with Rs. 16.49 Lakhs only in the Financial Year 2022-2023.

The company has made Settlement with the borrower Cholamandalam Finance Limited, the total overdue is Rs. 29.26 Lakhs which has been settled with Rs. 8.10 Lakhs only in the Financial Year 2022-2023.

The company has defaulted the amount Rs. 93.52 Lakhs payable to Fullerton India which has been settled and paid with Rs. 50 Lakhs in the previous year 2021-2022.

Term Loan include vehicle loan related to 11 vehicles which was originally taken from related party Quikhop Logistic Solutions Private Limited however coresponding registration of vehicles and loan not yet updated in registration authority and banker respectively .

Term Loan include vehicle loan related to 14 vehicles which was originally taken from related party Jalan Translogistics (India) Limited however coresponding registration of vehicles and loan not yet updated in registration authority and banker respectively .

Note: There are overdue of EMI's, details of which are as follows

Particulars	Overdue EMI (Amount in Rs.)	Interest Component (Amounts in Rs.)	Overdues Period (in days)	Status of Loan
SECURED LOANS				
FROM BANKS				
CORPORATION BANK	28,47,91,877.80		1639	NPA as Per bank
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD	17,60,763.00	17,60,763.00	492	Over dues
ICICI BANK LTD.	1,27,27,762.39	9,20,908.00	1825	NPA as Per bank
INDUSIND BANK LTD.	96,42,012.76	22,12,926.76	1825	NPA as Per bank
DCB BANK LTD	3,48,093.00	33,218.31	28	Over dues
FROM NBFC				
FULLERTON INDIA LTD.	-	-	240	Over dues
HINDUJA FINANCE LTD.	22,34,527.50	96,701.00	53	Over dues
INDOSTAR CAPITAL LIMITED	2,27,547.00	79,687.00	11	Over dues
	31,17,32,583.45	51,04,204.07		

Note: As per management, The overdues EMI has declared by the Banker as NPA/Overdues, and all outstanding above due of banker is under the recovery as per the norms of NPA and Banking Rule. further, the bank has also charge other charges and additional interest which has not been taken in finalisation of books of accounts.

15 Trade payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Due to micro, small and medium enterprises (refer note 35)	-	-
Due to others (refer note 38)	438.46	477.22
	438.46	477.22

Trade Payables ageing schedule

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(i) MSME		
Less than 1 Year	-	-
1-2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
Total	-	-
(ii) Others		
Less than 1 Year	46.18	47.80
1-2 years	2.30	18.38
2-3 years	15.60	34.45
More than 3 years	374.38	376.58
Total	438.46	477.22

16 Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Other Financial Payables	0.60	3.88
	0.60	3.88

17 Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Income received in advance	-	-
Statutory dues	-	-

Retention money		
TDS Payable	1.69	1.09
VAT Payable	7.44	7.44
GST Payable	1.09	-
Employee related payables		
- Salary Payable	3.02	2.87
Directors Remuneration Payable	-	-
Rent Payable	-	-
Advance against Sale	84.15	58.51
Professional fee payable	6.75	7.57
Others Advances		438.35
Advances from related parties	139.24	381.76
	243.38	897.58

18 Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Provision for gratuity	-	-	1.35	-
Provision for Income Tax 2016-17	-	123.03	-	153.42
	-	123.03	1.35	153.42

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

19. Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Operating revenue		
Sale of Services	970.10	591.97
	970.10	591.97

20. Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest income	0.19	0.11
Discount Received	-	0.11
Cash Back Received	0.69	-
Rent Income	-	-
Interest on Income Tax Refund	6.79	-
Settlement of Loan Liability	6.70	5.75
Old Tyre Sale	0.58	-
Miscellaneous income	-	-
	14.95	5.96

21. Cost of rendering of services

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Insurance	16.29	26.22
Truck Operational Expenses	567.48	541.05
Consumption of Stock	165.69	256.27
Loading & Unloading Exp. Through Temp Labour	4.73	3.99
	754.19	827.53

22. Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Salaries, wages and bonus	7.65	10.68
Contribution to provident and other funds	0.44	0.21
Staff welfare expenses	-	-
	8.09	10.90

23. Finance cost

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest expenses:		
on truck loans	37.25	88.13
on others	53.78	1.25
Bank Charges	1.77	6.33
Taxes	0.02	0.12
	92.82	95.83

24. Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Electricity, fuel and water	0.93	0.83
Repairs and maintenance:		
Buildings	3.45	2.99
Discounts/ Deductions	0.78	-

Travelling and conveyance	2.15	2.04
Penalties & Late Fees	0.03	0.48
Business Promotion	0.62	0.17
Office Expenses	2.46	2.35
Printing & Stationary	0.44	0.41
Communication	0.39	0.48
Commission	0.15	0.13
Legal and professional	5.23	16.09
Audit Fees	2.50	2.50
Rent, Rates and taxes	1.45	1.14
Rates and Taxes	7.13	2.05
Loss of Sale of Fixed Assets	5.52	5.42
Share issue expenses write off	-	15.91
	33.23	52.98

25. Exceptional item

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Loan Settlement (Refer Note 14)	(1,217.23)	1,300.08
Bad Debts Written off (Refer Note 6)	(122.89)	(1,672.36)
Provision for doubtful Debts (Refer Note 9)	-	(515.03)
	(1,340.12)	(887.31)

26. Earning per share

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Profit after tax	(1,320.66)	(1,416.36)
Net Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders	(1,320.66)	(1,416.36)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in numbers)	1,45,37,220	1,45,37,220
Nominal value per equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00
Earning/(Loss) per share (₹) (Basic and diluted)	(9.08)	(9.74)

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

27 Financial risk management

i) Financial instruments by category

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value.

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Amortised cost	Amortised cost
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	1,709.45	2,009.33
Loans	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1.87	26.62
Other bank balance	-	-
Total	1,711.32	2,035.95
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	4,205.31	2,810.42
Trade payable	438.46	477.22
Loans	-	-
Total	4,643.76	3,287.64

ii) Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, Loan from institutions and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers related to Trade receivable and other advances which is outstanding from long time and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expenses credit loss
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Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans , security deposits, trade receivables and other financial assets.	12 month expected credit loss/ Life time expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Loans and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss
High credit risk	Loans, other financial assets and trade receivables	12 month expected credit loss/ Life time expected credit loss

Assets under credit risk –

Credit rating	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A: Low	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, and other financial assets	1.87	26.62
C: High Credit Risk	Trade receivables after doubtful provision Rs 1872.62 (Previous year Rs. 1070.12 Lacs) for unsecured for realization of Trade Receivable	1,709.45	2,009.33

Cash & cash equivalents and bank deposits

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only accepting highly rated banks and diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks across the country.

Trade receivables

Credit risk related to trade receivables are mitigated by closely monitoring the credit-worthiness of the debtors through internal systems that are configured to define credit limits of customers, thereby, limiting the credit risk to pre-calculated amounts. The Company assesses increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis for amounts receivable that become past due.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes loans and advances, security deposits and others. Credit risk related to these other financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously, while at the same time internal control system in place ensure the amounts are within defined limits.

ii) Concentration of trade receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade Receivables	1,709.45	2,009.33

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on lifetime expected credit loss mechanism for loans and advances, deposits and other investments-

March 31, 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1.87	0%	-	1.87
Other bank balance	-	0%	-	-
Trade receivables	1,709.45	0%	-	1,709.45
Other non-current assets	9.79	0%	-	9.79
Loans	-	-	-	-

March 31, 2022

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	26.62	0%	-	26.62
Other bank balance	-	0%	-	-
Trade receivables	2,009.33	0%	-	2,009.33
Other non-current assets	25.66	0%	-	25.66
Loans	-	-	-	-

In respect of trade receivables, the company recognises a provision for lifetime expected credit loss.

The credit risk for cash deposits with banks and cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings. Also, no impairment loss has been recorded in respect of fixed deposits that are with recognized commercial banks and are not past due. The carrying amounts disclosed above are the Company's maximum possible credit risk exposure in relation these deposits.

Other financial assets being security deposits and others are also due from several counter parties and based on historical information about defaults from the counter parties, management considers the quality of such assets that are not past due to be good.

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

C) Market Risk**a) Interest rate risk****i) Liabilities****Interest rate risk exposure**

The company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

ii) Assets

The company's fixed deposits are carried at fixed rate. Therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

28 Capital management

- Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, and
- Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of balance sheet.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Total borrowings	509.45	761.70
Less : cash and cash equivalent up to the extent of debt above	1.87	4.92
Net debt	507.59	756.78
Total equity	(2,441.00)	(1,120.33)

Net debt to equity ratio	(0.21)	(0.68)
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29 Identification of segment

Information required to be disclosed under notified Indian Accounting Standard-108 on 'Operating Segments' as specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended. The following business segment has been identified as Primary Reportable Segment:

Identification of Segments:

Business segments

The business of company comprises of transportation services

Geographical segments

The Company is operating in India which is considered as single geographical segment.

30 Related party disclosures

In accordance with Accounting Standard on " Related Party Disclosures"(AS 18), the disclosures in respect of transactions with the Company's related parties are as follows:

I. Relationship:

a) Key Management Personnel:

(i) Board of Directors: (From 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023)

Mr.Manish Jalan	Managing Director
Mr. Rajesh Jalan	Managing Director (Deceased Date of Death 19th April,2021)
Mrs. Pushpa Jalan	Director (Deceased Date of Death 17th April,2021)
Mrs. Meena Jalan	Director (Date of Appointment 15th May 2021)
Mrs. Ritu Jalan	Director (Date of Appointment 19th October 2021)
Mr.Sanjay Sharma	Independent Director
Mrs.Jyoti Chauhan	Director (Resigned 28th July 2021)
Mr. Anil Kumar	Independent Director
Mr. Chandan Singh Bankoti	Independent Director (Date of Appointment 28th July 2021, Resigned 21st August 2021)
Ms. Aditi	Company Secretary (Date of Appointment 27th September 2021, Resigned 11th April,2022)
Ms. Kanchan Aggarwal	Company Secretary (Date of Appointment 7th December 2022)
Mr. Onkar Kapila	CFO (Appointed on 15th March 2022, Resigned on 15th May 2023)

(ii) Relatives of Key Management Personnel:

Rajesh Jalan (HUF)
Manish Jalan (HUF)
Mrs. Babita Aggarwal
Ms Shruti Jalan
Mrs. Sakshi Jalan

Mr. Amogh Jalan

Mr. Satvik Jalan

Ms Anika Jalan

(b) **Companies in which Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives have control/significant influence:**

M/s Peejay Buildwell Limited

M/s Quikhop Logistic Solutions Private Limited

M/s Jalan Translogistics (India) Limited

M/s Jalan Chits Pvt Limited

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023
(All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

II. Details of transactions, in the ordinary course of business at commercial terms, and balances with related parties as mentioned in I above:

31	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
	Remuneration Paid		
	o Ms. Aditi (Company Secretary)	0.12	2.08
	o Ms. Kanchan Aggarwal (Company Secretary)	1.24	-
	o Onkar Kapila (CFO)	2.20	-
	Loan Received		
	o Manish Jalan	400.38	-
	Loan Repaid		
	o Manish Jalan	-	28.33
	o Rajesh Jalan	-	16.67
	Advances Received through Current Account		
	o Manish Jalan	275.96	538.71
	o Rajesh Jalan	-	18.40
	Advances Repaid through Current Account		
	o Manish Jalan	603.43	215.18
	o Rajesh Jalan	-	36.15
	Companies in which KMP have control		
	Loan Taken		
	o Jalan Translogistics (India) Ltd.	-	90.00
	Loan returned		
	o Jalan Translogistics (India) Ltd.	17.01	-

Amount outstanding as at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Key Management Personnel Payable		
Loan Account		
o Manish Jalan	450.00	49.62
Current Account		
o Manish Jalan	22.47	349.94
o Meena Jalan	43.78	43.78
Remuneration Payable		
o Aditi	-	0.32
o Ms. Kanchan Aggarwal (Company Secretary)	0.26	-
o Onkar Kapila (Chief Financial Officer)	0.15	-
Companies in which KMP have control		
Loan		
o M/s Jalan Translogistics (India) Ltd	72.99	90.00

* Recovery of M/s Quikhop Logistics Solutions Pvt. Ltd. Through adjustment of Current Account and loan Account of Manish Jalan and Rajesh Jalan in previous year

32 Payment to auditors (included in legal and professional refer note -24)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Statutory Audit fee including Tax Audit Fees	2.50	2.50
	2.50	2.50

33 Contingent liabilities

(a). Contingent liabilities, not acknowledged as debt, include:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022

Being interest on overdue installments has not been provided and calculated and the same will be recognised at the final settlement of loans

(b). Contingent liabilities (under litigation), not acknowledged as debt, include:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Pending Court Cases	466.87	399.4

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Commitments

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
(a)	Capital commitment	0	0
(b)	Other commitment	0	0

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*Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006")

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	Nil	Nil
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	Nil	Nil
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	Nil	Nil

The above information regarding micro, small and medium enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

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CSR Expenses

As per company Section-135 Rule-2 of company Act and rule of regulation of government, there is no applicability of CSR hence company has not formulate policy and frame as per company act.

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In the opinion of the management, the trade receivables, current assets, loans and advances and trade payables are approximately of the value stated if realized in the ordinary course of business. The provisions for all the known liabilities are adequate. Balances of "Trade Receivables", "Trade Payables", "Borrowings", "Advances from Customers" etc. are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said trade receivables, trade payables, loan/ advances given and financial and non financial assets and liabilities are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reason as above stated.

The OTS scheme which was approved by Union bank in the Year 2021-2022 on 14th February 2022 has been cancelled by the Union Bank of India in January 2023 due to non-payment of Rs. 8.71 Crore due till December 2022. Therefore, The Loan waiver of Rs. 1287.93 Lakhs which has been credited to profit & Loss Account in the year 2021-2022 has been reversed in current financial year 2022-2023. Company has provided interest Rs. 50.57 Lakhs on 30th September 2022 as per the terms of OTS Scheme, The Same has been reversed on account of cancellation of OTS Scheme. The company has not provided any interest since long and interest will be provided at the payment/ final settlement of loan. The Bank has been initiated recovery through sale of seized assets but no communication has been received/ provided to us. Further no confirmation of loan stated on balance sheet date has been provided to us. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any on the accompanying standalone financial statements. The company has defaulted in payment of cash credit limit of amounting Rs. 28,39,77,455/- and overdue installments of loans amounting Rs. 2,48,15,258/- of the Union Bank of India and the bank had taken physical possession of the secured properties of the company u/s 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act. Bank has seized the commercial offices and Industrial units on defaults of the payments. Fixed Assets has not been verified the management. Union Bank of India (erstwhile Corporation Bank) has approved the one time settlement (OTS) with the company on 14th February 2022. The competent authority the Union Bank of India has approved OTS proposal at Rs. 18 Cr., payable within 12 months with simple rate of interest @ 1year MCLR+1% i.e. 8.25% at present on diminishing balance after 3months from the date of conveying of sanction subject to compliance of terms and conditions as mentioned in the OTS settlement letter. Further, default in payment of OTS amount with in stipulated period will render the OTS as failed and all reliefs and concessions shall lapse automatically and bank will be entitled to recover the entire dues as per documents/ prayer in the plaint, after adjusting the payment, if any, received. The company has paid the amount of Rs. 325.01 Lakh to honour the OTS Scheme.

The undisputed amount of Income tax Rs. 123.02 Lakhs is payable for the assessment year 2017-2018 and the interest , penalty if any in respect of the same has remained unascertained and unaccounted for. The company has defaulted in filing of GSTR forms and defaulted in payments of liability, the liability, interest, penalty if any in the respect of the same has remained unascertained and unaccounted for. The company has a disputed demand of HVAT for the Assessment year 2015-2016 and 2016-2017 of Rs. 37.57 Lakhs and Rs. 15.48 Laks respectively. The disputed amount has not been taken in books of accounts.

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023 (All amounts Rs. in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

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Financial Ratios

Particulars	Methodology	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Variance (in %)
Current Ratio	Current assets over current liabilities	0.39	0.60	(34.74)
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt over shareholder's equity*	(1.72)	(2.51)	(31.32)

Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBITDA over debt including interest payable	0.05	(0.10)	-
Return On Equity Ratio	PAT over shareholder's equity	(90.85)	(97.43)	(6.76)
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold over Avg. inventory	-	-	-
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Turnover over trade receivables	0.58	0.30	93.64
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Turnover over trade payable	2.25	1.25	79.31
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Turnover over (total assets - current liabilities)	(0.36)	(0.39)	(8.83)
Net Profit Ratio	PAT over turnover*100	(134.07)	(236.88)	(43.40)
Return on Capital Employed	Earning Before Interest and Tax over (total assets - current liabilities)	(0.05)	1.00	(104.55)
Return on Investment	PAT over (equity, debt & preference share capital)	-	-	-

Notes:

*Company's Equity is negative in current year

EBITDA - Earning before interest, taxes, dereciation and amortization

PAT - Profit after taxes.

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Previous year figures have been regrouped, rearranged and/or reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year classification.

For Deepak Anay Gupta & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN NO- 035605N

CA Deepak Gupta

(Proprietor)

M.No.- 506836

UDIN: 23506836BGXJFN7965

Kanchan Aggarwal

(Company Secretary)

M.No. - 70481

**For and on behalf
of Board of
Directors
Jalan
Transolutions
(India) Limited**

Meena Jalan

(Director)

DIN : 00050277

Manish

Jalan

(Managing

Director)

DIN :

00043040

Place: Delhi
Date : 29.05.2023

Jalan Transolutions (India) Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts Rs.in lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3 Property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets

Description	Gross block				Accumulated depreciation					Net block	
	As at March 31, 2022	Additions / adjustments during the year	Deletions / adjustments during the year	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	Addition during the year	Deletions/ adjustments during the year	Adjustment during the Year	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Tangible											
Land	115.75			115.75	-			-	-	115.75	115.75
Building (Refer Note 39(i) & 39(ii))	1,227.49			1,227.49	562.74	53.36		-	616.10	611.39	664.75
Plant and equipment	44.38			44.38	37.03	1.55		0.05	38.63	5.75	7.35
Furniture and fixtures	3.48			3.48	2.97	0.13		-	3.10	0.38	0.50
Vehicles (Refer Note Below)	853.64		326.70	526.94	606.23	48.96	258.77	-	396.42	130.52	247.41
Computers	204.64			204.64	201.06	0.05		-	201.11	3.53	3.58
Total - tangible assets	2,449.38	-	326.70	2,122.67	1,410.03	104.05	258.77	0.05	1,255.36	867.32	1,039.35
Intangible											
Computer Software	0.96	-	-	0.96	0.90	0.01	-	-	0.91	0.05	0.06

Total - intangible assets	0.96	-	-	0.96	0.90	0.01	-	-	0.91	0.05	0.06
Capital work-in-progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(i) Contractual obligations

The Company does not have any contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

(ii) The Company has not capitalised any borrowing cost during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Company is in the business of transportation of goods, during the year company has sold 21 trucks out of 63 trucks in 2022-2023 (119 Trucks out of 182 Trucks in 2021-22) which have a significant influence on its operating revenue.

(iii) Company entered in to the agreement with Apollo Fiege Integrated Private Limited towards lease of 92 vehicles however as per management information the said lease is going to be cancel on mutual consent basis, final settlement of this cancellation of lease is yet to be awaited as on date.

(iv) Vehicles are under secured charge of respective financiers.

(v) Vehicles includes 11 No of vehicles transferred from the related party Quikhop Logistic Solutions Private Limited however Transfer of registration of vehicle is still pending in the name of Company.

(vi) Vehicles includes 14 No of vehicles transferred from the related party Jalan Translogistics (India) Limited however Transfer of registration of vehicle is still pending in the name of Company.

The End